

Converting Colors

Android(4285620568)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4285620568) contains.

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Color

Android(4285620568)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	716158
RGB	113, 97, 88
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 35%
CMY	0.5569, 0.6196, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.22, 0.56
HSL	22°, 12%, 39%
HSV	22°, 22%, 44%
XYZ	12.8462, 12.7647, 11.0193
YIQ	100.7580, 12.4250, 0.5930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

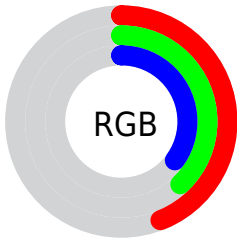
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 102, 88
Decimal	7430488
CIE _{Lab}	42.41, 4.84, 7.50
CIE _{LCh}	42, 8.926, 57.142
Yxy	12.7647, 0.3507, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285620568 (0xFF716158)
YUV	100.7580, -6.2897, 10.7362
Hunter-Lab	35.7277, 1.6577, 6.7229

Details

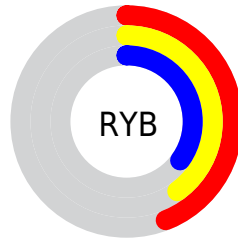
The Android color **4285620568** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4283983985**, and the grayscale version is **4284835173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289041546**, and **4282463019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285618765**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285622371**.

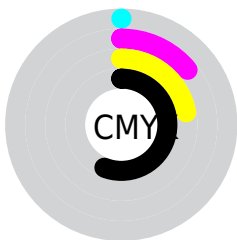
Distribution



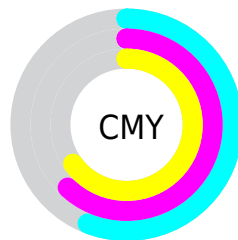
- Red (44%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285620568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285620568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4285620568

■ 4285620568

4294967295

■ 4283976001

■ 4289041546

■ 4282463019

■ 4290817700

■ 4280950294

■ 4292659903

■ 4279633152

■ 4294567643

■ 4278190080

■ 4294967288

■ 4285620568

■ 4285620568

■ 4285618765

■ 4285622371

■ 4285616961

■ 4285624175

■ 4285614902

■ 4285626234

■ 4285613099

■ 4285628037

■ 4285611295

■ 4285629840

■ 4285609492

■ 4285631644

■ 4285607433

■ 4285633703

■ 4285606144

■ 4285635506

■ 4285637310

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285816670



4285620568



4285227862

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285620568



4283721827



4284834417

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285620568



4283983985

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284179827



4285620568



4283525226

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285620568



4284115036



4283721584



4285358188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285620568



4284900694



4283721584



4284638066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285620568



4287925642



4285618280



4283057732



4291414473



4283058762

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285620568



4287920748



4285623640



4281873714



4286065408



4294400256

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283983985



4285302420



4283980913



4281480760



4278209912



4278230775

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285620568 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

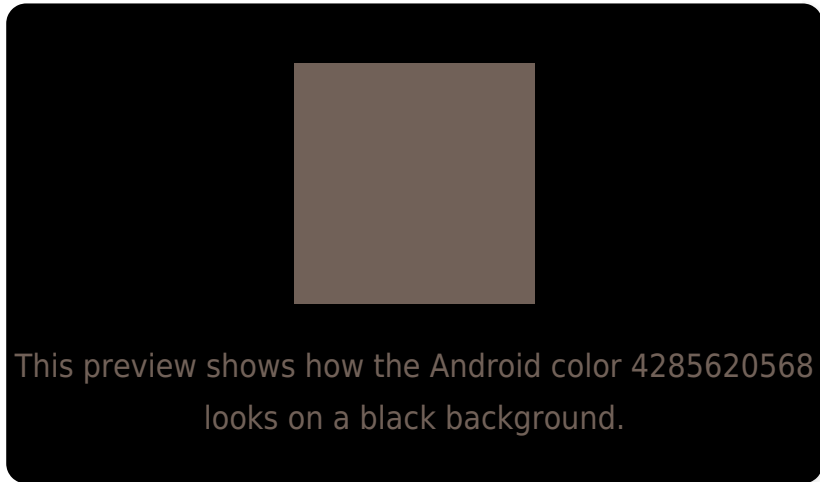
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

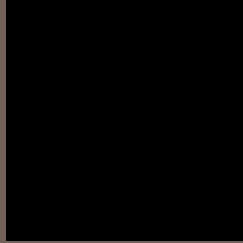
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4285620568 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285620568.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285620568.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

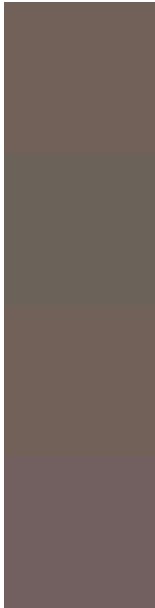


Original Color
4285620568

Protanopia
4285031513

Deuteranopia
4285686104

Trichromacy



Original Color

4285620568

Protanomaly

4285227865

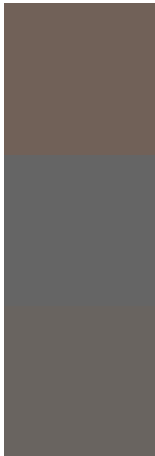
Deuteranomaly

4285686104

Tritanomaly

4285685857

Monochromacy



Original Color

4285620568

Achromatopsia

4284835173

Achromatomaly

4285097056

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285620568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 97, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 97, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 97, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 97, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285620568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 97, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 97, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 97, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 97, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 97, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 97,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285620568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 97, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113, 97,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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