

# Converting Colors

Android(4285687158)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285687158) contains.

<b>Android(4285687158)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4285687158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	726576
RGB	114, 101, 118
RGB Percent	45%, 40%, 46%
CMY	0.5529, 0.6039, 0.5373
CMYK	0.03, 0.14, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	286°, 8%, 43%
HSV	286°, 14%, 46%
XYZ	14.8631, 14.1928, 19.0956
YIQ	106.8250, 2.2910, 8.0430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

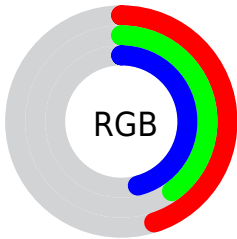
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	114, 101, 118
Decimal	7497078
CIE Lab	44.51, 8.57, -7.62
CIE LCh	45, 11.468, 318.327
Yxy	14.1928, 0.3087, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285687158 (0xFF726576)
YUV	106.8250, 5.5093, 6.2925
Hunter-Lab	37.6733, 4.4948, -3.6813

# Details

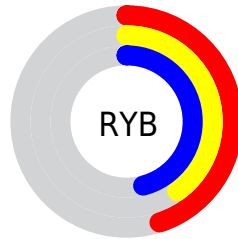
The Android color **4285687158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **4285101669**, and the grayscale version is **4285229931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289108138**, and **4282529350** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285487478**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285886838**.

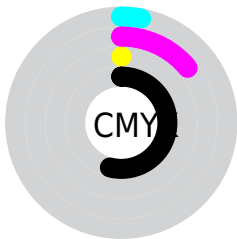
# Distribution



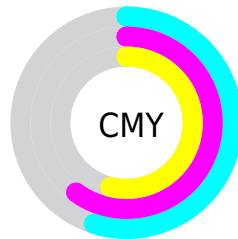
- Red (45%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285687158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285687158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285687158



4285687158

4294967295



4284042589



4289108138



4282529350



4290884549



4281082159



4292726497



4279765531



4294634238



4278190080



4285687158



4285687158



4285487478



4285886838



4285287798



4286086518



4285153910



4286220406

■ 4284954230

■ 4286420086

■ 4284754550

■ 4286619766

■ 4284554870

■ 4286819446

■ 4284420726

■ 4286953590

■ 4284221302

■ 4287153014

■ 4284088438

■ 4287352694

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284901499



4285687158



4286210925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285687158



4285818711



4283461487

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285687158



4285101669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283854693



4285687158



4285229655

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285687158



4286276699



4284509532



4283592311

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285687158



4286407527



4284509532



4283592556



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285687158



4288189337



4284836214



4283189581



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285687158



4287856537



4285949298



4281939259



4284350586



4290707706



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285949289



4288249733



4284839529



4282070326



4286185501



4294574139



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285687158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

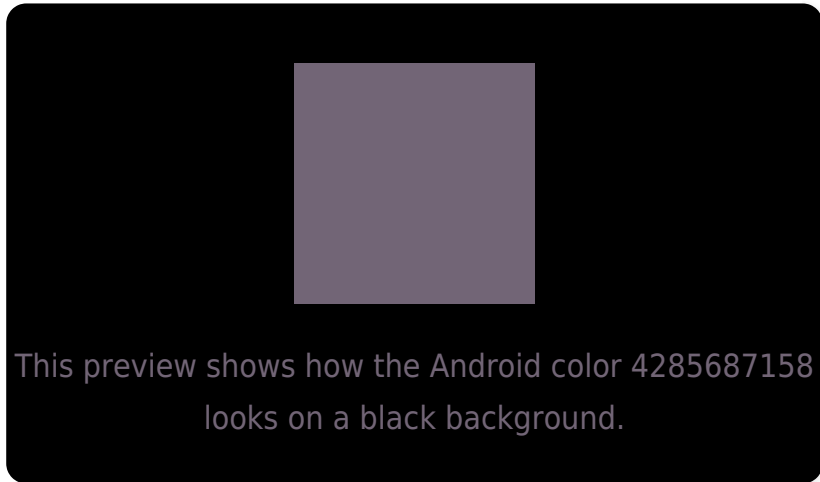
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

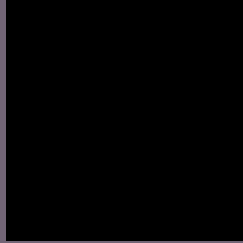
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285687158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285687158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285687158.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4285687158

**Protanopia**

4284967288

**Deuteranopia**

4285425526



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285687158

**Protanomaly**  
4285229175

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285490806

**Tritanomaly**  
4285621873

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285687158

**Achromatopsia**  
4285229931

**Achromatomaly**  
4285426031

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285687158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 101, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 101, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 101, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 101, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285687158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 101, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 101, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 101, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 101, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 101, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 101,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285687158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 101, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
101, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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