

# Converting Colors

Android(4286216509)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286216509) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286216509)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A793D
RGB	122, 121, 61
RGB Percent	48%, 47%, 24%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5255, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.50, 0.52
HSL	59°, 33%, 36%
HSV	59°, 50%, 48%
XYZ	15.7057, 18.1492, 7.0903
YIQ	114.4590, 19.8560, -18.4480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

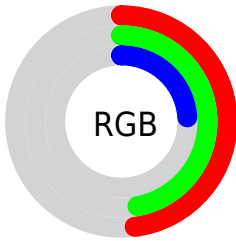
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	62, 122, 61
Decimal	8026429
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.68, -8.71, 32.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 33.911, 104.891
Yxy	18.1492, 0.3836, 0.4433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286216509 (0xFF7A793D)
YUV	114.4590, -26.3553, 6.6135
Hunter-Lab	42.6019, -8.7472, 19.9537

# Details

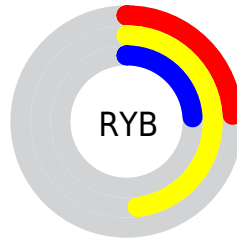
The Android color **4286216509** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4282203770**, and the grayscale version is **4285756275**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289768814**, and **4282861838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286216497**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286216521**.

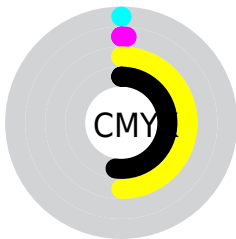
# Distribution



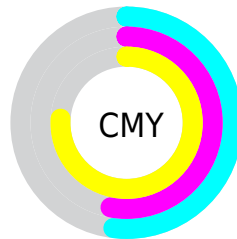
- Red (48%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286216509 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286216509 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286216509



4286216509

4294967295



4284506150



4289768814



4282861838



4291611016



4281348608



4293453218



4279835904



4294967230



4278190080



4294967258



4294967286



4286216509



4286216509



4286216497



4286216521

■ 4286216485

■ 4286216533

■ 4286216216

■ 4286216802

■ 4286216204

■ 4286216814

■ 4286216192

■ 4286216826

■ 4286216838

■ 4286216850

■ 4286217119

■ 4286217131

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287983422



4286216509



4284121164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286216509



4278223774



4289028486

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286216509



4282203770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287326623



4286216509



4280647085

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286216509



4278224260



4284642478



4289552233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286216509



4282418013



4284642478



4288570255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286216509



4288585350



4286201150



4283387713



4291809231



4283387727



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286216509



4288585023



4284316221



4282203447



4286413568



4294768640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282203770



4282335646



4284104058



4281808701



4278190717



4278191356



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286216509 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

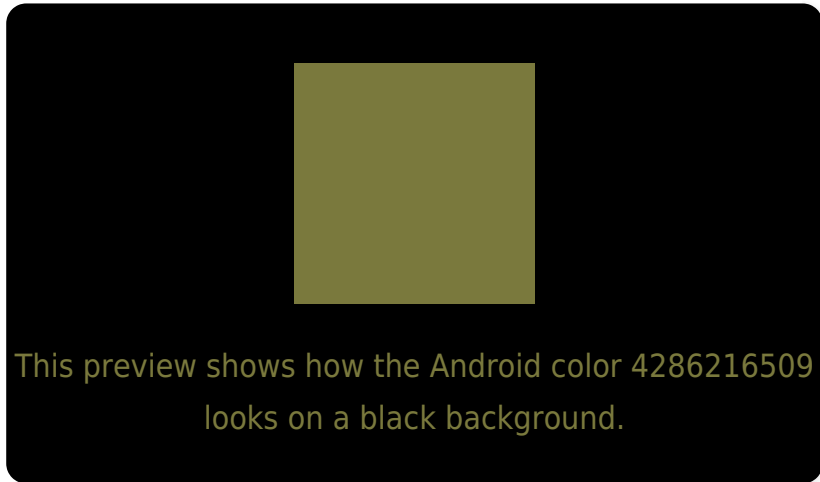
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

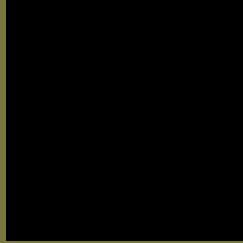
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286216509 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286216509.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286216509.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286216509

**Protanopia**  
4286740028

**Deuteranopia**  
4287721791



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286216509

**Protanomaly**  
4286543676

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287198270

**Tritanomaly**  
4286477668

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286216509

**Achromatopsia**  
4285690482

**Achromatomaly**  
4285887839

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286216509 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 121, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 121, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 121, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 121, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286216509 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 121, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 121, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 121, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 121, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 121, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 121,  
61) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286216509 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 121, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
121, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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