

# Converting Colors

Android(4287697261)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287697261) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4287697261)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	91116D
RGB	145, 17, 109
RGB Percent	57%, 7%, 43%
CMY	0.4314, 0.9333, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.25, 0.43
HSL	317°, 79%, 32%
HSV	317°, 88%, 57%
XYZ	14.6378, 7.5248, 15.1489
YIQ	65.7600, 46.7560, 55.7480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

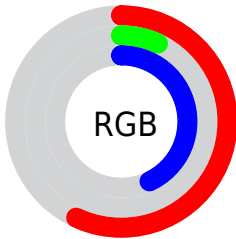
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 17, 109
Decimal	9507181
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.97, 56.92, -19.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 60.070, 341.361
Yxy	7.5248, 0.3923, 0.2017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287697261 (0xFF91116D)
YUV	65.7600, 21.3173, 69.4935
Hunter-Lab	27.4313, 47.2459, -13.5410

# Details

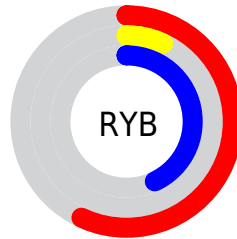
The Android color **4287697261** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **4279341365**, and the grayscale version is **4282532418**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291449249**, and **4284088381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287693417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287700849**.

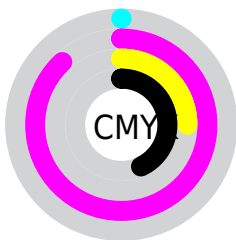
# Distribution



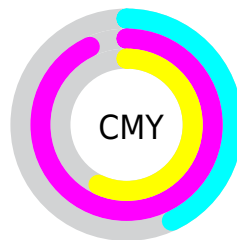
- Red (57%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287697261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287697261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287697261



4287697261

4294967295



4285857877



4291449249



4284088381



4293422268



4282384423



4294936792



4280614929



4294943988



4278190080



4294951167



4294958591



4294966271



4287697261



4287697261

■ 4287693417

■ 4287700849

■ 4287692904

■ 4287704693

■ 4287708281

■ 4287712125

■ 4287715969

■ 4287719557

■ 4287723146

■ 4287726990

■ 4287730578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284692118



4287697261



4288544830

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287697261



4283453696



4278214796

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287697261



4279341365

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278215007



4287697261



4279130880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287697261



4286005248



4278214701



4278213544

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287697261



4288223263



4278214701



4278215038



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287697261



4290612399



4281536913



4284367190



4292796126



4284374622



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287697261



4290576520



4287697199



4282859589



4287037537



4278714373



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287697261



4290576520



4279341427



4282859589



4287037537



4278714373



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287697261 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

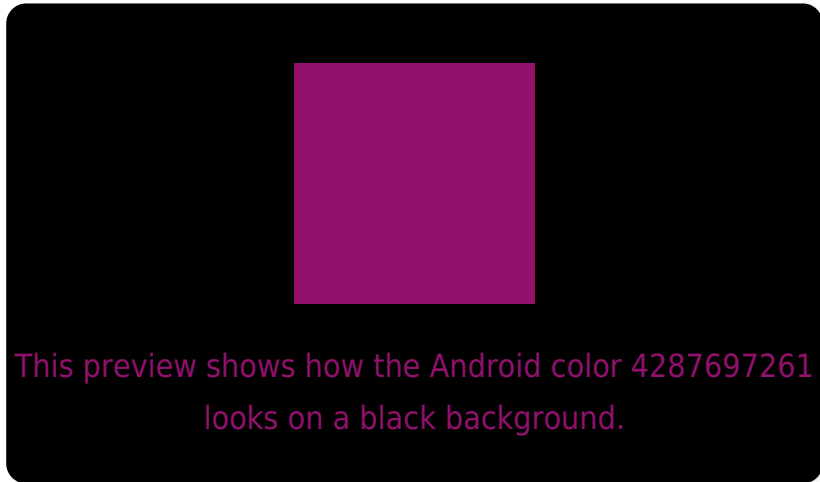
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

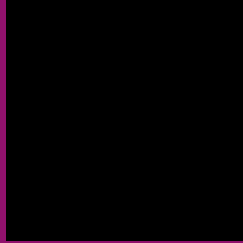
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287697261 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287697261.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287697261.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287697261

**Protanomaly**  
4283185032

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284758121

**Tritanomaly**  
4287505222

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287697261

**Achromatopsia**  
4282532418

**Achromatomaly**  
4284428370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287697261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 17, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 17, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 17, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 17, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287697261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 17, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 17, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 17, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 17, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 17, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 17,  
109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287697261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 17, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 17,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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