

# Converting Colors

Android(4286843951)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286843951) contains.

<b>Android(4286843951)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4286843951)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	840C2F
RGB	132, 12, 47
RGB Percent	52%, 5%, 18%
CMY	0.4824, 0.9529, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.64, 0.48
HSL	342°, 83%, 28%
HSV	342°, 91%, 52%
XYZ	10.1603, 5.3737, 3.1910
YIQ	51.8700, 60.2850, 36.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

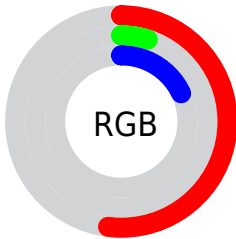
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	132, 12, 47
Decimal	8653871
CIELab	27.77, 48.62, 13.81
CIELCh	28, 50.539, 15.858
Yxy	5.3737, 0.5426, 0.2870
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286843951 (0xFF840C2F)
YUV	51.8700, -2.4009, 70.2740
Hunter-Lab	23.1813, 37.6688, 8.0652




# Details

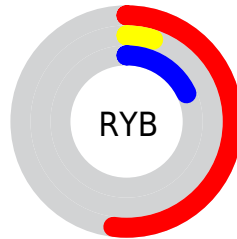
The Android color **4286843951** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **4279010401**, and the grayscale version is **4281611316**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290726237**, and **4283170816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286840871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286847288**.

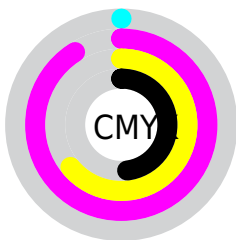
# Distribution







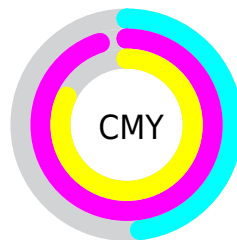
-  Red (52%)
-  Green (5%)
-  Blue (18%)






-  Red (52%)
-  Yellow (5%)
-  Blue (18%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (91%)
-  Yellow (64%)
-  Black (48%)



-  Cyan (48%)
-  Magenta (95%)
-  Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286843951 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286843951 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286843951



4286843951

4294967295



4284940315



4290726237



4283170816



4292699253



4281401346



4294672271



4278190080



4294941353



4294948548



4294956000



4294963453



4286843951



4286843951

■ 4286840871

■ 4286847288

■ 4286850626

■ 4286854219

■ 4286857556

■ 4286860894

■ 4286864231

■ 4286867568

■ 4286871162

■ 4286874499

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286320982



4286843951



4286129416

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286843951



4278275328



4278209422

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286843951



4279010401

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278210937



4286843951



4278210861

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286843951



4282336768



4278211158



4278206349

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286843951



4285149952



4278211158



4278210185



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286843951



4289428874



4284484740



4283906883



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286843951



4289396786



4286850060



4282530878



4286709798



4278386689



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286843951



4289396786



4279004292



4282530878



4286709798

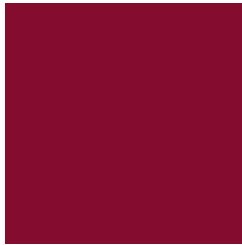


4278386689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286843951 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

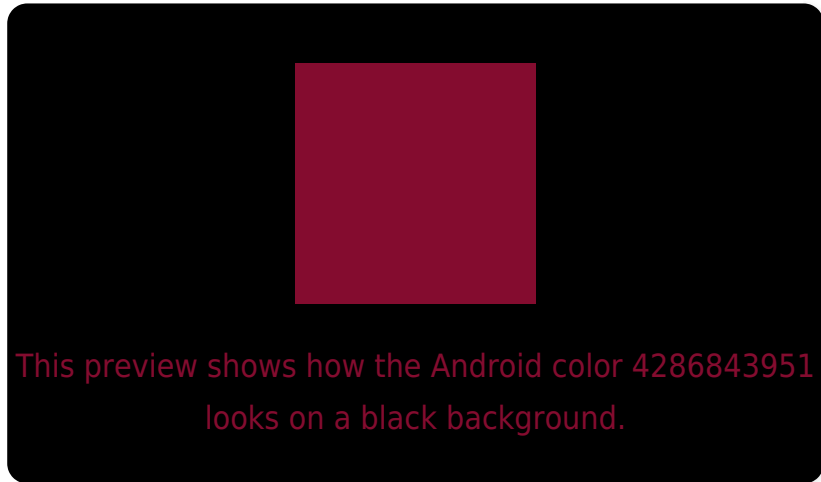
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286843951 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286843951.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286843951.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286843951

**Protanopia**  
4282729540

**Deuteranopia**  
4283580713



# Trichromacy



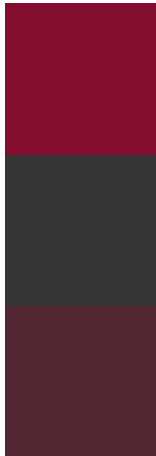
**Original Color**  
4286843951

**Protanomaly**  
4284231740

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284755499

**Tritanomaly**  
4286779934

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286843951

**Achromatopsia**  
4281611316

**Achromatomaly**  
4283508018

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286843951 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 12, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 12, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 12, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 12, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286843951 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 12, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 12, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 12, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 12, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 12, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 12,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286843951 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 12, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 12,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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