

# Converting Colors

Android(4287336444)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287336444) contains.

<b>Android(4287336444)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4287336444)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8FFC
RGB	139, 143, 252
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 99%
CMY	0.4549, 0.4392, 0.0118
CMYK	0.45, 0.43, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	238°, 95%, 77%
HSV	238°, 45%, 99%
XYZ	38.0406, 32.1622, 96.2984
YIQ	154.2300, -37.3730, 33.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

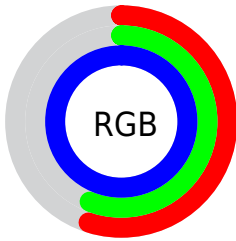
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">139, 143, 252</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9146364</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.48, 25.90, -54.95</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">63, 60.747, 295.238</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.1622, 0.2285, 0.1932</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287336444 (0xFF8B8FFC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">154.2300, 48.2006, -13.3567</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.7117, 20.4873, -60.9783</a>

# Details

The Android color `4287336444` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999FF`. A complement of this color would be `4294768779`, and the grayscale version is `4288322202`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291151359`, and `4283522499` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4285691900`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288980988`.

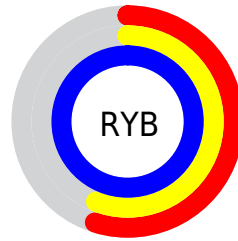
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

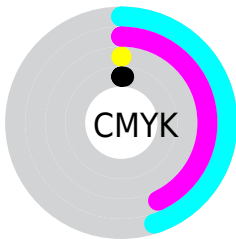
Blue (99%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (99%)

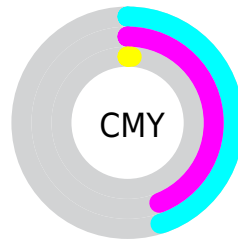


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287336444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287336444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 4287336444

 4287336444

4294967295

 4285429215

 4291151359

 4283522499

 4293124607

 4281419175

4294966783

 4278202252

 4278197106

 4278191449

 4278191937

 4278190890

 4278190356

■ 4287336444

■ 4287336444

■ 4285691900

■ 4288980988

■ 4284047100

■ 4290625788

■ 4282337020

■ 4292335868

■ 4280692476

■ 4293980412

■ 4279047676

4294967292

■ 4278192636

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278231807



4287336444



4292049112

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287336444



4293230401



4278236047

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287336444



4294768779

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282363481



4287336444



4290614307

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287336444



4294667119



4287210542



4278236102

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287336444



4293815223



4287210542



4278235772



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287336444



4292796415



4287364342



4285230208



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287336444



4285889279



4290677756



4285559165



4278192061



4278190653



# Inverse Universe

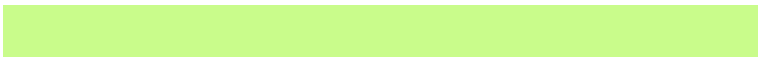
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294740879



4294931834



4291427467



4286410865



4290576391

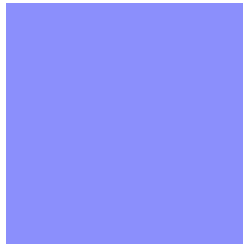


4282187778



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287336444 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

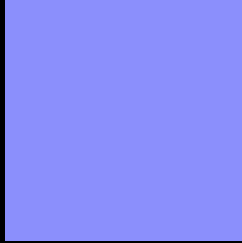
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287336444 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287336444 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287336444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287336444.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287336444

**Protanopia**  
4285437695

**Deuteranopia**  
4284390138



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287336444

**Protanomaly**  
4286157822

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285437691

**Tritanomaly**  
4286487242

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287336444

**Achromatopsia**  
4288322202

**Achromatomaly**  
4287993534

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287336444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 143, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 143, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 143, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 143, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287336444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 143, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 143, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 143, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 143, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 143,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287336444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 143, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
143, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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