

# Converting Colors

Android(4286543225)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286543225) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286543225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7F7579
RGB	127, 117, 121
RGB Percent	50%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5412, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.05, 0.50
HSL	336°, 4%, 48%
HSV	336°, 8%, 50%
XYZ	18.5649, 18.6151, 20.7038
YIQ	120.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

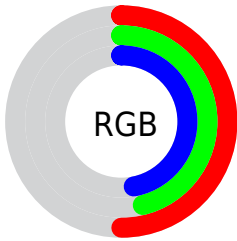
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 117, 121
Decimal	8353145
CIE Lab	50.23, 4.61, -0.81
CIE LCh	50, 4.685, 350.027
Yxy	18.6151, 0.3207, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286543225 (0xFF7F7579)
YUV	120.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479
Hunter-Lab	43.1452, 1.3024, 1.7506

# Details

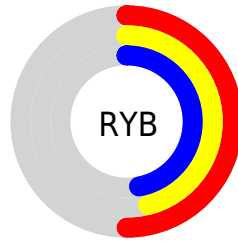
The Android color `4286543225` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4285890427`, and the grayscale version is `4286085240`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290029997`, and `4283319625` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286539889`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286546561`.

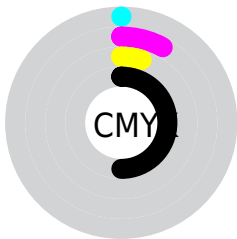
# Distribution



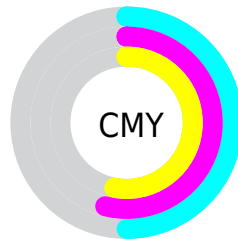
- Red (50%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286543225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286543225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286543225



4286543225

4294967295



4284898400



4290029997



4283319625



4291806409



4281806642



4293648613



4280424989

4294966783



4278976515



4278190080



4286543225



4286543225



4286539889



4286546561



4286536810



4286549640

 4286533474

 4286552976

 4286530139

 4286556311

 4286526803

 4286559391

 4286523723

 4286562727

 4286520388

 4286566062

 4286517052

 4286569398

 4286513972

 4286572478

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286346877



4286543225



4286608757

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286543225



4286085232



4285495677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286543225



4285890427

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285430394



4286543225



4285757810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286543225



4286347120



4285561462



4285692031

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286543225



4286608755



4285561462



4285430396



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286543225



4289110692



4286281087



4283716179



4292138196



4283716692



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286543225



4289107869



4286543477



4282399036



4286578739



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286543225



4289107869



4285890175



4282399036



4286578739



4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286543225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

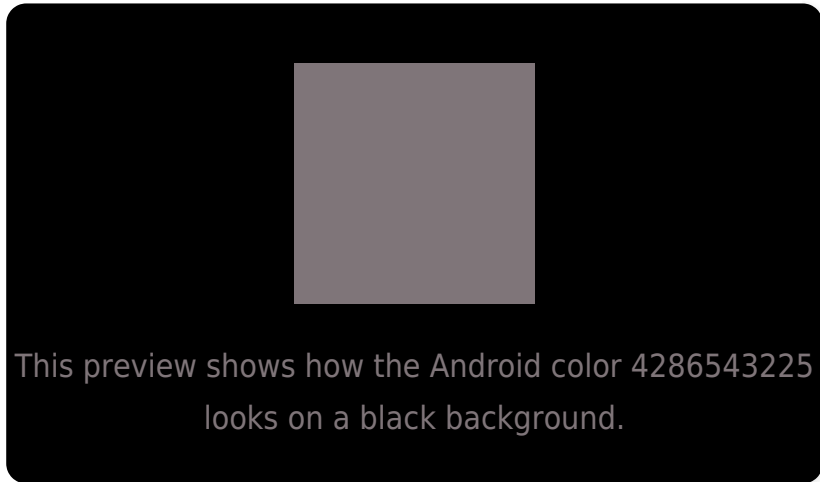
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

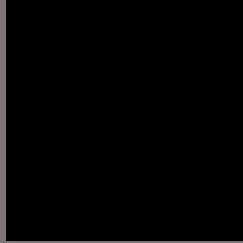
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286543225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286543225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286543225.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4286543225

**Protanopia**

4286150522

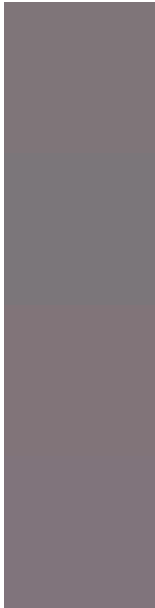
**Deuteranopia**

4286739577



**Tritanopia**  
4286608509

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4286543225

**Protanomaly**

4286281338

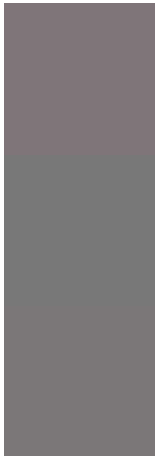
**Deuteranomaly**

4286674041

**Tritanomaly**

4286608508

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4286543225

**Achromatopsia**

4286085240

**Achromatomaly**

4286281592

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286543225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 117, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 117, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 117, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 117, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286543225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 117, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 117, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 117, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 117, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 117, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 117,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286543225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 117, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
117, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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