

# Converting Colors

Android(4286687209)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286687209) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4286687209)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81A7E9
RGB	129, 167, 233
RGB Percent	51%, 65%, 91%
CMY	0.4941, 0.3451, 0.0863
CMYK	0.45, 0.28, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	218°, 70%, 71%
HSV	218°, 45%, 91%
XYZ	37.5800, 38.1878, 82.4811
YIQ	163.1620, -43.8340, 12.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

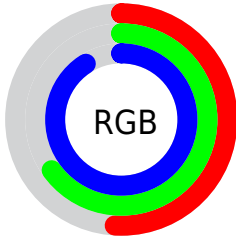
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	129, 157, 233
Decimal	8497129
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.16, 4.23, -37.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 37.455, 276.480
Yxy	38.1878, 0.2375, 0.2413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286687209 (0xFF81A7E9)
YUV	163.1620, 34.4301, -29.9601
Hunter-Lab	61.7962, 0.4072, -35.8786

# Details

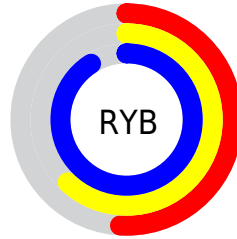
The Android color `4286687209` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `4293510017`, and the grayscale version is `4288914339`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290436863`, and `4283003825` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285176041`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288198377`.

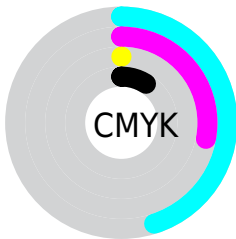
# Distribution



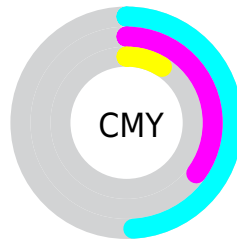
- Red (51%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)

















- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286687209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286687209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286687209	 4286687209
4294967295	 4284845517
 4290436863	 4283003825
 4292344575	 4280966038
 4294246399	 4278207612
	 4278201955
	 4278196810
	 4278191155
	 4278190621
	 4278190080

■ 4286687209

■ 4286687209

■ 4285176041

■ 4288198377

■ 4283599337

■ 4289775081

■ 4282088425

■ 4291285993

■ 4280577257

■ 4292797161

■ 4279000553

■ 4294373865

■ 4278212073

■ 4294967273

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282692067



4286687209



4290026461

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286687209



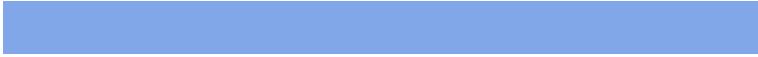
4293234816



4284987018

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286687209



4293510017

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287737967



4286687209



4292057961

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286687209



4293364896



4290094946



4281776301

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286687209



4291662796



4290094946



4285969536

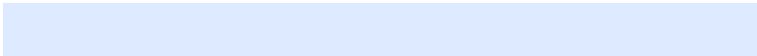


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286687209



4292799231



4286704067



4285232000



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286687209



4285901055



4287594985



4285165173



4278207157



4278195254



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293493159



4294931880



4292602241



4285885038



4290052162



4281729044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286687209 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

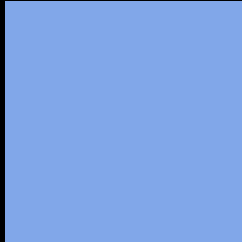
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286687209 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286687209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286687209.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286687209.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286687209

**Protanopia**  
4287734758

**Deuteranopia**  
4287472874



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286687209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 167, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 167, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 167, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 167, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286687209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 167, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 167, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 167, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 167, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 167, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 167,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286687209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 167, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
167, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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