

# Converting Colors

Android(4285898150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285898150) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4285898150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	759DA6
RGB	117, 157, 166
RGB Percent	46%, 62%, 65%
CMY	0.5412, 0.3843, 0.3490
CMYK	0.30, 0.05, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	191°, 22%, 55%
HSV	191°, 30%, 65%
XYZ	26.2760, 30.6490, 40.6074
YIQ	146.0660, -26.7290, -5.6810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

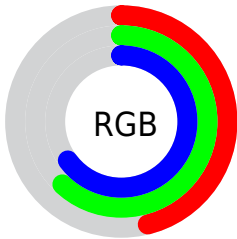
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">117, 139, 166</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7708070</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.21, -11.39, -9.12</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">62, 14.591, 218.663</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.6490, 0.2694, 0.3142</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285898150 (0xFF759DA6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">146.0660, 9.8275, -25.4909</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.3616, -12.1620, -4.7357</a>

# Details

The Android color `4285898150` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `4289101429`, and the grayscale version is `4287795858`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289385693`, and `4282542706` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284783270`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287013030`.

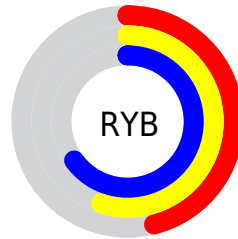
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (62%)

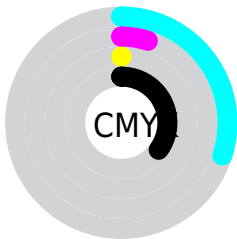
Blue (65%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (65%)

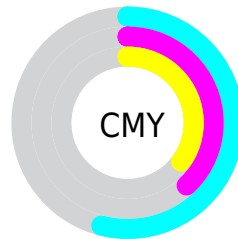


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285898150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285898150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285898150

 4285898150

4294967295

 4284187532

 4289385693

 4282542706

 4291227898

 4280963418

 4293066751

 4279253570

 4278199596

 4278193944

 4278190080

 4285898150

 4285898150

 4284783270

 4287013030

■ 4283733926

■ 4288062374

■ 4282619046

■ 4289177254

■ 4281569702

■ 4290226598

■ 4280454822

■ 4291341478

■ 4279339942

■ 4292456358

■ 4278290598

■ 4293505702

■ 4278225062

■ 4294620582

■ 4294949030

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285963930



4285898150



4286487214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285898150



4289433504



4288518013

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285898150



4289101429

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289303167



4285898150



4289826195

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285898150



4288516779



4289826695



4287536002

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285898150



4287076528



4289826695



4288779645



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285898150



4291155417



4285900414



4284640110



4293783021



4285427310



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285898150



4287482841



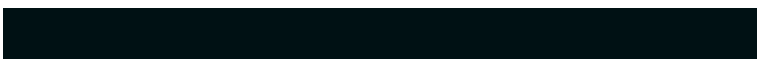
4285892006



4283192148



4278221204



4278194452



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289099165



4292447691



4289107573



4283714643



4287889529



4279500817



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285898150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

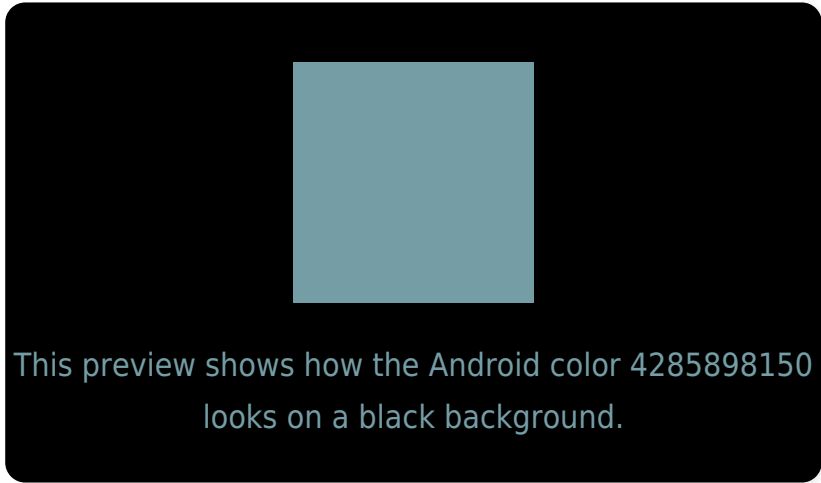
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

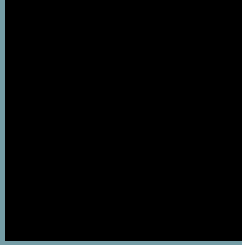
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

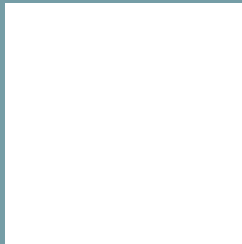
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285898150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285898150.

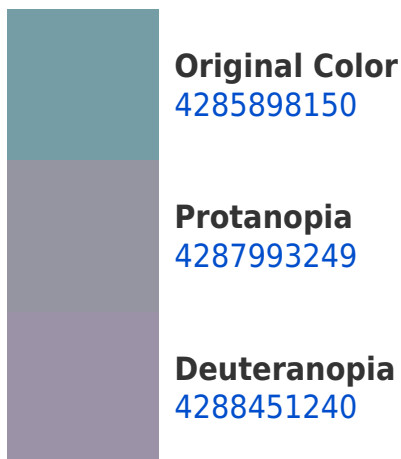


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285898150.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4285898150

**Protanomaly**

4287207587

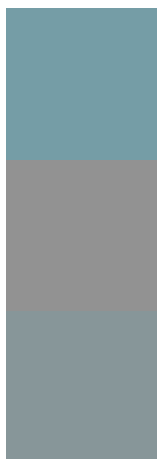
**Deuteranomaly**

4287534759

**Tritanomaly**

4285963688

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4285898150

**Achromatopsia**

4287795858

**Achromatomaly**

4287075993

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285898150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 157, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 157, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 157, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 157, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285898150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 157, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 157, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 157, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 157, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 157, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 157,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285898150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 157, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
157, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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