

# Converting Colors

Android(4285631452)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285631452) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4285631452)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718BDC
RGB	113, 139, 220
RGB Percent	44%, 55%, 86%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4549, 0.1373
CMYK	0.49, 0.37, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	225°, 60%, 65%
HSV	225°, 49%, 86%
XYZ	28.9609, 27.1433, 71.4229
YIQ	140.4600, -41.4970, 19.6790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

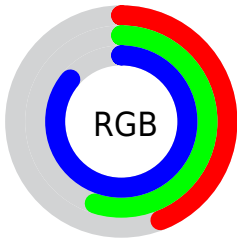
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">113, 134, 220</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7441372</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.11, 12.72, -44.28</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">59, 46.072, 286.027</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.1433, 0.2271, 0.2128</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285631452 (0xFF718BDC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">140.4600, 39.2132, -24.0824</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.0992, 8.0511, -44.8114</a>

# Details

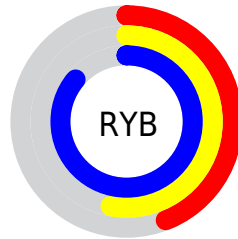
The Android color `4285631452` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699FF`. A complement of this color would be `4292657777`, and the grayscale version is `4287401100`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289380607`, and `4281817508` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284185308`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287077596`.

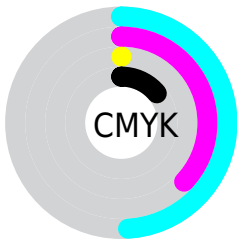
# Distribution



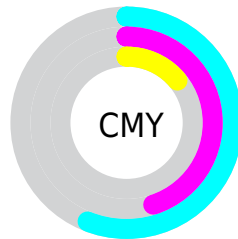
- Red (44%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285631452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285631452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285631452

 4285631452

4294967295

 4283790016

 4289380607

 4281817508

 4291288319

 4279255690

 4293196031

 4278201712

 4278196567

 4278190143

 4278190888

 4278190354

 4278190080

■ 4285631452

■ 4285631452

■ 4284185308

■ 4287077596

■ 4282739420

■ 4288523484

■ 4281293276

■ 4289969628

■ 4279847132

■ 4291415772

■ 4278401244

■ 4292861660

■ 4278203868

■ 4294307804

■ 4294967260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278229212



4285631452



4289559495

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285631452



4291851862



4279345529

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285631452



4292657777

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284718164



4285631452



4290151742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285631452



4292504698



4287730493



4278231971

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285631452



4291261104



4287730493



4281966700



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285631452



4292469503



4285652161



4285099648



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285631452



4285239295



4287394268



4284704110



4278201005



4278192942



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292637067



4294929295



4290894961



4285424485



4289527850

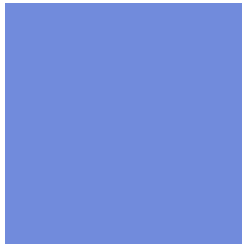


4281204747



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285631452 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

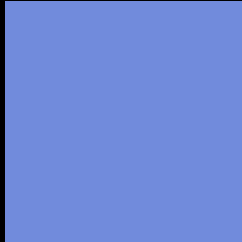
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285631452 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285631452 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285631452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285631452.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4285631452

**Protanopia**

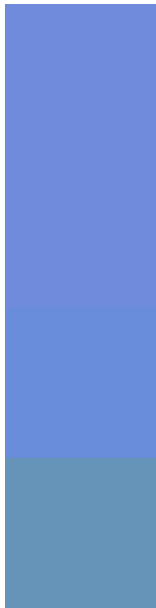
4285565916

**Deuteranopia**

4284911323



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285631452

**Protanomaly**  
4285565916

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285173211

**Tritanomaly**  
4284912568

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285631452

**Achromatopsia**  
4287401100

**Achromatomaly**  
4286745769

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285631452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 139, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 139, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 139, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 139, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285631452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 139, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 139, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 139, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 139, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 139, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 139,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285631452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 139, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
139, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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