

# Converting Colors

Android(4287004495)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287004495) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4287004495)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	867F4F
RGB	134, 127, 79
RGB Percent	53%, 50%, 31%
CMY	0.4745, 0.5020, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.41, 0.47
HSL	52°, 26%, 42%
HSV	52°, 41%, 53%
XYZ	18.8322, 20.8116, 10.4216
YIQ	123.6210, 19.5800, -13.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

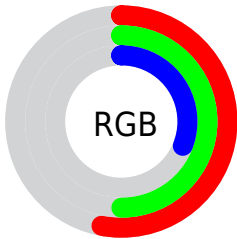
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	87, 134, 79
Decimal	8814415
CIELab	52.74, -4.81, 27.04
CIElCh	53, 27.461, 100.097
Yxy	20.8116, 0.3762, 0.4157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287004495 (0xFF867F4F)
YUV	123.6210, -21.9982, 9.1024
Hunter-Lab	45.6197, -6.1483, 18.3893

# Details

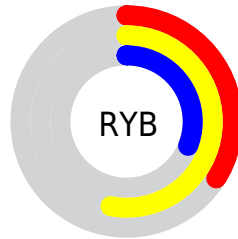
The Android color `4287004495` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999966`. A complement of this color would be `4283389574`, and the grayscale version is `4286348412`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290557057`, and `4283649569` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4287003970`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287005020`.

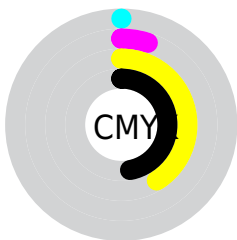
# Distribution



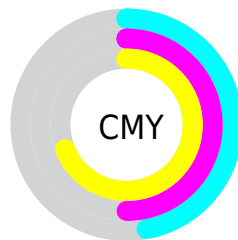
- Red (53%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287004495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287004495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287004495



4287004495

4294967295



4285294136



4290557057



4283649569



4292399003



4282070795



4294306742



4280623616



4294967250



4278390016



4294967278



4278190080



4287004495



4287004495



4287003970



4287005020



4287003700



4287005290

■ 4287003175

■ 4287005815

■ 4287002649

■ 4287006341

■ 4287002124

■ 4287006866

■ 4287001856

■ 4287007135

■ 4287007661

■ 4287008186

■ 4287008456

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288378706



4287004495



4285302105

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287004495



4280977819



4288835214

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287004495



4283389574

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287329698



4287004495



4282680746

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287004495



4281633669



4285169068



4289490039

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287004495



4284057702



4285169068



4288442518



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287004495



4289571737



4286992214



4283913547



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287004495



4289569624



4285695567



4282532156



4286738688



4278387200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283389574



4283982765



4284698502



4282137922



4278194562



4278190083



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287004495 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

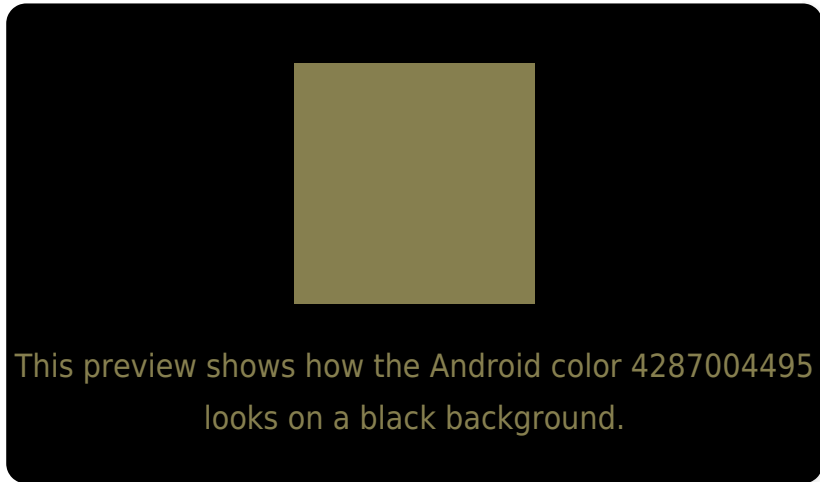
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

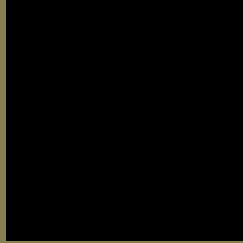
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287004495 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287004495.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287004495.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


[4287004495](#)

**Protanopia**

[4287200847](#)

**Deuteranopia**

[4288182352](#)



**Tritanopia**  
4287396226

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287004495

**Protanomaly**  
4287135311

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287724368

**Tritanomaly**  
4287265647

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287004495

**Achromatopsia**  
4286348412

**Achromatomaly**  
4286610796

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287004495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 127, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 127, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 127, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 127, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287004495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 127, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 127, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 127, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 127, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 127, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 127,  
79) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287004495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 127, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
127, 79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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