

# Converting Colors

Android(4286199135)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286199135) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286199135)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7A355F
RGB	122, 53, 95
RGB Percent	48%, 21%, 37%
CMY	0.5216, 0.7922, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.22, 0.52
HSL	323°, 39%, 34%
HSV	323°, 57%, 48%
XYZ	11.3647, 7.5100, 11.6771
YIQ	78.4190, 27.6420, 27.6900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

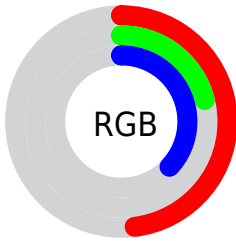
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	122, 53, 95
Decimal	8009055
CIELab	32.94, 35.37, -10.64
CIELCh	33, 36.940, 343.259
Yxy	7.5100, 0.3720, 0.2458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286199135 (0xFF7A355F)
YUV	78.4190, 8.1744, 38.2205
Hunter-Lab	27.4044, 26.0669, -6.0805

# Details

The Android color **4286199135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **4281694800**, and the grayscale version is **4283321934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289750929**, and **4282843185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286196058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286202212**.

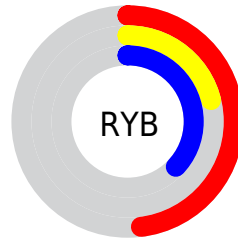
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (21%)

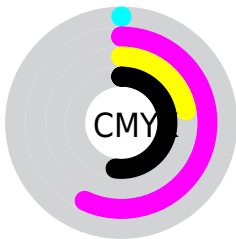
Blue (37%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (37%)

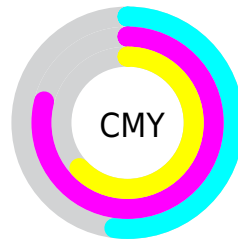


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286199135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286199135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286199135


 4286199135

4294967295

 4284488775

 4289750929

 4282843185

 4291592620

 4281270300

 4293499847

 4279042048

 4294948835

 4278190080

 4294956031

 4294963199

 4286199135

 4286199135

 4286196058

 4286202212

4286192981

4286205289

4286189649

4286208621

4286186572

4286211698

4286185546

4286214775

4286217852

4286220928

4286224261

4286227338

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284498040



4286199135



4286788162

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286199135



4283518990



4278213237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286199135



4281694800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278213722



4286199135



4281358112

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286199135



4285154834



4278213180



4278211973

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286199135



4286592815



4278213180



4278213485



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286199135



4288578452



4283381114



4283383625



4291809231



4283387727



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286199135



4288557940



4286199101



4282201915



4286382156



4294705306



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286199135



4288557940



4281694834



4282201915



4286382156

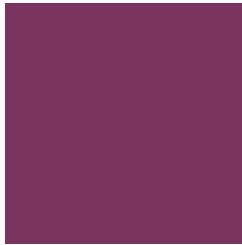


4294705306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286199135 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

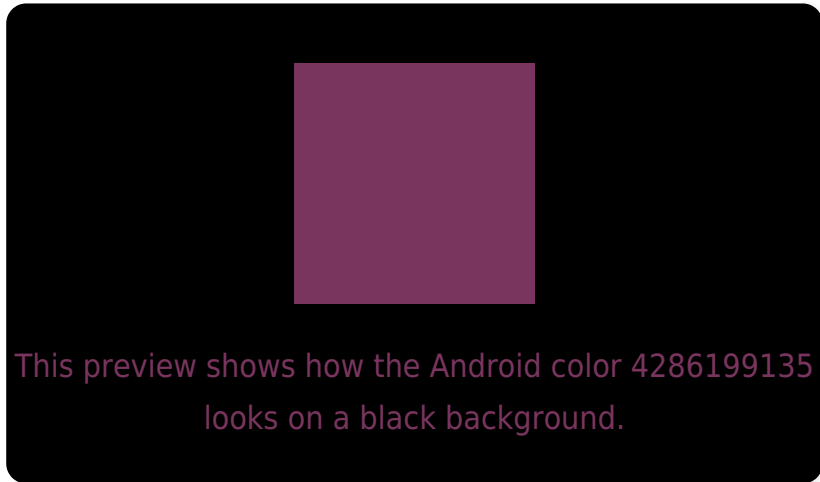
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

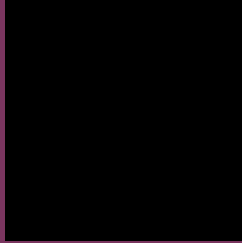
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286199135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286199135.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286199135.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286199135

**Protanopia**  
4282600816

**Deuteranopia**  
4283452507



# Trichromacy



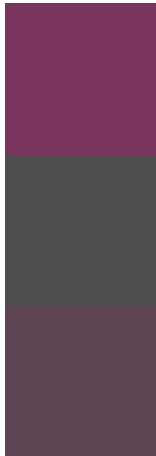
**Original Color**  
4286199135

**Protanomaly**  
4283909226

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284433500

**Tritanomaly**  
4286069067

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286199135

**Achromatopsia**  
4283321934

**Achromatomaly**  
4284368212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286199135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 53, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 53, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 53, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 53, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286199135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 53, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 53, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 53, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 53, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 53, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 53,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286199135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 53, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 53,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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