

# Converting Colors

Android(4285820977)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285820977) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285820977)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747031
RGB	116, 112, 49
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 19%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5608, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.58, 0.55
HSL	56°, 41%, 32%
HSV	56°, 58%, 45%
XYZ	13.5510, 15.5231, 5.1878
YIQ	106.0140, 22.6070, -18.7450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

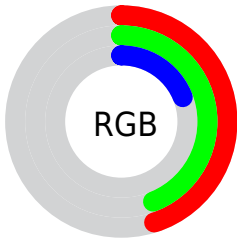
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	53, 116, 49
Decimal	7630897
CIELab	46.34, -7.51, 34.98
CIELCh	46, 35.779, 102.121
Yxy	15.5231, 0.3955, 0.4531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285820977 (0xFF747031)
YUV	106.0140, -28.1079, 8.7577
Hunter-Lab	39.3994, -7.5556, 19.7727

# Details

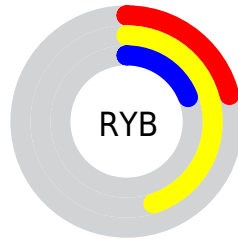
The Android color `4285820977` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666633`. A complement of this color would be `4281415028`, and the grayscale version is `4285164138`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289373282`, and `4282466304` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285820709`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4285821245`.

# Distribution



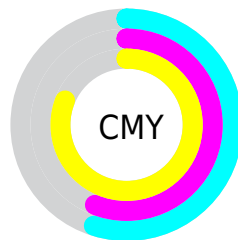
- Red (45%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285820977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285820977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4285820977



4285820977

4294967295



4284110873



4289373282



4282466304



4291215227



4280953600



4293057173



4279179008



4294965168



4278190080



4294967244



4294967272



4285820977



4285820977



4285820709



4285821245

■ 4285820698

■ 4285821256

■ 4285820430

■ 4285821524

■ 4285820163

■ 4285821791

■ 4285820160

■ 4285821803

■ 4285822071

■ 4285822338

■ 4285822606

■ 4285822617

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287587892



4285820977



4283660352

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285820977



4278221717



4288436097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285820977



4281415028

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286603674



4285820977



4278220454

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285820977



4278222201



4283592104



4289090915

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285820977



4281891665



4283592104



4287978122



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285820977



4288058749



4285804853



4283255869



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285820977



4288057391



4283921457



4282071605



4286214912



4294634240



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281415028



4281283990



4283314548



4281677115



4278191994



4278194170



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285820977 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

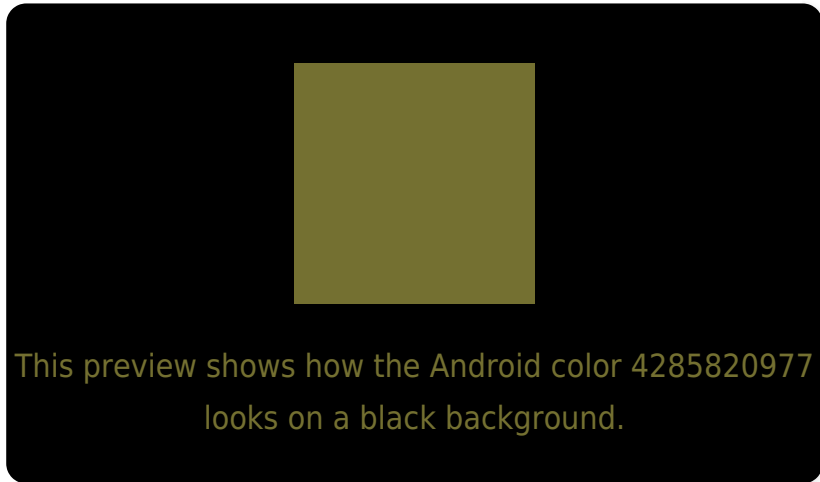
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285820977 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285820977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285820977.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285820977

**Protanopia**  
4286213680

**Deuteranopia**  
4287129907



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285820977

**Protanomaly**  
4286082864

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286671922

**Tritanomaly**  
4286082138

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285820977

**Achromatopsia**  
4285164138

**Achromatomaly**  
4285426773

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285820977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 112, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 112, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 112, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 112, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285820977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 112, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 112, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 112, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 112, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 112, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 112,  
49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285820977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 112, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
112, 49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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