

# Converting Colors

Android(4286811554)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286811554) contains.

<b>Android(4286811554)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4286811554)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	838DA2
RGB	131, 141, 162
RGB Percent	51%, 55%, 64%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4471, 0.3647
CMYK	0.19, 0.13, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	221°, 14%, 57%
HSV	221°, 19%, 64%
XYZ	25.4065, 26.4837, 37.9552
YIQ	140.4040, -12.7010, 4.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

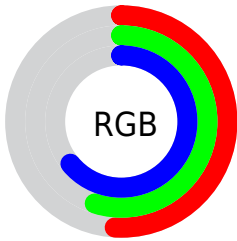
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	131, 139, 162
Decimal	8621474
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.49, 0.99, -12.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 12.359, 274.615
Yxy	26.4837, 0.2828, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286811554 (0xFF838DA2)
YUV	140.4040, 10.6468, -8.2473
Hunter-Lab	51.4623, -1.9350, -7.7048

# Details

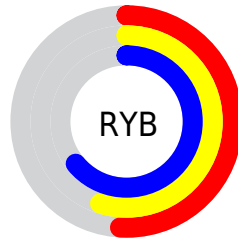
The Android color `4286811554` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `4288845955`, and the grayscale version is `4287401100`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290298841`, and `4283521902` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285760162`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287862946`.

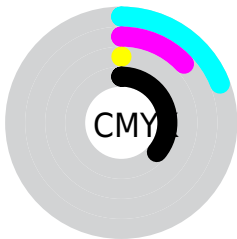
# Distribution



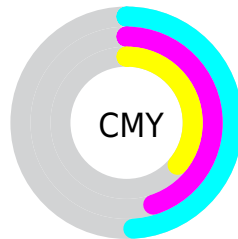
- Red (51%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286811554 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286811554 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4286811554

■ 4286811554

4294967295

■ 4285166728

■ 4290298841

■ 4283521902

■ 4292140789

■ 4282008662

■ 4294048767

■ 4280495423

■ 4279114025

■ 4278190356

■ 4278190080

■ 4286811554

■ 4286811554

■ 4285760162

■ 4287862946

■ 4284708770

■ 4288914338

■ 4283591842

■ 4290031266

■ 4282540450

■ 4291082658

■ 4281489058

■ 4292134050

■ 4280437666

■ 4293185442

■ 4279386274

■ 4294236834

■ 4278269346

■ 4294960546

■ 4278203554

■ 4294963362

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286025888



4286811554



4287728030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286811554



4288906881



4286288515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286811554



4288845955

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287074427



4286811554



4288579961

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286811554



4288906635



4287925367



4285764494

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286811554



4288251801



4287925367



4286550400

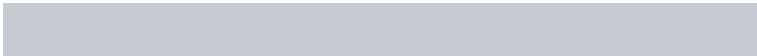


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286811554



4291283924



4286816920



4284769899



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286811554



4288918484



4287136674



4282993746



4278202257



4278191634



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288840589



4292125619



4288520835



4283582796



4287692847



4279369734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286811554 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

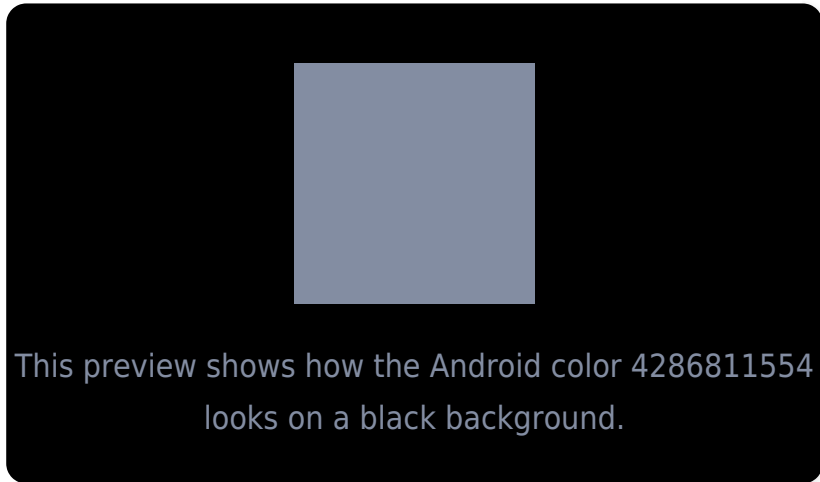
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

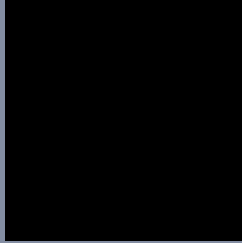
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

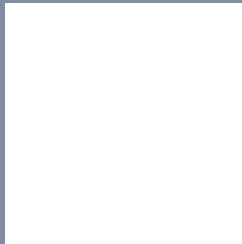
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286811554 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286811554.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286811554.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286811554

**Protanopia**  
4287204257

**Deuteranopia**  
4287596963



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4286811554

**Protanomaly**

4287073441

**Deuteranomaly**

4287335075

**Tritanomaly**

4286746269

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4286811554

**Achromatopsia**

4287401100

**Achromatomaly**

4287204500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286811554 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 141, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 141, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 141, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 141, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286811554 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 141, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 141, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 141, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 141, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 141, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 141,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286811554 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 141, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
141, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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