

Converting Colors

Android(4286545536)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4286545536) contains.

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Color

Android(4286545536)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7E80
RGB	127, 126, 128
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5059, 0.4980
CMYK	0.01, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	270°, 1%, 50%
HSV	270°, 2%, 50%
XYZ	20.1095, 20.9922, 23.4141
YIQ	126.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

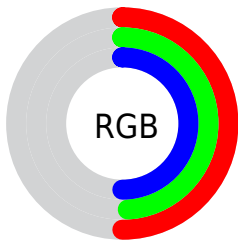
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 126, 128
Decimal	8355456
CIE _{Lab}	52.94, 0.78, -0.96
CIE _{LCh}	53, 1.234, 309.064
Yxy	20.9922, 0.3117, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286545536 (0xFF7F7E80)
YUV	126.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148
Hunter-Lab	45.8173, -1.8354, 1.7730

Details

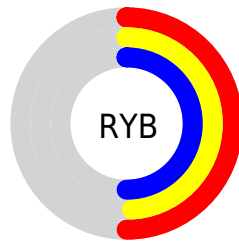
The Android color `4286545536` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4286546046`, and the grayscale version is `4286545791`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290032565`, and `4283321679` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286148992`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286942080`.

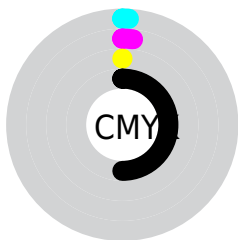
Distribution



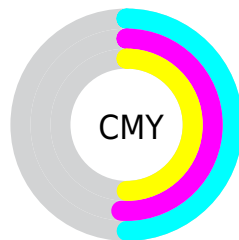
- Red (50%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286545536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286545536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4286545536



4286545536

4294967295



4284900711



4290032565



4283321679



4291808976



4281808440



4293651181



4280426787



4278979085



4278190080



4286545536



4286545536



4286148992



4286942080



4285686912



4287404160

4285290624

4287800448

4284828544

4288262528

4284432000

4288659072

4284035456

4289055616

4283573376

4289517696

4283177088

4289913984

4282715008

4290376064

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286480000



4286545536



4286611071

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286545536



4286611068



4286349183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286545536



4286546046

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286414718



4286545536



4286545532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286545536



4286676605



4286480253



4286349184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286545536



4286676606



4286480253



4286349182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286545536



4289111718



4286480256



4283716692



4292138196

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286545536



4288979622



4286611072



4282334784



4282384512



4278190080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286611071



4289110692



4286480510



4282400319



4286578752



4278190080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286545536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

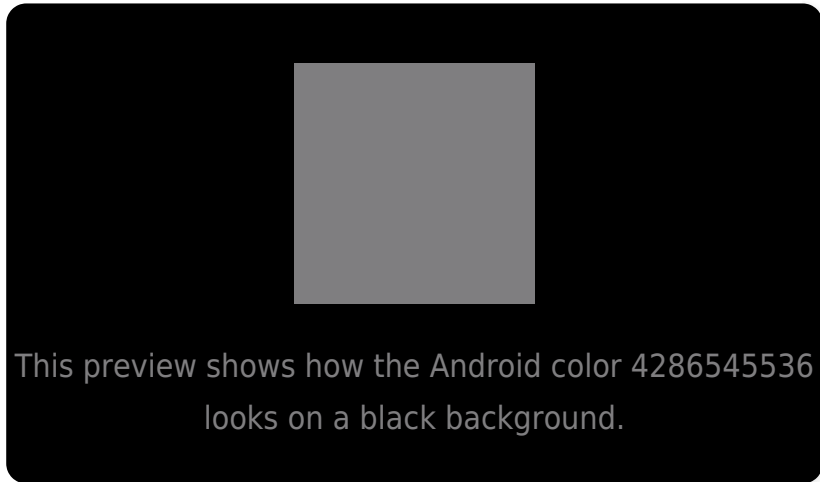
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

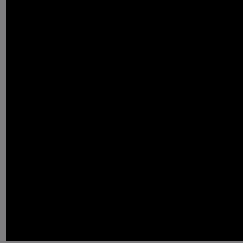
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

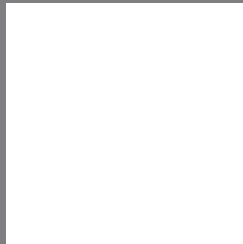
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4286545536 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286545536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286545536.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
4286545536

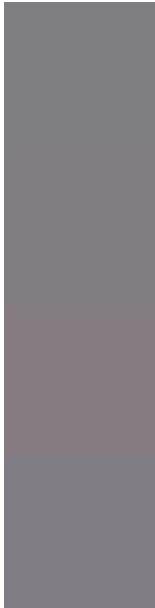
Protanopia
4286611072

Deuteranopia
4287199873



Tritanopia
4286610823

Trichromacy



Original Color

4286545536

Protanomaly

4286611072

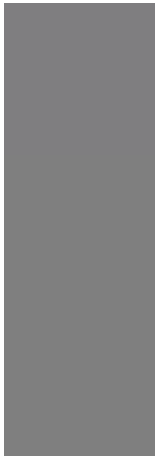
Deuteranomaly

4286937985

Tritanomaly

4286610820

Monochromacy



Original Color

4286545536

Achromatopsia

4286545791

Achromatomaly

4286545791

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286545536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 126, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 126, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 126, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 126, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286545536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 126, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 126, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 126, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 126, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 126, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 126,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286545536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 126, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
126, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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