

# Converting Colors

Android(4286341179)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286341179) contains.

<b>Android(4286341179)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4286341179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C603B
RGB	124, 96, 59
RGB Percent	49%, 38%, 23%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6235, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.52, 0.51
HSL	34°, 36%, 36%
HSV	34°, 52%, 49%
XYZ	13.2845, 12.9666, 5.9403
YIQ	100.1540, 28.5650, -5.5710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

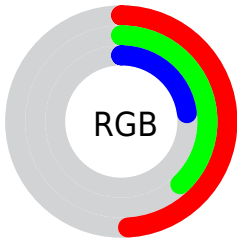
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 124, 59
Decimal	8151099
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.71, 6.41, 25.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 26.172, 75.827
Yxy	12.9666, 0.4127, 0.4028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286341179 (0xFF7C603B)
YUV	100.1540, -20.2889, 20.9129
Hunter-Lab	36.0092, 2.8360, 15.4255

# Details

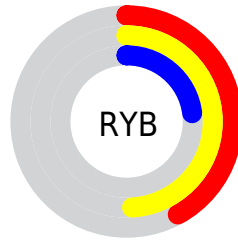
The Android color **4286341179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4282079100**, and the grayscale version is **4284769380**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4289892971**, and **4282987023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286339887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286342471**.

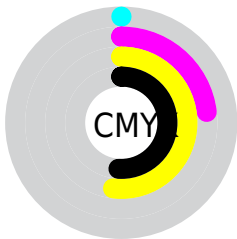
# Distribution



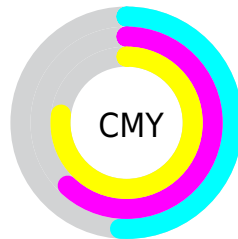
- Red (49%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286341179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286341179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286341179



4286341179

4294967295



4284631077



4289892971



4282987023



4291734916



4281408768



4293642399



4279829504



4294960314



4278190080



4294967254



4294967282



4286341179



4286341179



4286339887



4286342471

■ 4286338338

■ 4286344020

■ 4286337046

■ 4286345312

■ 4286335753

■ 4286346605

■ 4286334720

■ 4286348153

■ 4286349445

■ 4286350738

■ 4286352286

■ 4286353579

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287256903



4286341179



4285032251

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286341179



4279398512



4285946755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286341179



4282079100

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283982734



4286341179



4278742915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286341179



4281561178



4281559694



4287124848

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286341179



4283984705



4281559694



4285357704



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286341179



4288779911



4286331735



4283583298



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286341179



4288771387



4286086203



4282202935



4286400256



4294742016



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282079100



4282083233



4282334076



4281809469



4278204029

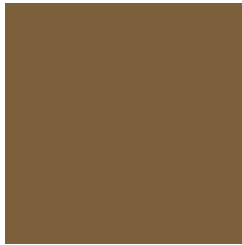


4278218236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286341179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

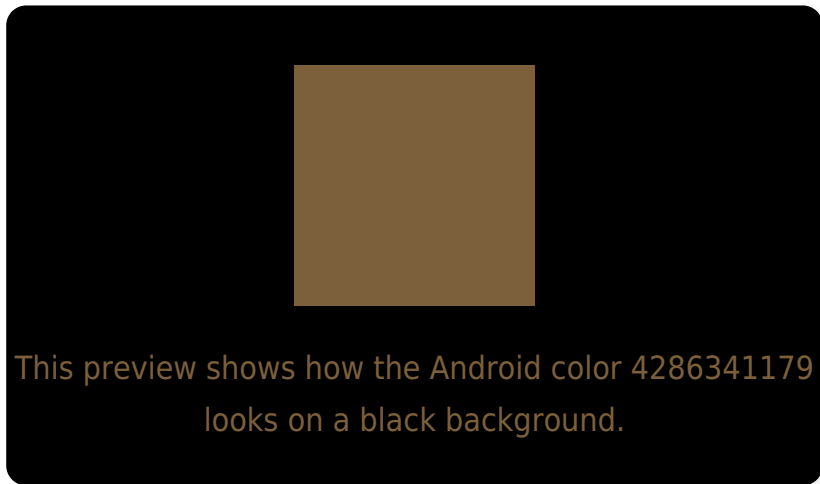
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286341179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286341179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286341179.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286341179

**Protanopia**  
4285490493

**Deuteranopia**  
4286275643



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286341179

**Protanomaly**  
4285817660

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286275643

**Tritanomaly**  
4286471508

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286341179

**Achromatopsia**  
4284769380

**Achromatomaly**  
4285358933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286341179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 96, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 96, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 96, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 96, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286341179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 96, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 96, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 96, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 96, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 96, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 96,  
59) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286341179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 96, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 96,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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