

# Converting Colors

Android(4286744034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286744034) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4286744034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8285E2
RGB	130, 133, 226
RGB Percent	51%, 52%, 89%
CMY	0.4902, 0.4784, 0.1137
CMYK	0.42, 0.41, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	238°, 62%, 70%
HSV	238°, 42%, 89%
XYZ	31.3209, 27.0119, 75.5145
YIQ	142.7050, -31.6410, 28.2870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

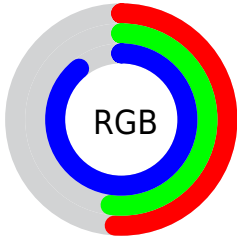
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">130, 133, 226</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8553954</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">58.99, 22.14, -47.75</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">59, 52.633, 294.881</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.0119, 0.2340, 0.2018</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286744034 (0xFF8285E2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">142.7050, 41.0644, -11.1423</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">51.9729, 16.6184, -49.7648</a>

# Details

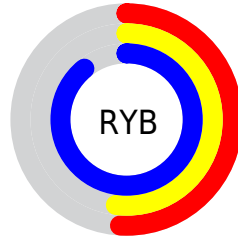
The Android color `4286744034` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999FF`. A complement of this color would be `4293058434`, and the grayscale version is `4287532686`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290493183`, and `4283061418` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285231074`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288256994`.

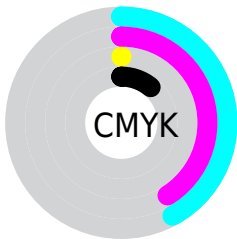
# Distribution



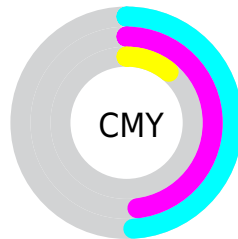
- Red (51%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286744034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286744034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286744034

 4286744034

4294967295

 4284902598

 4290493183

 4283061418

 4292400895

 4281089423

 4294308607

 4278200181

 4278195292

 4278190148

 4278190893

 4278190359

 4278190080

■ 4286744034

■ 4286744034

■ 4285231074

■ 4288256994

■ 4283783650

■ 4289704418

■ 4282270690

■ 4291217378

■ 4280823266

■ 4292664802

■ 4279310562

■ 4294177506

■ 4278192098

■ 4294967266

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278228458



4286744034



4290736836

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286744034



4291852099



4278232196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286744034



4293058434

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282818646



4286744034



4289628460

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286744034



4293027946



4286682932



4278232243

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286744034



4292241575



4286682932



4278231924



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286744034



4292796415



4286767839



4285230208



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286744034



4286415359



4289692386



4284835184



4278191536



4278190640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293034629



4294933889



4290110082



4285556069



4289724421

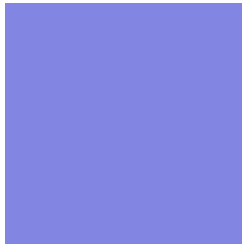


4281335810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286744034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

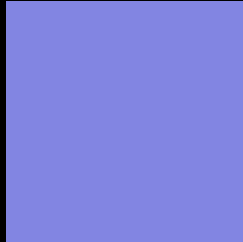
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286744034 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286744034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286744034.

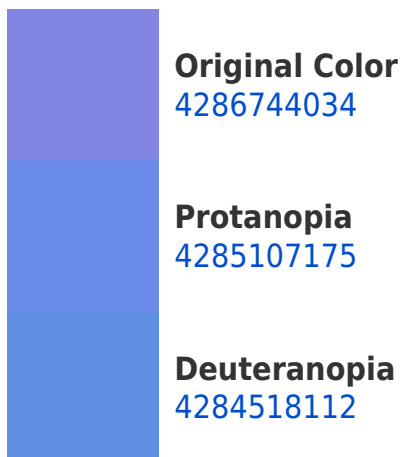


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286744034.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286744034

**Protanomaly**  
4285696485

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285303777

**Tritanomaly**  
4286025399

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286744034

**Achromatopsia**  
4287598479

**Achromatomaly**  
4287269805

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286744034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 133, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 133, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 133, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 133, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286744034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 133, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 133, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 133, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 133, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 133, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 133,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286744034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 133, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
133, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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