

# Converting Colors

Android(4286364603)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286364603) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4286364603)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CB BBB
RGB	124, 187, 187
RGB Percent	49%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.5137, 0.2667, 0.2667
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	180°, 32%, 61%
HSV	180°, 34%, 73%
XYZ	35.0521, 43.4136, 53.5459
YIQ	168.1630, -37.5480, -13.3560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

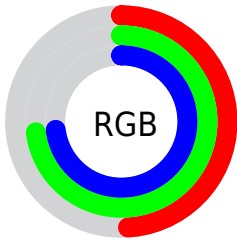
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 156, 187
Decimal	8174523
CIELab	71.83, -20.04, -6.43
CIELCh	72, 21.043, 197.779
Yxy	43.4136, 0.2655, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286364603 (0xFF7CBBB)
YUV	168.1630, 9.2866, -38.7310
Hunter-Lab	65.8890, -20.3459, -2.0608

# Details

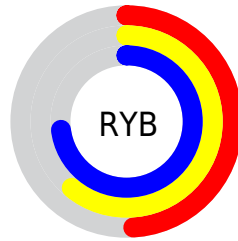
The Android color `4286364603` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4290477180`, and the grayscale version is `4289243304`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4289983475`, and `4282877574` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285119419`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287609787`.

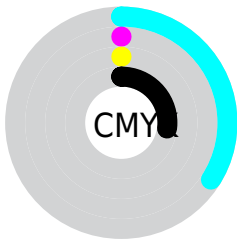
# Distribution



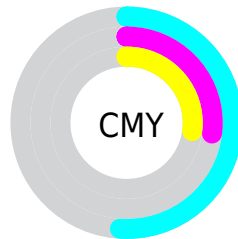
- Red (49%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286364603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286364603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286364603



4286364603

4294967295



4284588192



4289983475



4282877574



4291821567



4281101421



4293722111



4278932564



4278205501



4278199848



4278193427



4278190080



4286364603



4286364603

■ 4285119419

■ 4287609787

■ 4283939771

■ 4288789435

■ 4282694587

■ 4290034619

■ 4281449403

■ 4291279803

■ 4280204219

■ 4292524987

■ 4279024571

■ 4293704635

■ 4278238139

■ 4294949819

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287151015



4286364603



4286495180

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286364603



4290881482



4291210379

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286364603



4290477180

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292126356



4286364603



4291994553

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286364603



4289310420



4292387749



4289966731

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286364603



4287215315



4292387749



4291537549



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286364603



4292539122



4286364540



4285299322



4294638330



4286216826



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286364603



4287754994



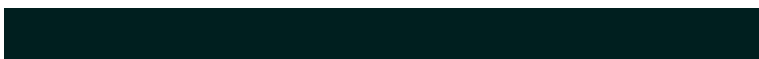
4286356411



4283784798



4278230686



4278198047



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290477243



4294087154



4290485116



4284372318



4288544926

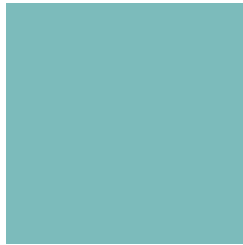


4280221727



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286364603 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

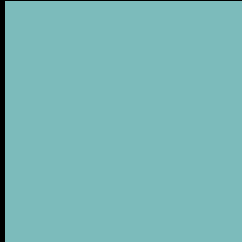
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286364603 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

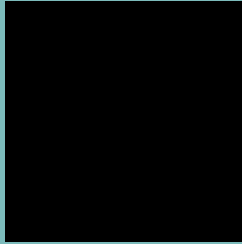
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286364603 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286364603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286364603.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



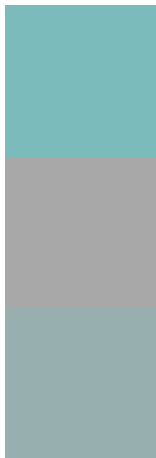
**Original Color**  
4286364603

**Protanomaly**  
4288590774

**Deuteranomaly**  
4288917693

**Tritanomaly**  
4286495427

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286364603

**Achromatopsia**  
4289243304

**Achromatomaly**  
4288196527

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286364603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 187, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 187, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 187, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 187, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286364603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 187, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 187, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 187, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 187, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 187, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 187,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286364603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 187, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
187, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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