

# Converting Colors

Android(4285992192)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4285992192) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4285992192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	770D00
RGB	119, 13, 0
RGB Percent	47%, 5%, 0%
CMY	0.5333, 0.9490, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 1.00, 0.53
HSL	7°, 100%, 23%
HSV	7°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.7517, 4.2098, 0.4040
YIQ	43.2120, 67.3490, 18.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

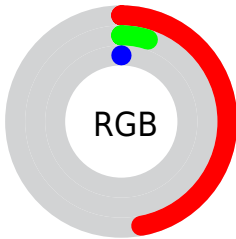
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	119, 15, 0
Decimal	7802112
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.35, 42.90, 36.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 56.135, 40.169
Yxy	4.2098, 0.6269, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285992192 (0xFF770D00)
YUV	43.2120, -21.3035, 66.4661
Hunter-Lab	20.5178, 31.5318, 13.1950

# Details

The Android color **4285992192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **4278217335**, and the grayscale version is **4281019179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289938991**, and **4282253312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4285992192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4285995020**.

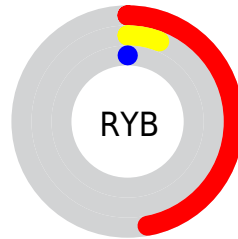
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (5%)

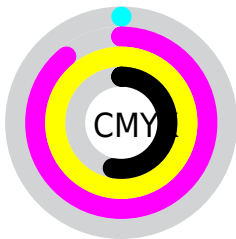
Blue (0%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (0%)

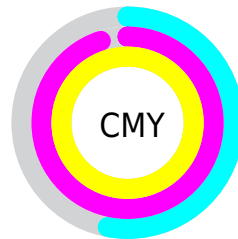


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4285992192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4285992192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4285992192

 4285992192

 4294967267

 4284088320

 4289938991

 4282253312

 4291911750

 4280287233

 4293950046

 4278190080

 4294940023

 4294947217

 4294954411

 4294961607

 4285992192

 4285995020

 4285997592

 4286000420

 4286002992

 4286005819

 4286008647

 4286011219

 4286014047

 4286016619

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286578734



4285992192



4284361984

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4285992192



4278208795



4278205327

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4285992192



4278217335

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278208139



4285992192



4278209352

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4285992192



4278207744



4278209136



4282983804

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4285992192



4282923264



4278209136



4278206608



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4285992192



4288442989



4285988971



4283381299



4291809231



4283387727



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4285992192



4288418048



4286007040



4282070325



4286188800



4294580992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278217335



4278225820



4278202487



4281678395



4278218106

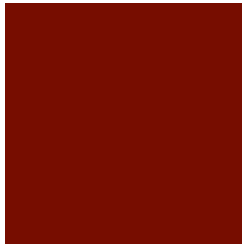


4278247418



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4285992192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

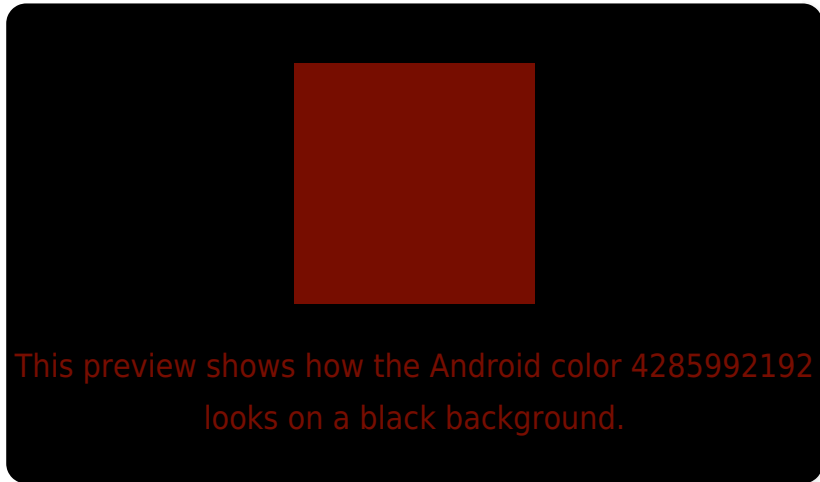
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4285992192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4285992192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4285992192.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4285992192

**Protanopia**

4282662159

**Deuteranopia**

4283185664



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4285992192

**Protanomaly**  
4283902986

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284230144

**Tritanomaly**  
4285992197

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4285992192

**Achromatopsia**  
4281019179

**Achromatomaly**  
4282851355

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4285992192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 13, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 13, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 13, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 13, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4285992192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 13, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 13, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 13, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 13, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 13, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 13, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4285992192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 13, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 13,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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