

# Converting Colors

Android(4286318203)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286318203) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4286318203)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C067B
RGB	124, 6, 123
RGB Percent	49%, 2%, 48%
CMY	0.5137, 0.9765, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.95, 0.01, 0.51
HSL	301°, 91%, 25%
HSV	301°, 95%, 49%
XYZ	11.9525, 5.8454, 19.2372
YIQ	54.6200, 32.7710, 61.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

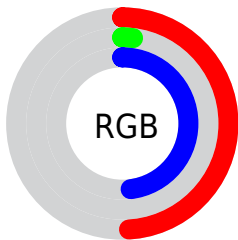
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 6, 123
Decimal	8128123
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.02, 56.45, -34.61
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 66.216, 328.492
Yxy	5.8454, 0.3227, 0.1578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286318203 (0xFF7C067B)
YUV	54.6200, 33.7113, 60.8463
Hunter-Lab	24.1773, 45.9345, -30.2514

# Details

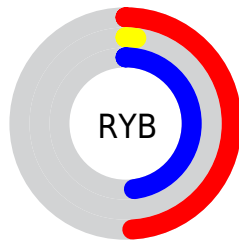
The Android color **4286318203** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **4278615047**, and the grayscale version is **4281742902**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290005424**, and **4282777673** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286316667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286321275**.

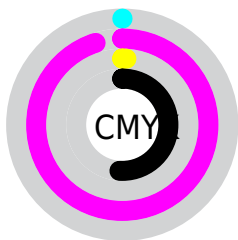
# Distribution



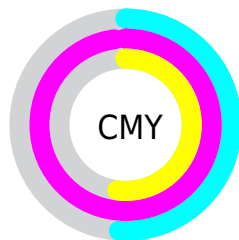
- Red (49%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286318203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286318203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286318203

 4286318203

4294967295

 4284547170

 4290005424

 4282777673

 4291912908

 4281270323

 4293820648

 4278583324

 4294941695

 4278190080

 4294948863

 4294956287

 4294963711

 4286318203

 4286318203

■ 4286316667

■ 4286321275

■ 4286324603

■ 4286327675

■ 4286331003

■ 4286334076

■ 4286337148

■ 4286340476

■ 4286343548

■ 4286346876

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280957088



4286318203



4288086089

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286318203



4283908608



4278212725

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286318203



4278615047

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278212672



4286318203



4280438528

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286318203



4286392320



4278211842



4278212253

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286318203



4288151592



4278211842



4278212708



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286318203



4288770720



4278584956



4283577681



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286318203



4288741535



4286318145



4282201917



4286382204



4294705402



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286318203



4288741535



4278615105



4282201917



4286382204



4294705402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286318203 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

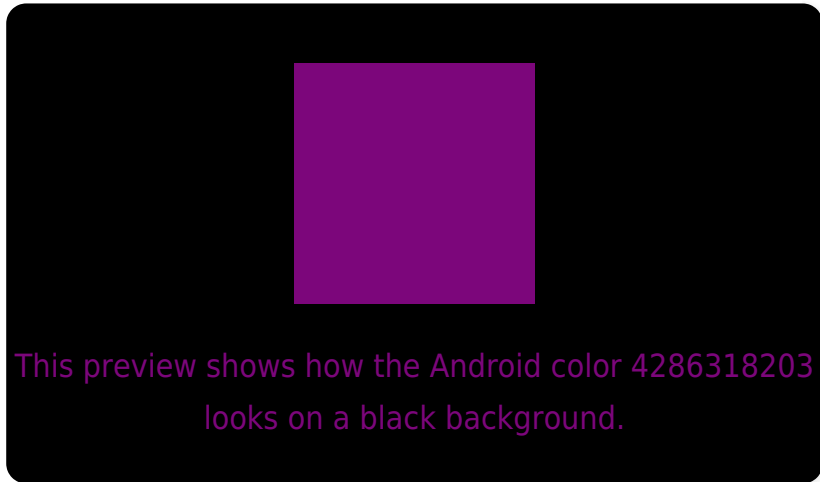
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

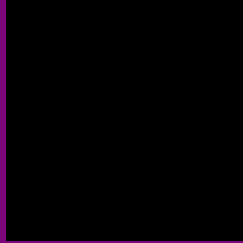
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286318203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286318203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286318203.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286318203

**Protanomaly**  
4281151113

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282986359

**Tritanomaly**  
4285997390

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286318203

**Achromatopsia**  
4281808695

**Achromatomaly**  
4283442512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286318203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 6, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 6, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 6, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 6, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286318203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 6, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 6, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 6, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 6, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 6, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 6,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286318203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 6, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 6,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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