

# Converting Colors

Android(4286535528)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286535528) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286535528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F5768
RGB	127, 87, 104
RGB Percent	50%, 34%, 41%
CMY	0.5020, 0.6588, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.18, 0.50
HSL	334°, 19%, 42%
HSV	334°, 31%, 50%
XYZ	14.6593, 12.3279, 14.7036
YIQ	100.8980, 18.3830, 13.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

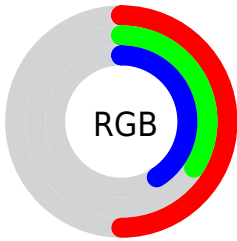
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 87, 104
Decimal	8345448
CIE Lab	41.73, 19.29, -3.07
CIE LCh	42, 19.535, 350.959
Yxy	12.3279, 0.3516, 0.2957
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286535528 (0xFF7F5768)
YUV	100.8980, 1.5293, 22.8915
Hunter-Lab	35.1111, 13.0814, -0.2513

# Details

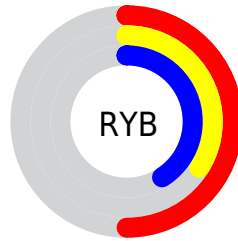
The Android color `4286535528` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `996666`. A complement of this color would be `4283924334`, and the grayscale version is `4284835173`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290021787`, and `4283246905` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286532193`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286538863`.

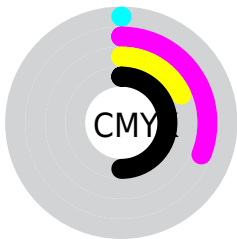
# Distribution



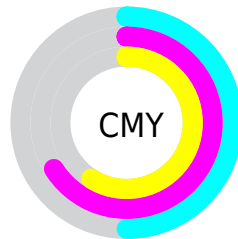
- Red (50%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286535528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286535528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286535528



4286535528

4294967295



4284825424



4290021787



4283246905



4291863734



4281668388



4293771217



4280418318



4294958062



4278190080



4294965247



4286535528



4286535528



4286532193



4286538863



4286529113



4286541943

■ 4286525778

■ 4286545278

■ 4286522443

■ 4286548613

■ 4286519363

■ 4286551949

■ 4286516028

■ 4286555028

■ 4286513206

■ 4286558363

■ 4286561698

■ 4286564778

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285684599



4286535528



4286797656

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286535528



4284638532



4281624955

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286535528



4283924334

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281428845



4286535528



4283459918

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286535528



4285685827



4282280797



4282869122

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286535528



4286601550



4282280797



4281428599



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286535528



4289107869



4285421439



4283714383



4292138196



4283716692



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286535528



4289095554



4286536279



4282399036



4286578742



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286535528



4289095554



4283923583



4282399036



4286578742

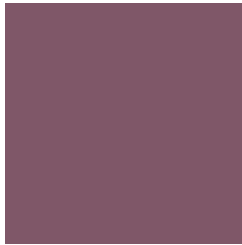


4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286535528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

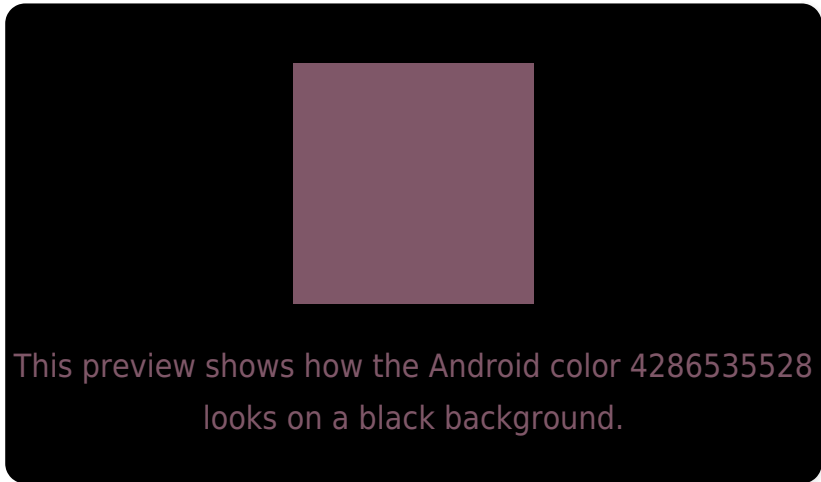
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

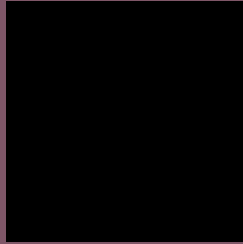
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286535528 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286535528.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286535528.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286535528

**Protanopia**  
4284572271

**Deuteranopia**  
4285227110



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286535528

**Protanomaly**  
4285292140

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285685095

**Tritanomaly**  
4286470242

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286535528

**Achromatopsia**  
4284835173

**Achromatomaly**  
4285423718

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286535528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 87, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 87, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 87, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 87, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286535528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 87, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 87, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 87, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 87, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 87, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 87,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286535528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 87, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 87,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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