

# Converting Colors

Android(4286715475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286715475) contains.

<b>Android(4286715475)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4286715475)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	821653
RGB	130, 22, 83
RGB Percent	51%, 9%, 33%
CMY	0.4902, 0.9137, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.36, 0.49
HSL	326°, 71%, 30%
HSV	326°, 83%, 51%
XYZ	11.0542, 5.9442, 8.7483
YIQ	61.2460, 44.7870, 41.8670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

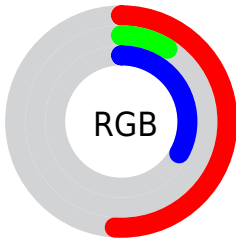
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 22, 83
Decimal	8525395
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.27, 48.93, -8.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 49.617, 350.431
Yxy	5.9442, 0.4293, 0.2309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286715475 (0xFF821653)
YUV	61.2460, 10.7247, 60.2973
Hunter-Lab	24.3807, 38.2654, -4.2081

# Details

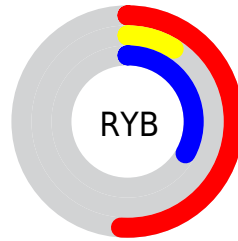
The Android color **4286715475** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **4279665221**, and the grayscale version is **4282203453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290465668**, and **4283170854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286712141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286718809**.

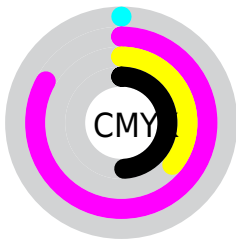
# Distribution



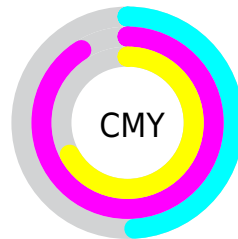
- Red (51%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286715475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286715475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286715475



4286715475

4294967295



4284940348



4290465668



4283170854



4292373151



4281597969



4294280633



4278648832



4294942933



4278190080



4294950130



4294957567



4294964991



4286715475



4286715475

■ 4286712141

■ 4286718809

■ 4286709833

■ 4286722142

■ 4286725476

■ 4286728810

■ 4286732143

■ 4286735477

■ 4286738811

■ 4286742144

■ 4286745478

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284886135



4286715475



4287043373

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286715475



4282141440



4278211712

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286715475



4279665221

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278212191



4286715475



4278211085

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286715475



4284432128



4278211895



4278209937

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286715475



4286522900



4278211895



4278211958



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286715475



4289232534



4282717826



4283710281



4292138196



4283716692



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286715475



4289200223



4286715421



4282399037



4286578760



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286715475



4289200223



4279665275



4282399037



4286578760

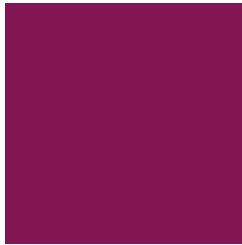


4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286715475 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

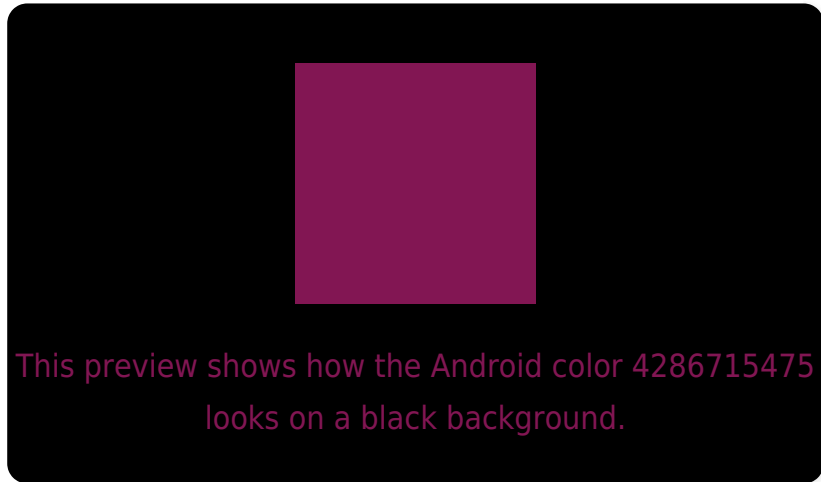
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

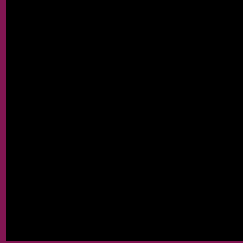
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286715475 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286715475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286715475.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286715475

**Protanopia**  
4281681266

**Deuteranopia**  
4283123022



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286715475

**Protanomaly**  
4283511911

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284429392

**Tritanomaly**  
4286586935

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286715475

**Achromatopsia**  
4282203453

**Achromatomaly**  
4283838277

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286715475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 22, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 22, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 22, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 22, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286715475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 22, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 22, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 22, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 22, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 22, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 22,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286715475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 22, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 22,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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