

# Converting Colors

Android(4286981434)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4286981434) contains.

<b>Android(4286981434)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4286981434)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86253A
RGB	134, 37, 58
RGB Percent	53%, 15%, 23%
CMY	0.4745, 0.8549, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.57, 0.47
HSL	347°, 57%, 34%
HSV	347°, 72%, 53%
XYZ	11.2568, 6.6970, 4.7023
YIQ	68.3970, 51.0710, 27.0950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

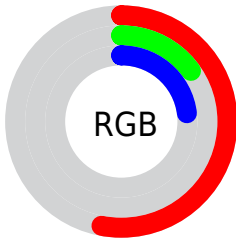
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	134, 37, 58
Decimal	8791354
CIELab	31.11, 42.50, 11.05
CIElCh	31, 43.910, 14.574
Yxy	6.6970, 0.4969, 0.2956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286981434 (0xFF86253A)
YUV	68.3970, -5.1257, 57.5338
Hunter-Lab	25.8785, 32.3579, 7.3415

# Details

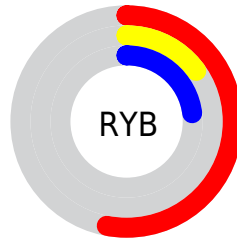
The Android color **4286981434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **4280649329**, and the grayscale version is **4282664004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290795881**, and **4283367440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4286978096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4286984772**.

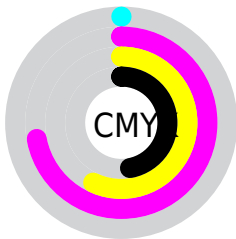
# Distribution



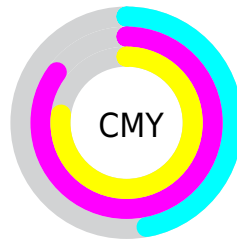
- Red (53%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4286981434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4286981434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4286981434

 4286981434

4294967295

 4285137957

 4290795881

 4283367440

 4292703362

 4281729025

 4294676124

 4278910976

 4294945463

 4278190080

 4294952658

 4294959855

 4286981434

 4286981434

 4286978096

 4286984772

■ 4286974501

■ 4286988367

■ 4286971933

■ 4286991705

■ 4286995300

■ 4286998638

■ 4287001977

■ 4287005571

■ 4287008910

■ 4287012504

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286392412



4286981434



4286394906

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4286981434



4280308755



4278211212

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4286981434



4280649329

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278212473



4286981434



4278212662

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4286981434



4283059456



4278212954



4279912588

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4286981434



4285545476



4278212954



4278211719



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4286981434



4289562512



4285605254



4283908165



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4286981434



4289533751



4286988325



4282530877



4286709788



4278386689



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286981434



4289533751



4280642438



4282530877



4286709788

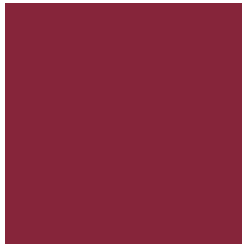


4278386689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4286981434 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

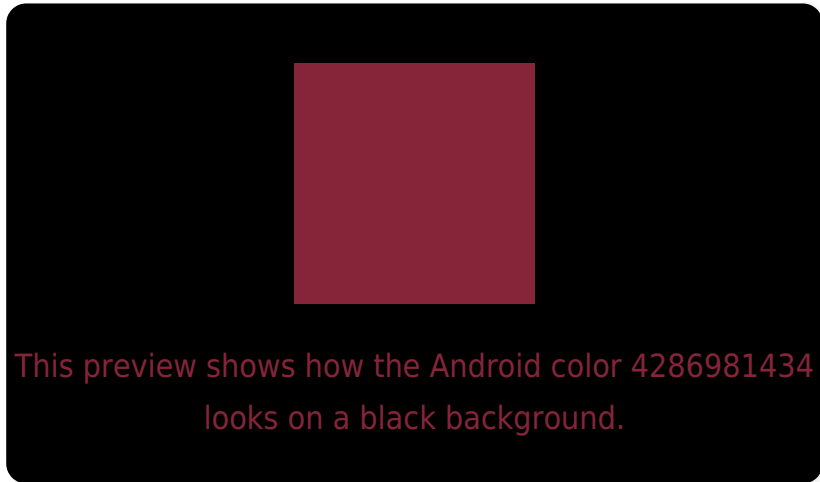
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4286981434 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4286981434.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4286981434.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4286981434

**Protanopia**

4283124300

**Deuteranopia**

4283975477



# Trichromacy



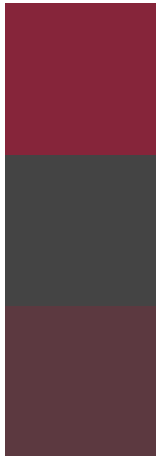
**Original Color**  
4286981434

**Protanomaly**  
4284497221

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285086519

**Tritanomaly**  
4286916400

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4286981434

**Achromatopsia**  
4282664004

**Achromatomaly**  
4284234048

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4286981434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 37, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 37, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 37, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 37, 58) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4286981434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 37, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 37, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 37, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 37, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 37, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 37,  
58) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4286981434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 37, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 37,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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