

Converting Colors

Android(4287114056)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4287114056) contains.

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Color

Android(4287114056)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 882B48 |
| RGB | 136, 43, 72 |
| RGB Percent | 53%, 17%, 28% |
| CMY | 0.4667, 0.8314, 0.7176 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.68, 0.47, 0.47 |
| HSL | 341°, 52%, 35% |
| HSV | 341°, 68%, 53% |
| XYZ | 12.1869, 7.4299, 6.9227 |
| YIQ | 74.1130, 46.1190, 28.7350 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

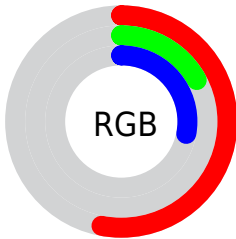
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 136, 43, 72 |
| Decimal | 8923976 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 32.77, 41.93, 4.26 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 33, 42.145, 5.795 |
| Yxy | 7.4299, 0.4592, 0.2800 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287114056 (0xFF882B48) |
| YUV | 74.1130, -1.0417, 54.2749 |
| Hunter-Lab | 27.2578, 32.1059, 4.0225 |

Details

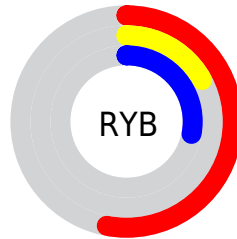
The Android color **4287114056** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **4281043051**, and the grayscale version is **4283058762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4290862968**, and **4283498525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287110463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287117649**.

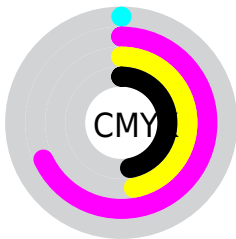
Distribution



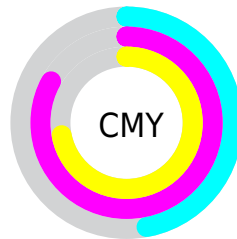
- Red (53%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287114056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287114056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 4287114056

 4287114056

4294967295

 4285271346

 4290862968

 4283498525

 4292770194

 4281925634

 4294743212

 4279697408

 4294946760

 4278190080

 4294953956

 4294961407

 4287114056

 4287114056

 4287110463

 4287117649

■ 4287107125

■ 4287120987

■ 4287103532

■ 4287124580

■ 4287103018

■ 4287127917

■ 4287131511

■ 4287135104

■ 4287138442

■ 4287142035

■ 4287145372

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286198377



4287114056



4286853928

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287114056



4281619985



4278212746

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287114056



4281043051

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278213747



4287114056



4278213424

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287114056



4283911680



4278213715



4278210448

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287114056



4286200853



4278213715



4278213252

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287114056



4289760151



4285213576



4284040010



4292467161



4284045657

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287114056



4289732685



4287118379



4282728000



4286906409



4278517762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287114056



4289732685



4281038728



4282728000



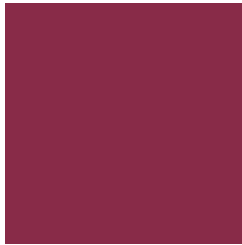
4286906409



4278517762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287114056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

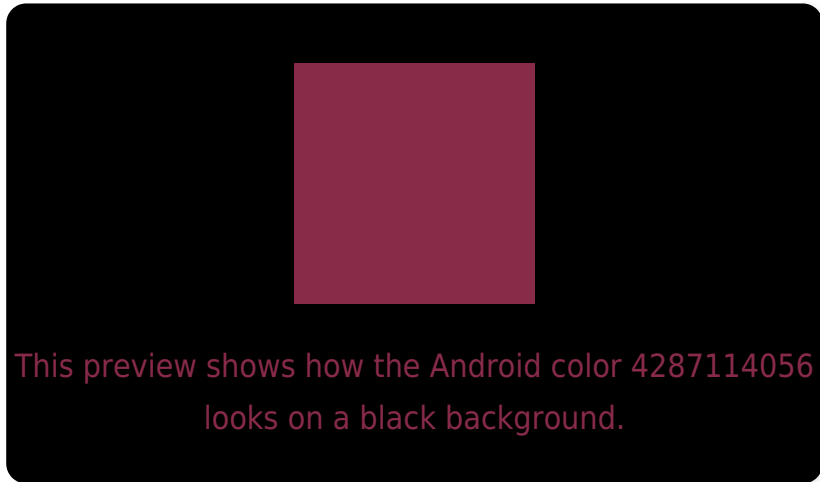
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4287114056 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287114056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287114056.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4287114056

Protanopia
4283125339

Deuteranopia
4284042051

Trichromacy



Original Color

4287114056

Protanomaly

4284563796

Deuteranomaly

4285153093

Tritanomaly

4287049274

Monochromacy



Original Color

4287114056

Achromatopsia

4283058762

Achromatomaly

4284563273

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287114056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 43, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 43, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 43, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 43, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287114056 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 43, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 43, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 43, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 43, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 43, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 43,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287114056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 43, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 43,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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