

# Converting Colors

Android(4286915602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286915602) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286915602)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	852412
RGB	133, 36, 18
RGB Percent	52%, 14%, 7%
CMY	0.4784, 0.8588, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.86, 0.48
HSL	9°, 76%, 30%
HSV	9°, 86%, 52%
XYZ	10.4129, 6.2920, 1.2379
YIQ	62.9510, 63.5900, 14.9660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

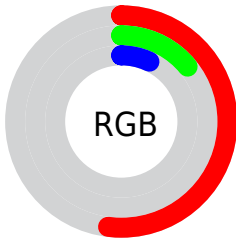
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	133, 39, 18
Decimal	8725522
CIE Lab	30.14, 40.38, 34.58
CIE LCh	30, 53.160, 40.572
Yxy	6.2920, 0.5803, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286915602 (0xFF852412)
YUV	62.9510, -22.1608, 61.4330
Hunter-Lab	25.0838, 30.2032, 14.6326

# Details

The Android color **4286915602** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **4279399301**, and the grayscale version is **4282335039**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290861119**, and **4283105280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286912773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286918431**.

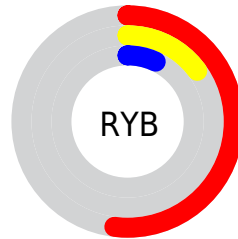
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (14%)

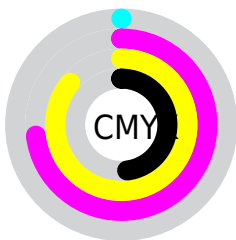
Blue (7%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (7%)

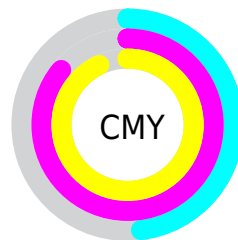


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286915602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286915602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286915602



4286915602



4294967287



4285006848



4290861119



4283105280



4292833622



4281532418



4294872175



4278190080



4294944649



4294951843



4294959294



4294966746



4286915602



4286915602

■ 4286912773

■ 4286918431

■ 4286911744

■ 4286921261

■ 4286924346

■ 4286927175

■ 4286930004

■ 4286932834

■ 4286935919

■ 4286938748

■ 4286941578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287499066



4286915602



4285348608

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286915602



4278212393



4278208665

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286915602



4279399301

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278211478



4286915602



4278212949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286915602



4279718656



4278212732



4284036231

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286915602



4283909632



4278212732



4278209691



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286915602



4289562496



4286911092



4283908156



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286915602



4289534720



4286930194



4282531132



4286714880



4278386688



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279399301



4278227629



4279384709



4282138946



4278218370



4278190595



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286915602 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

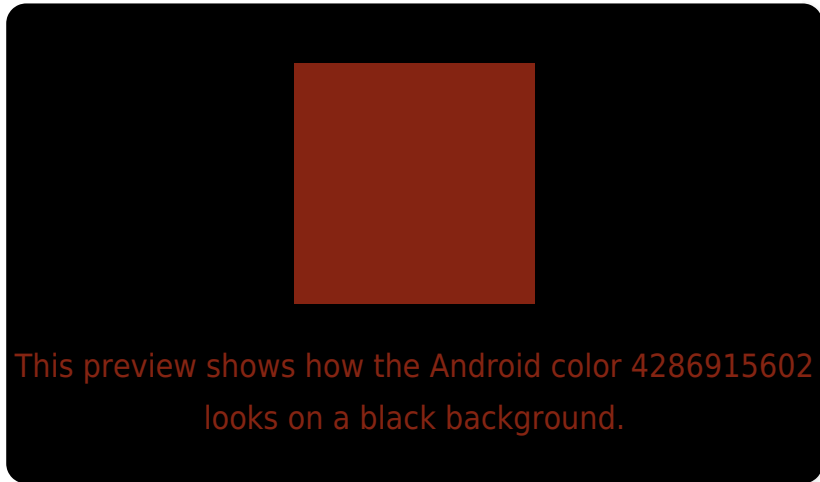
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286915602 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286915602.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286915602.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286915602

**Protanopia**  
4283517211

**Deuteranopia**  
4284237056



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4286915602

**Protanomaly**  
4284759064

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285217031

**Tritanomaly**  
4286915357

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286915602

**Achromatopsia**  
4282335039

**Achromatomaly**  
4283970863

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286915602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 36, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 36, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 36, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 36, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286915602 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 36, 18) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 36, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 36, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 36, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 36, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 36,  
18) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286915602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 36, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 36,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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