

# Converting Colors

Android(4287142566)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287142566) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4287142566)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	889AA6
RGB	136, 154, 166
RGB Percent	53%, 60%, 65%
CMY	0.4667, 0.3961, 0.3490
CMYK	0.18, 0.07, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	204°, 14%, 59%
HSV	204°, 18%, 65%
XYZ	28.5919, 31.0986, 40.5721
YIQ	149.9860, -14.5800, -0.0840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

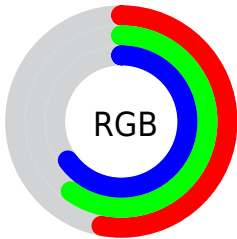
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	136, 147, 166
Decimal	8952486
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.59, -3.73, -8.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 9.208, 246.085
Yxy	31.0986, 0.2852, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287142566 (0xFF889AA6)
YUV	149.9860, 7.8949, -12.2657
Hunter-Lab	55.7661, -6.0719, -4.0995

# Details

The Android color `4287142566` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `4289107080`, and the grayscale version is `4288059030`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4290695389`, and `4283852658` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286026662`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288258470`.

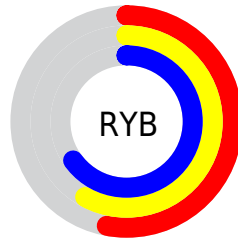
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (60%)

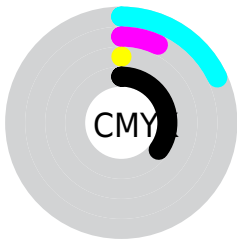
Blue (65%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (65%)

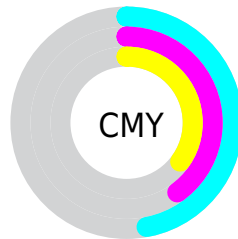


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287142566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287142566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4287142566

■ 4287142566

4294967295

■ 4285431948

■ 4290695389

■ 4283852658

■ 4292537850

■ 4282273626

■ 4294377471

■ 4280825922

■ 4279378732

■ 4278193432

■ 4278190080

■ 4287142566

■ 4287142566

■ 4286026662

■ 4288258470

■ 4284976550

■ 4289308582

■ 4283860646

■ 4290424486

■ 4282810278

■ 4291474854

■ 4281694630

■ 4292590502

■ 4280578726

■ 4293706406

■ 4279528614

■ 4294756518

■ 4278412710

■ 4294954918

■ 4278215846

■ 4294956710

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286815393



4287142566



4287731623

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287142566



4289303190



4287863434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287142566



4289107080

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288452487



4287142566



4289303438

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287142566



4288975774



4288976265



4287274128

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287142566



4288190118



4288976265



4288059785



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287142566



4291744985



4287145620



4284967790



4293783021



4285427310



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287142566



4289316569



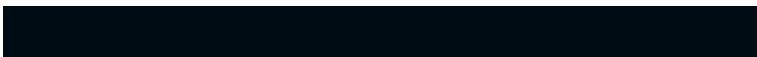
4287138726



4283191636



4278213012



4278193172



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289104026



4292454854



4289110920



4283714641



4287889497



4279500812



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287142566 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

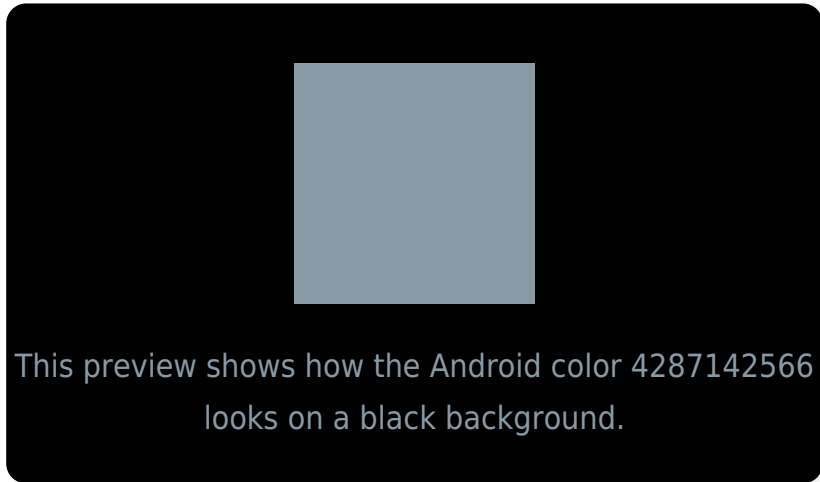
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

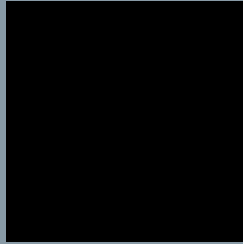
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

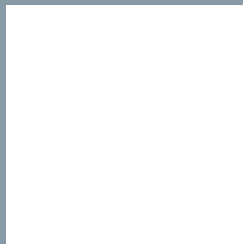
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287142566 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287142566.

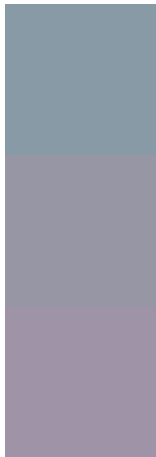


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287142566.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

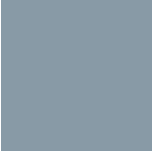
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287142566

**Protanopia**  
4288059044

**Deuteranopia**  
4288582567



**Tritanopia**  
4287142566

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4287142566

**Protanomaly**

4287731621

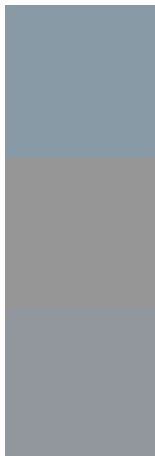
**Deuteranomaly**

4288059047

**Tritanomaly**

4287142566

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4287142566

**Achromatopsia**

4288059030

**Achromatomaly**

4287731612

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287142566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 154, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 154, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 154, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 154, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287142566 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

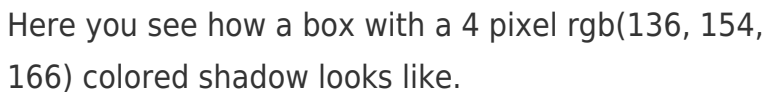
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 154, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 154, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 154, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 154, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 154, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 154, 166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287142566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 154, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
154, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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