

# Converting Colors

Android(4287190272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287190272) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4287190272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	895500
RGB	137, 85, 0
RGB Percent	54%, 33%, 0%
CMY	0.4627, 0.6667, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 1.00, 0.46
HSL	37°, 100%, 27%
HSV	37°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	13.5650, 11.8154, 1.5656
YIQ	90.8580, 58.2770, -15.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

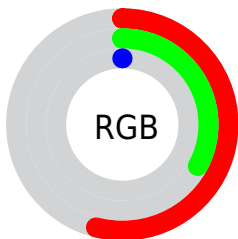
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 137, 0
Decimal	9000192
CIE Lab	40.92, 15.94, 49.51
CIE LCh	41, 52.010, 72.147
Yxy	11.8154, 0.5034, 0.4385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287190272 (0xFF895500)
YUV	90.8580, -44.7930, 40.4665
Hunter-Lab	34.3735, 10.2890, 21.3609

# Details

The Android color **4287190272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4278203529**, and the grayscale version is **4284177243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291004217**, and **4283508736** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287190272**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287191566**.

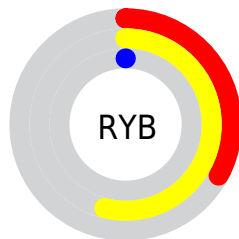
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (33%)

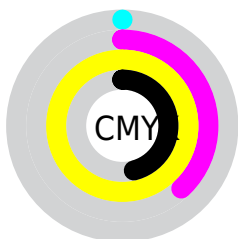
Blue (0%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (0%)

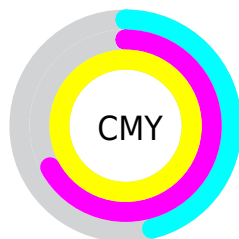


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287190272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287190272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4287190272

 4287190272

 4294967286

 4285349376

 4291004217

 4283508736

 4292976978

 4281733888

 4294949996

 4280287232

 4294957190

 4278190080

 4294964385

 4294967229

 4294967257

 4287190272

■ 4287191566

■ 4287192859

■ 4287194409

■ 4287195703

■ 4287196997

■ 4287198290

■ 4287199584

■ 4287201134

■ 4287202427

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288889385



4287190272



4284769280

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287190272



4278219889



4286074272

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287190272



4278203529

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279722164



4287190272



4278219417

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287190272



4278219333



4278217906



4288690556

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287190272



4282805002



4278217906



4284699817



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287190272



4289961597



4287168565



4284042553



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287190272



4289949440



4286155008



4282729022



4286927360



4278518528



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278203529



4278207667



4279238793



4282270021



4278203013

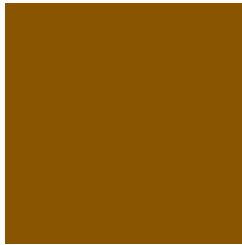


4278190597



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287190272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

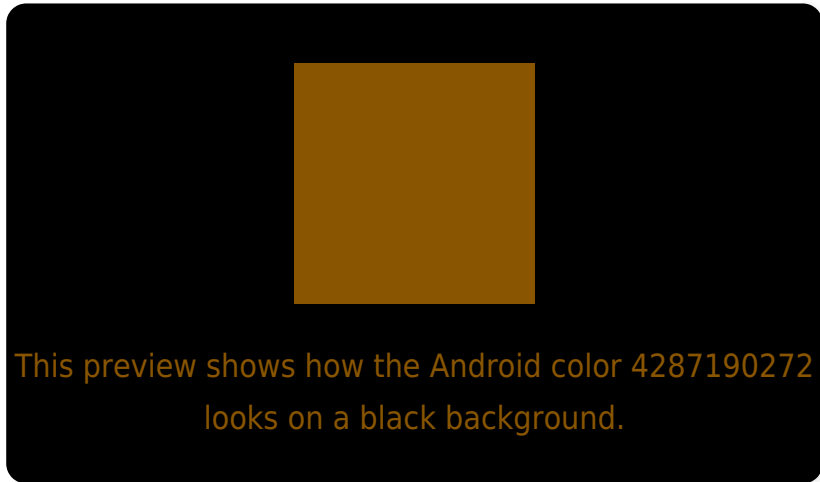
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287190272 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287190272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287190272.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



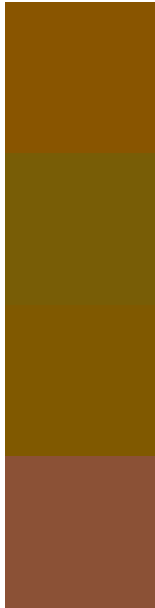
**Original Color**  
4287190272

**Protanopia**  
4285423882

**Deuteranopia**  
4286274560



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287190272

**Protanomaly**  
4286078214

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286601472

**Tritanomaly**  
4287320374

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287190272

**Achromatopsia**  
4284177243

**Achromatomaly**  
4285290810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287190272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 85, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 85, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 85, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 85, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287190272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 85, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 85, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 85, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 85, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 85, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 85, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287190272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 85, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 85,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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