

# Converting Colors

Android(4286475850)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286475850) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286475850)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7E6E4A
RGB	126, 110, 74
RGB Percent	49%, 43%, 29%
CMY	0.5059, 0.5686, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.41, 0.51
HSL	42°, 26%, 39%
HSV	42°, 41%, 49%
XYZ	15.4161, 16.0819, 8.7702
YIQ	110.6800, 21.0920, -7.8040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

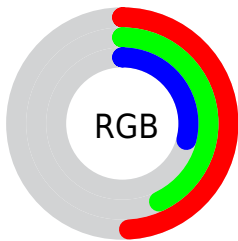
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	97, 126, 74
Decimal	8285770
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.08, 0.77, 22.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 22.402, 88.022
Yxy	16.0819, 0.3828, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286475850 (0xFF7E6E4A)
YUV	110.6800, -18.0832, 13.4356
Hunter-Lab	40.1022, -1.5597, 15.1051

# Details

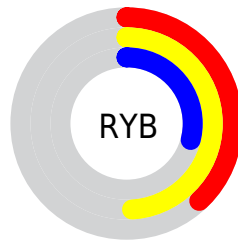
The Android color **4286475850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4283062910**, and the grayscale version is **4285493103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290027899**, and **4283186973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286474813**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286476887**.

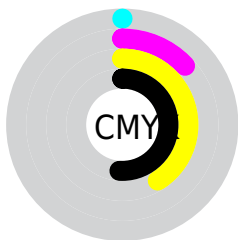
# Distribution



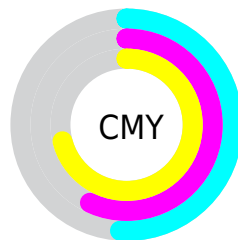
- Red (49%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286475850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286475850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286475850



4286475850

4294967295



4284765747



4290027899



4283186973



4291869845



4281608454



4293712048



4280161536



4294964683



4278190080



4294967272



4286475850



4286475850



4286474813



4286476887



4286473777



4286477923

■ 4286472740

■ 4286478960

■ 4286471704

■ 4286479996

■ 4286470923

■ 4286480777

■ 4286469888

■ 4286481814

■ 4286482850

■ 4286483887

■ 4286484923

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287457360



4286475850



4285166670

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286475850



4281563777



4286997892

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286475850



4283062910

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285623185



4286475850



4282152847

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286475850



4282350190



4283789973



4287849074

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286475850



4284249942



4283789973



4286605193



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286475850



4288912784



4286466650



4283584070



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286475850



4288907858



4285824586



4282400313



4286601216



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283062910



4283591587



4283714174



4281940800



4278200192



4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286475850 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

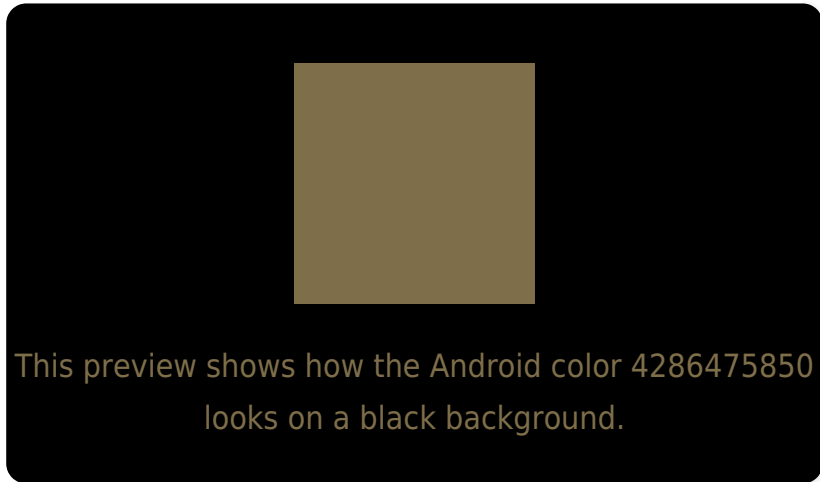
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286475850 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286475850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286475850.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286475850

**Protanopia**  
4286148683

**Deuteranopia**  
4286999371



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286475850

**Protanomaly**  
4286279499

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286803019

**Tritanomaly**  
4286671715

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286475850

**Achromatopsia**  
4285493103

**Achromatomaly**  
4285820770

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286475850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 110, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 110, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 110, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 110, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286475850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 110, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 110, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 110, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 110, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 110, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 110,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286475850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 110, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
110, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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