

# Converting Colors

Android(4287685317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287685317) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4287685317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90E2C5
RGB	144, 226, 197
RGB Percent	56%, 89%, 77%
CMY	0.4353, 0.1137, 0.2275
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.13, 0.11
HSL	159°, 59%, 73%
HSV	159°, 36%, 89%
XYZ	48.7760, 64.3532, 62.6740
YIQ	198.1760, -39.5630, -26.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

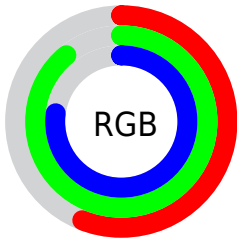
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	144, 194, 226
Decimal	9495237
CIELab	84.15, -31.37, 6.30
CIELCh	84, 31.999, 168.641
Yxy	64.3532, 0.2774, 0.3661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287685317 (0xFF90E2C5)
YUV	198.1760, -0.5798, -47.5124
Hunter-Lab	80.2205, -31.8534, 9.8327

# Details

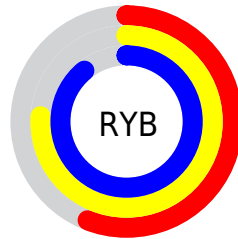
The Android color `4287685317` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99FFCC`. A complement of this color would be `4293038253`, and the grayscale version is `4291217094`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291362814`, and `4284066447` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286177981`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289192653`.

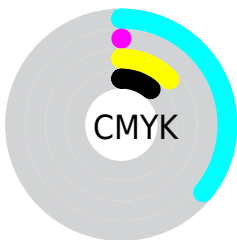
# Distribution



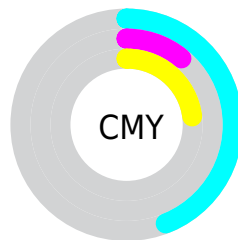
- Red (56%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287685317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287685317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287685317



4287685317

4294967295



4285908650



4291362814



4284066447



4293263359



4282290038



4280317533



4278213701



4278207535



4278201626



4278195968



4278190080

 4287685317

 4287685317

 4286177981

 4289192653

 4284736181

 4290634453

 4283228845

 4292141789

 4281787045

 4293583589

 4280279709

 4294959853

 4278772373

 4294959861

 4278248082

 4294959869

 4294959871

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289912489



4287685317



4286112740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287685317



4291284735



4294951590

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287685317



4293038253

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294950080



4287685317



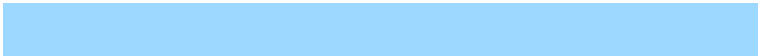
4293772538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287685317



4288469247



4294950367



4294102167

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287685317



4286046711



4294950367



4294951086

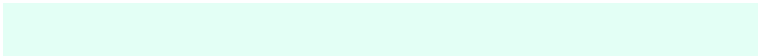


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287685317



4293132277



4289651344



4285497466



4278190080



4286611584

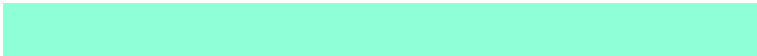


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287685317



4287627223



4287682530



4284837996



4278235250



4278202399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293038253



4294938550



4293041040



4285556073



4289724478

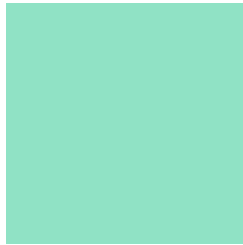


4281335825



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287685317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

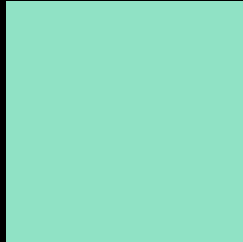
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287685317 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

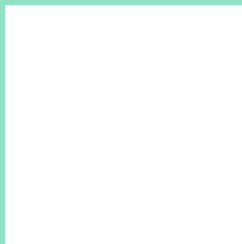
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287685317 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287685317.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287685317.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



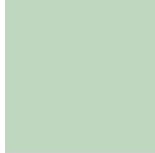


**Tritanopia**  
4288339182

# Trichromacy



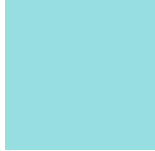
**Original Color**  
4287685317



**Protanomaly**  
4290762687



**Deuteranomaly**  
4291351496

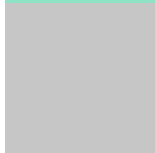


**Tritanomaly**  
4288077535

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287685317



**Achromatopsia**  
4291217094



**Achromatomaly**  
4289908934

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287685317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 226, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 226, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 226, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 226, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287685317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 226, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 226, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 226, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 226, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 226, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 226,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287685317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 226, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
226, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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