

# Converting Colors

Android(4287449529)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287449529) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4287449529)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8D49B9
RGB	141, 73, 185
RGB Percent	55%, 29%, 73%
CMY	0.4471, 0.7137, 0.2745
CMYK	0.24, 0.61, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	276°, 44%, 51%
HSV	276°, 61%, 73%
XYZ	22.1240, 13.9306, 47.4217
YIQ	106.1000, 4.5760, 49.2480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

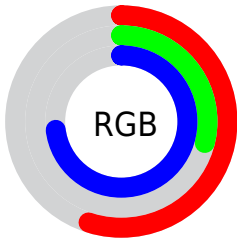
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	141, 73, 185
Decimal	9259449
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.13, 48.38, -47.92
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 68.094, 315.269
Yxy	13.9306, 0.2650, 0.1669
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287449529 (0xFF8D49B9)
YUV	106.1000, 38.8977, 30.6073
Hunter-Lab	37.3237, 40.4912, -49.2045

# Details

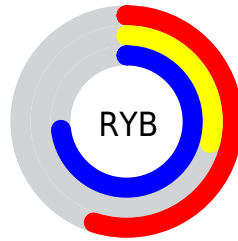
The Android color `4287449529` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9966CC`. A complement of this color would be `4285905225`, and the grayscale version is `4285164138`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291132914`, and `4283896963` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286985913`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287912889`.

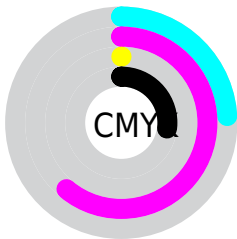
# Distribution



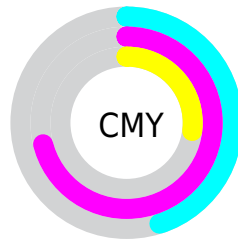
- Red (55%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287449529 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287449529 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 4287449529

 4287449529

4294967295

 4285673374

 4291132914

 4283896963

 4293040383

 4282122345

 4294947839

 4280352849

 4294955007

 4278190137

 4294962431

 4278190626

 4278190088

 4278190080

 4287449529

 4287449529

■ 4286985913

■ 4287912889

■ 4286457017

■ 4288442041

■ 4285993401

■ 4288905657

■ 4285530297

■ 4289369017

■ 4289832377

■ 4290361529

■ 4290825145

■ 4291288505

■ 4291751865

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278216407



4287449529



4290651527

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287449529



4288044032



4278223237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287449529



4285905225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278222665



4287449529



4284772096

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287449529



4290395670



4279204354



4278222776

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287449529



4291369057



4279204354



4278222961



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287449529



4292855280



4283004601



4285357432



4294440951



4286085240



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287449529



4289413616



4290333102



4283978588



4284350620



4279304220



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290333045



4293935493



4283021652



4284240726



4288413757



4280025099



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287449529 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

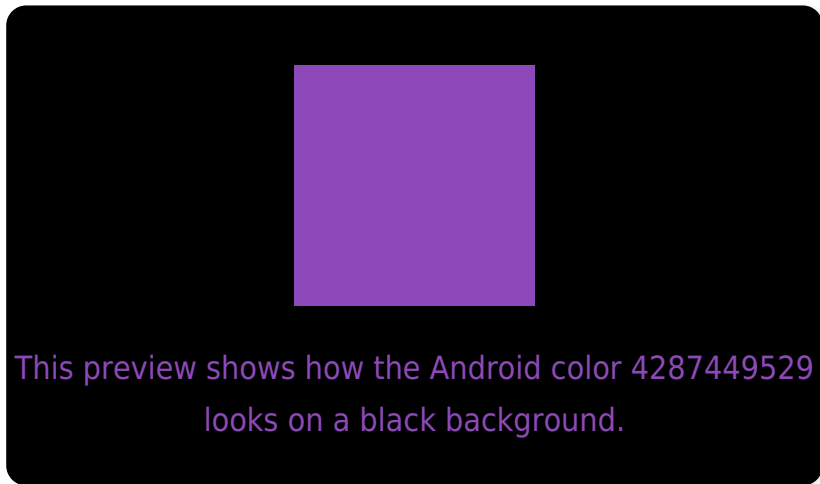
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

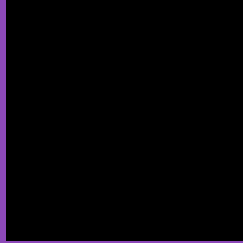
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287449529 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287449529.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287449529.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4287449529



**Protanomaly**

4282145739



**Deuteranomaly**

4283653813



**Tritanomaly**

4286929029

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4287449529



**Achromatopsia**

4285164138



**Achromatomaly**

4286013063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287449529 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 73, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 73, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 73, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 73, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287449529 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 73, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 73, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 73, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 73, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 73, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 73,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287449529 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 73, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 73,  
185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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