

# Converting Colors

Android(4286316604)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286316604) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286316604)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C003C
RGB	124, 0, 60
RGB Percent	49%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.5137, 1.0000, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.51
HSL	331°, 100%, 24%
HSV	331°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.1278, 4.6113, 4.6840
YIQ	43.9160, 54.6440, 44.9480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

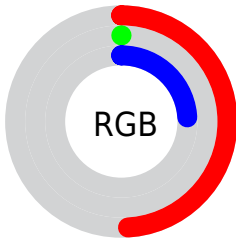
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 0, 60
Decimal	8126524
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.60, 49.67, 1.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	26, 49.698, 1.893
Yxy	4.6113, 0.4955, 0.2503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286316604 (0xFF7C003C)
YUV	43.9160, 7.9294, 70.2337
Hunter-Lab	21.4740, 38.2941, 2.0994

# Details

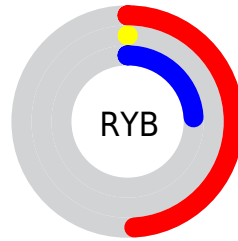
The Android color **4286316604** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **4278221888**, and the grayscale version is **4281084972**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290069355**, and **4282712082** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286316604**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286319682**.

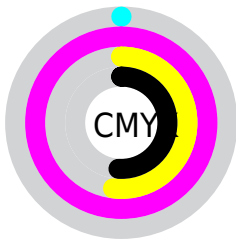
# Distribution



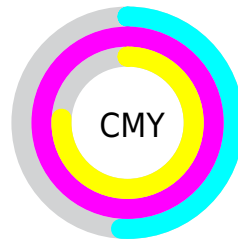
- Red (49%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286316604 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286316604 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286316604

 4286316604

4294967295

 4284481574

 4290069355

 4282712082

 4292042372

 4281008129

 4294015390

 4278190080

 4294939833

 4294947029

 4294954481

 4294961919

 4286316604

■ 4286319682

■ 4286323017

■ 4286326095

■ 4286329430

■ 4286332508

■ 4286335586

■ 4286338921

■ 4286341999

■ 4286345334

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285143393



4286316604



4286125079

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286316604



4280501504



4278208896

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286316604



4278221888

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278209636



4286316604



4278209046

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286316604



4282989568



4278209598



4278206857

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286316604



4285408512



4278209598



4278209400



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286316604



4288770184



4282253436



4283577410



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286316604



4288741454



4286316544



4282201914



4286382140



4294705274



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286316604



4288741454



4278221948



4282201914



4286382140

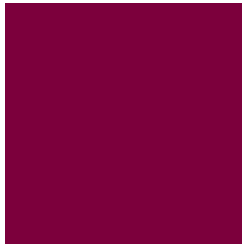


4294705274



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286316604 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

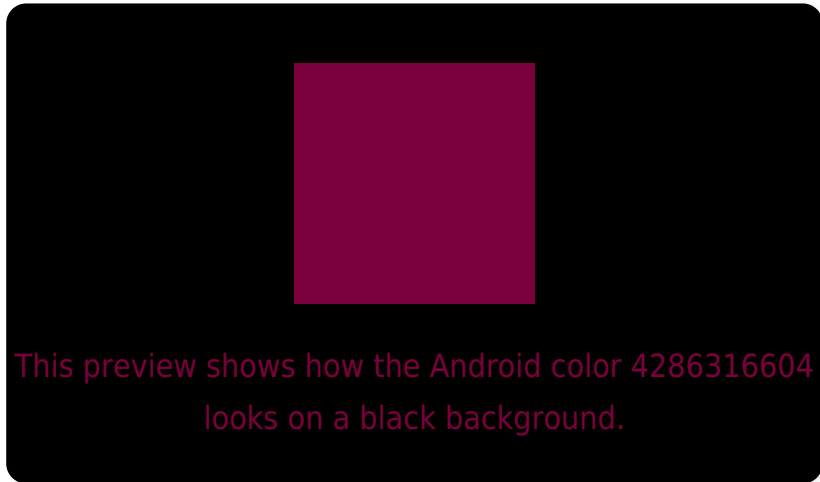
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286316604 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286316604.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286316604.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286316604

**Protanopia**  
4282007639

**Deuteranopia**  
4283055671



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4286316604

**Protanomaly**

4283574605

**Deuteranomaly**

4284229433

**Tritanomaly**

4286254885

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4286316604

**Achromatopsia**

4281084972

**Achromatomaly**

4282981426

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286316604 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 0, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 0, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 0, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 0, 60) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286316604 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 0, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 0, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 0, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 0, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 0, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 0, 60)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286316604 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 0, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 0,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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