

# Converting Colors

Android(4286289348)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286289348) contains.

<b>Android(4286289348)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4286289348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B95C4
RGB	123, 149, 196
RGB Percent	48%, 58%, 77%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4157, 0.2314
CMYK	0.37, 0.24, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	219°, 38%, 63%
HSV	219°, 37%, 77%
XYZ	28.8796, 29.6914, 56.4334
YIQ	146.5840, -30.5830, 9.1050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

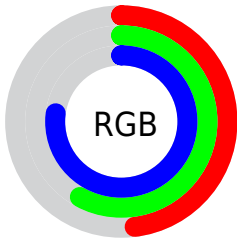
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">123, 142, 196</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8099268</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.39, 2.58, -27.23</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">61, 27.349, 275.405</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.6914, 0.2511, 0.2582</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286289348 (0xFF7B95C4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">146.5840, 24.3621, -20.6832</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.4898, -0.7520, -23.2620</a>

# Details

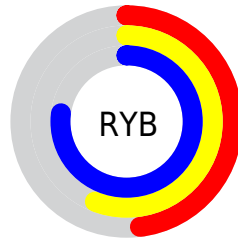
The Android color `4286289348` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `4291078779`, and the grayscale version is `4287795858`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289907709`, and `4282868366` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4284975300`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287603396`.

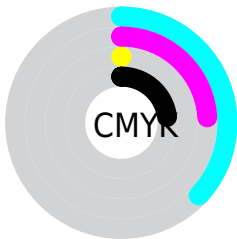
# Distribution



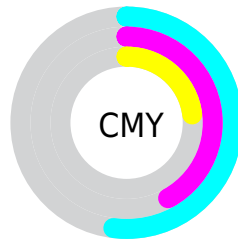
- Red (48%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286289348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286289348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286289348

 4286289348

4294967295

 4284578729

 4289907709

 4282868366

 4291749887

 4281092980

 4293591039

 4279120988

 4278198340

 4278191661

 4278190360

 4278190080

 4286289348

 4286289348

■ 4284975300

■ 4287603396

■ 4283727044

■ 4288851652

■ 4282412996

■ 4290165700

■ 4281164740

■ 4291413956

■ 4279850692

■ 4292728004

■ 4278536644

■ 4294042052

■ 4278208196

■ 4294962628

■ 4294965956

■ 4294967236

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283997376



4286289348



4288515260

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286289348



4291003769



4285177983

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286289348



4291078779

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287077228



4286289348



4290153577

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286289348



4291003025



4288779364



4283474584

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286289348



4289759152



4288779364



4285833080

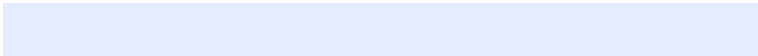


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286289348



4293127679



4286301353



4285494656



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286289348



4287411711



4286938052



4283915105



4278204833



4278193185



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291066773



4294937781



4290430075



4284569435



4288741433

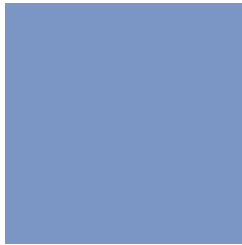


4280352780



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286289348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

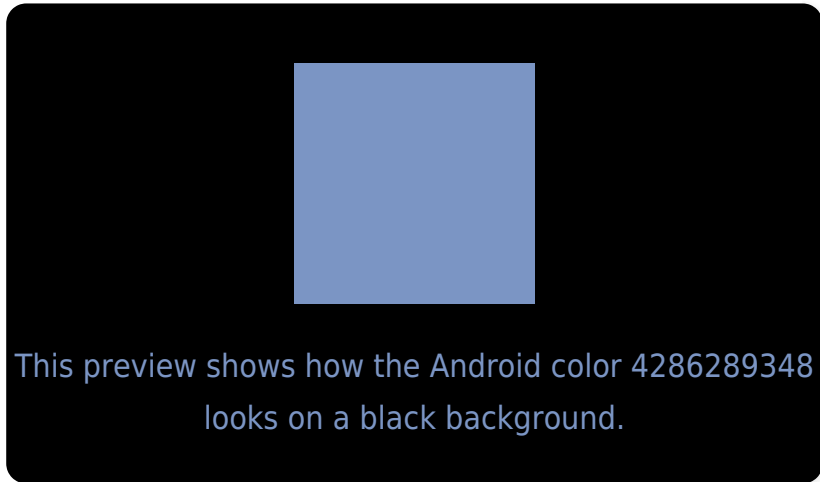
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

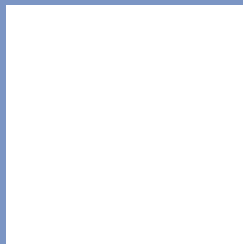
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286289348 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286289348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286289348.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286289348

**Protanopia**  
4287075010

**Deuteranopia**  
4287075013



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286289348

**Protanomaly**  
4286813123

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286813125

**Tritanomaly**  
4286027954

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286289348

**Achromatopsia**  
4287861651

**Achromatomaly**  
4287272101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286289348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 149, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 149, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 149, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 149, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286289348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 149, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 149, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 149, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 149, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 149, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 149,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286289348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 149, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
149, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor