

# Converting Colors

Android(4285637364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285637364) contains.

<b>Android(4285637364)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4285637364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71A2F4
RGB	113, 162, 244
RGB Percent	44%, 64%, 96%
CMY	0.5569, 0.3647, 0.0431
CMYK	0.54, 0.34, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	218°, 86%, 70%
HSV	218°, 54%, 96%
XYZ	36.0595, 35.8830, 90.6135
YIQ	156.6970, -55.5260, 15.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

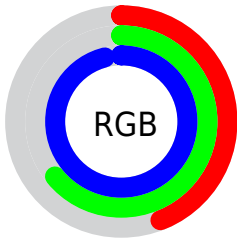
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	113, 149, 244
Decimal	7447284
CIE Lab	66.43, 6.66, -46.00
CIE LCh	66, 46.481, 278.237
Yxy	35.8830, 0.2218, 0.2207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285637364 (0xFF71A2F4)
YUV	156.6970, 43.0404, -38.3223
Hunter-Lab	59.9024, 2.6225, -47.7554

# Details

The Android color `4285637364` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699FF`. A complement of this color would be `4294230897`, and the grayscale version is `4288453788`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289518079`, and `4281429947` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284060660`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287214068`.

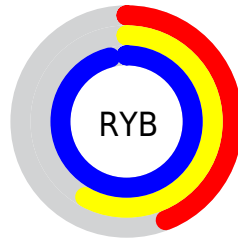
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (64%)

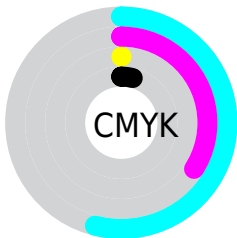
Blue (96%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (96%)

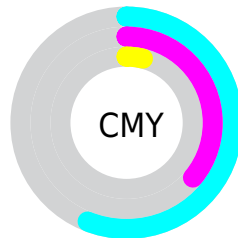


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285637364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285637364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285637364

 4285637364

4294967295

 4283664599

 4289518079

 4281429947

 4291425791

 4278212512

 4293394431

 4278206597

 4278201196

 4278196051

 4278191675

 4278190629

 4278190349

■ 4285637364

■ 4285637364

■ 4284060660

■ 4287214068

■ 4282418164

■ 4288856564

■ 4280841460

■ 4290433268

■ 4279199220

■ 4292075508

■ 4278213620

■ 4293652212

■ 4294967028

■ 4294967284

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278234862



4285637364



4290024163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285637364



4293625456



4282955137

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285637364



4294230897

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286819934



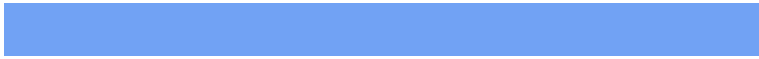
4285637364



4292121684

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285637364



4293951384



4289766220



4278237100

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285637364



4292053198



4289766220

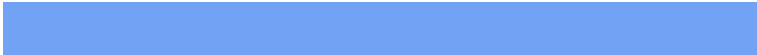


4284461940

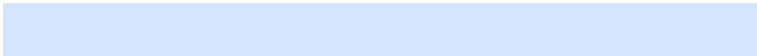


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285637364



4292273663



4285658306



4284969088



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285637364



4284258815



4286607860



4285428602



4278208186



4278195771



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294209954



4294925465



4293260401



4286213747



4290379846



4282056726



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285637364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

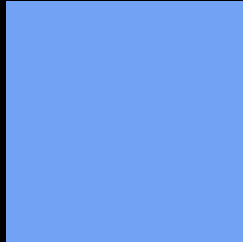
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285637364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

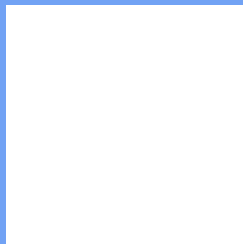
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285637364 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285637364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285637364.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285637364

**Protanopia**  
4286881521

**Deuteranopia**  
4286161140



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285637364

**Protanomaly**  
4286423026

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285964788

**Tritanomaly**  
4284787152

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285637364

**Achromatopsia**  
4288519581

**Achromatomaly**  
4287471549

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285637364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 162, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 162, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 162, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 162, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285637364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 162, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 162, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 162, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 162, 244); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 162, 244); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 162, 244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285637364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 162, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
162, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor