

# Converting Colors

Android(4287081637)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287081637) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4287081637)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87ACA5
RGB	135, 172, 165
RGB Percent	53%, 67%, 65%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3255, 0.3529
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.04, 0.33
HSL	169°, 18%, 60%
HSV	169°, 22%, 67%
XYZ	31.5357, 37.3726, 41.1488
YIQ	160.1390, -19.8050, -10.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

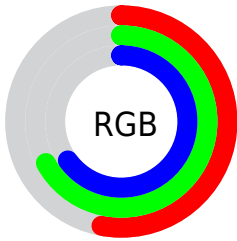
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">135, 155, 172</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8891557</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.56, -14.01, -0.54</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 14.019, 182.194</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.3726, 0.2865, 0.3396</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287081637 (0xFF87ACA5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.1390, 2.3965, -22.0469</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.1331, -14.9031, 2.8849</a>

# Details

The Android color `4287081637` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `4289496974`, and the grayscale version is `4288716960`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290634716`, and `4283725937` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285967522`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288195752`.

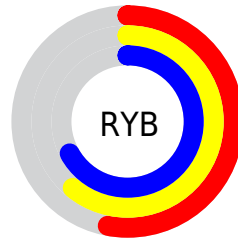
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (67%)

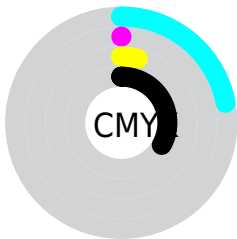
Blue (65%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (67%)

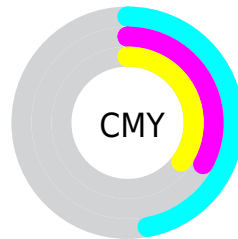


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287081637 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287081637 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287081637



4287081637

4294967295



4285370763



4290634716



4283725937



4292476920



4282146649



4294377471



4280633153



4279054379



4278197271



4278190080



4287081637



4287081637



4285967522



4288195752


 4284853406

 4289309868

 4283673755

 4290489519

 4282559640

 4291603634

 4281445525

 4292717749

 4280331409

 4293831865

 4279217294

 4294945980

 4278234251

 4294945983

 4294945986

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287736728



4287081637



4286884785

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287081637



4289241530



4290355343

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287081637



4289496974

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290747800



4287081637



4290158001

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287081637



4288193981



4290682020



4289635467

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287081637



4287081144



4290682020



4290551697



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287081637



4292075742



4287540359



4285034607



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287081637



4289126613



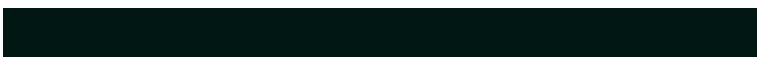
4287078828



4283324245



4278228602



4278195987



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289496974



4292912817



4289499783



4283911760



4288020508



4279697412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287081637 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

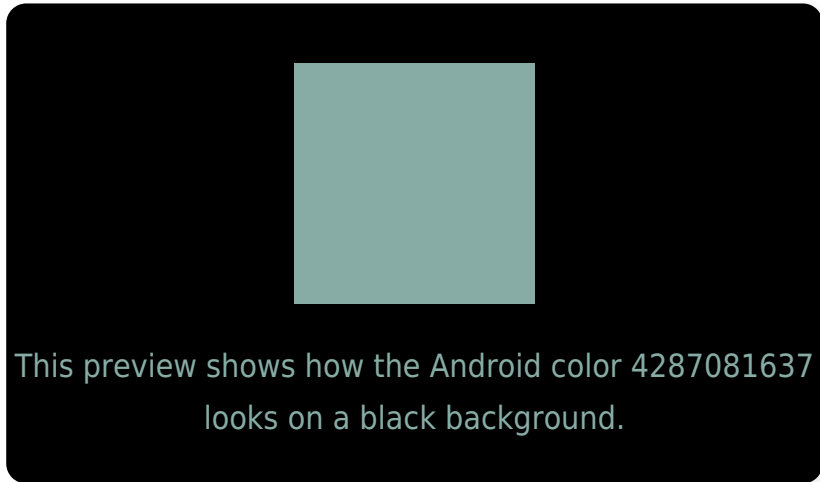
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

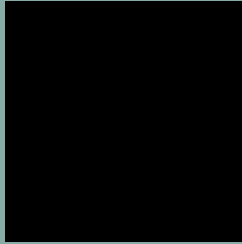
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287081637 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287081637.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287081637.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287081637

**Protanomaly**  
4288456354

**Deuteranomaly**  
4288849063

**Tritanomaly**  
4287277744

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287081637

**Achromatopsia**  
4288716960

**Achromatomaly**  
4288128162

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287081637 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 172, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 172, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 172, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 172, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287081637 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

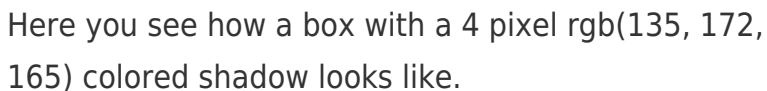
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 172, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 172, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 172, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 172, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 172, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 172,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287081637 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 172, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
172, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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