

# Converting Colors

Android(4286363405)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286363405) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4286363405)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CB70D
RGB	124, 183, 13
RGB Percent	49%, 72%, 5%
CMY	0.5137, 0.2824, 0.9490
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.93, 0.28
HSL	81°, 87%, 38%
HSV	81°, 93%, 72%
XYZ	25.3183, 38.1811, 6.4160
YIQ	145.9790, 19.4060, -65.3780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

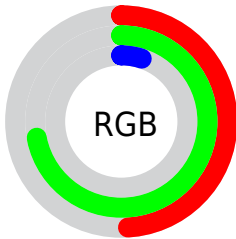
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">13, 183, 72</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8173325</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.15, -41.02, 67.27</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 78.786, 121.375</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.1811, 0.3621, 0.5461</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286363405 (0xFF7CB70D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">145.9790, -65.5586, -19.2756</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.7909, -34.9951, 37.0972</a>

# Details

The Android color `4286363405` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `99CC33`. A complement of this color would be `4282912183`, and the grayscale version is `4287861651`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290113362`, and `4282614272` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286035712`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286756639`.

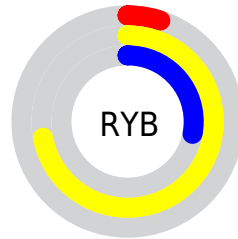
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (72%)

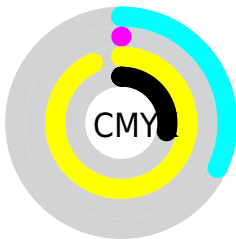
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (28%)

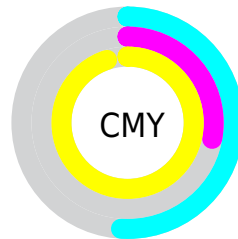


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286363405 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286363405 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286363405



4286363405

4294967295



4284521472



4290113362



4282614272



4292083566



4280707072



4293984138



4278210304



4294967207



4278204416



4294967235



4278199040



4294967265



4278190080

4294967294



4286363405



4286363405

■ 4286035712

■ 4286756639

■ 4287215410

■ 4287608644

■ 4288001878

■ 4288460649

■ 4288853883

■ 4289247117

■ 4289705887

■ 4290099122

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291077120



4286363405



4278239838

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286363405



4278239231



4294924710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286363405



4282912183

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294799084



4286363405



4278234879

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286363405



4278241007



4289172223



4294928224

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286363405



4278240654



4289172223



4294925502



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286363405



4292275627



4290201101



4285167695



4294440951



4286085240



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286363405



4288408832



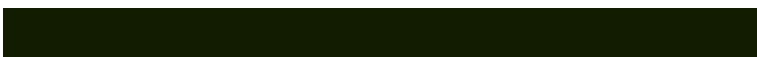
4280923917



4284046419



4284914688



4279376896



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282912183



4283564269



4288351671



4283847516



4281729180



4278845468



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286363405 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

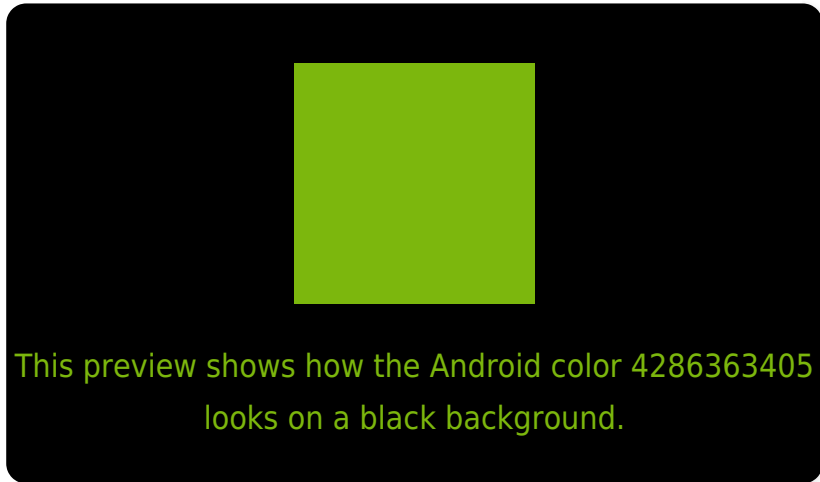
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286363405 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286363405.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286363405.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286363405

**Protanopia**  
4290487808

**Deuteranopia**  
4291861797



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286363405

**Protanomaly**  
4288982021

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289832476

**Tritanomaly**  
4287082362

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286363405

**Achromatopsia**  
4287795858

**Achromatomaly**  
4287274850

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286363405 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 183, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 183, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 183, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 183, 13) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286363405 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 183, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 183, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 183, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 183, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 183, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 183,  
13) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286363405 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 183, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
183, 13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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