

# Converting Colors

Android(4286935422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286935422) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4286935422)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	85717E
RGB	133, 113, 126
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 49%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5569, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.05, 0.48
HSL	321°, 8%, 48%
HSV	321°, 15%, 52%
XYZ	19.3439, 18.3032, 22.2520
YIQ	120.4620, 7.7470, 8.2830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

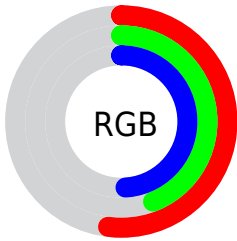
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	133, 113, 126
Decimal	8745342
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.86, 10.22, -4.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 11.069, 337.415
Yxy	18.3032, 0.3229, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286935422 (0xFF85717E)
YUV	120.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958
Hunter-Lab	42.7822, 5.8396, -0.8905

# Details

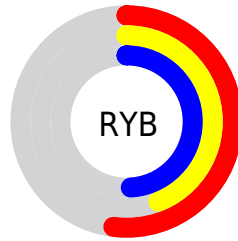
The Android color `4286935422` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `4285629816`, and the grayscale version is `4286085240`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290422195`, and `4283646285` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286932089`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4286938755`.

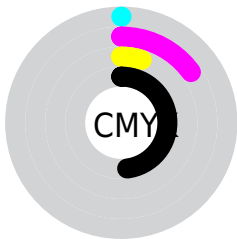
# Distribution



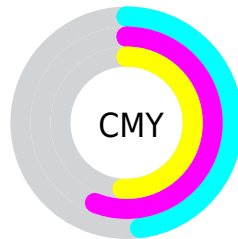
- Red (52%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286935422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286935422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4286935422



4286935422

4294967295



4285290597



4290422195



4283646285



4292264142



4282133302



4294106346



4280686113



4294965503



4279369738



4278190080



4286935422



4286935422



4286932089



4286938755




4286928501



4286942343

 4286925168

 4286945676

 4286921835

 4286949009

 4286918247

 4286952597

 4286914914

 4286955930

 4286911581

 4286959263

 4286908249

 4286962595

 4286906454

 4286966184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286280582



4286935422



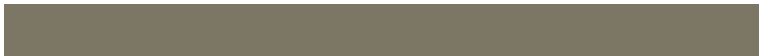
4287262837

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286935422



4286347108



4284447618

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286935422



4285629816

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284513401



4286935422



4285626984

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286935422



4286936166



4284971887



4284775048

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286935422



4287328622



4284971887



4284382335



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286935422



4289570218



4286083461



4283912533



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286935422



4289564322



4286935412



4282530880



4286709845



4278386690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286935422



4289564322



4285629826



4282530880



4286709845



4278386690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286935422 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

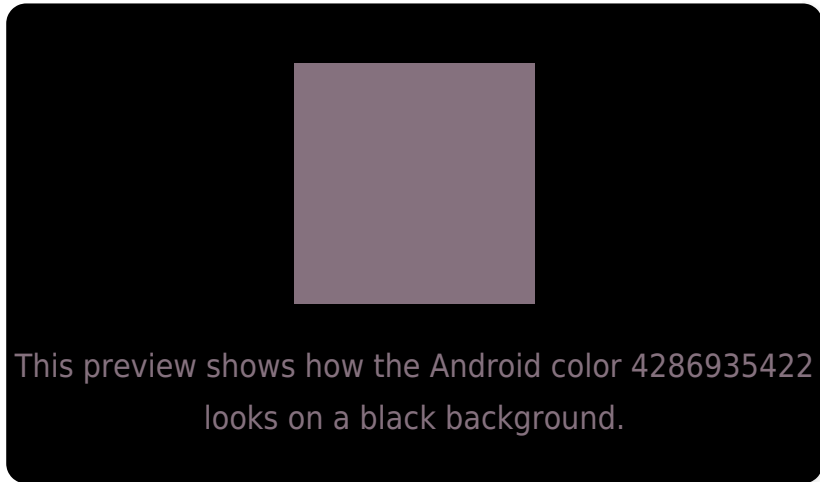
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

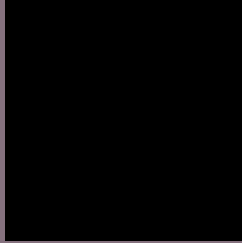
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286935422 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286935422.

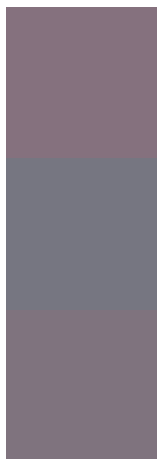


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286935422.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4286935422

**Protanopia**

4285953665

**Deuteranopia**

4286542718



**Tritanopia**  
4286935674

# Trichromacy



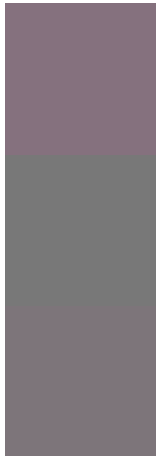
**Original Color**  
4286935422

**Protanomaly**  
4286280832

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286673534

**Tritanomaly**  
4286935675

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286935422

**Achromatopsia**  
4286085240

**Achromatomaly**  
4286412154

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286935422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 113, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 113, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 113, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 113, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286935422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 113, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 113, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 113, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 113, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 113, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 113,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286935422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 113, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
113, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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