

# Converting Colors

Android(4287790601)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287790601) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4287790601)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	927E09
RGB	146, 126, 9
RGB Percent	57%, 49%, 4%
CMY	0.4275, 0.5059, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.94, 0.43
HSL	51°, 88%, 30%
HSV	51°, 94%, 57%
XYZ	19.3642, 21.0524, 3.3014
YIQ	118.6420, 49.4770, -32.1470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

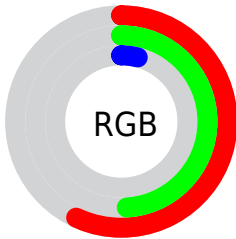
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	32, 146, 9
Decimal	9600521
CIE Lab	53.01, -3.23, 56.61
CIE LCh	53, 56.705, 93.269
Yxy	21.0524, 0.4429, 0.4816
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287790601 (0xFF927E09)
YUV	118.6420, -54.0535, 23.9930
Hunter-Lab	45.8829, -4.9618, 27.8520

# Details

The Android color **4287790601** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4278787474**, and the grayscale version is **4286019447**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291539526**, and **4284173568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287790336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287791128**.

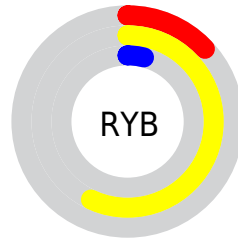
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (49%)

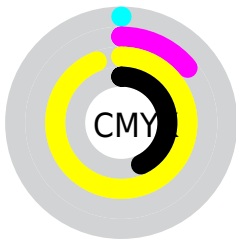
Blue (4%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (4%)

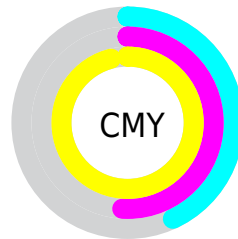


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287790601 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287790601 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287790601



4287790601

4294967295



4285949184



4291539526



4284173568



4293512801



4282398464



4294961787



4280754688



4294967191



4278717696



4294967218



4278190080



4294967247



4294967275



4287790601



4287790601

■ 4287790336

■ 4287791128

■ 4287791654

■ 4287792181

■ 4287792963

■ 4287793490

■ 4287794017

■ 4287794543

■ 4287795070

■ 4287795596

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290341923



4287790601



4284517156

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287790601



4278228403



4290599595

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287790601



4278787474

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287000529



4287790601



4278226901

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287790601



4278228355



4278223840



4292169339

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287790601



4281307201



4278223840



4289683642



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287790601



4290622856



4287760670



4284373566



4292796126



4284374622



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287790601



4290617600



4284649993



4283058499



4287264256



4278847744



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278787474



4278197437



4281928082



4282598474



4278195338

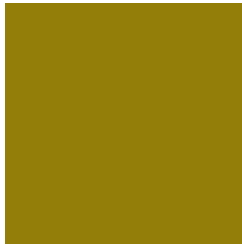


4278190346



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287790601 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

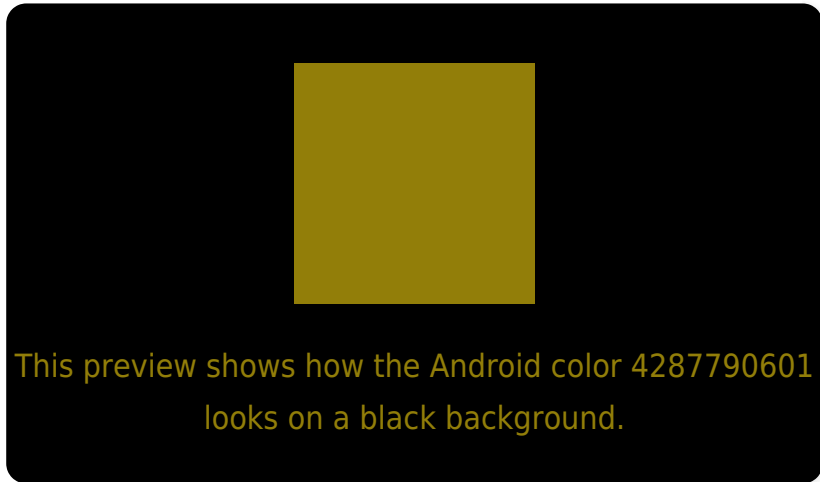
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287790601 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287790601.

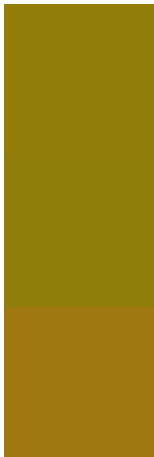


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287790601.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287790601

**Protanopia**  
4287594250

**Deuteranopia**  
4288706577



**Tritanopia**  
4288247166

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4287790601

**Protanomaly**

4287659786

**Deuteranomaly**

4288379406

**Tritanomaly**

4288051283

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4287790601

**Achromatopsia**

4286019447

**Achromatomaly**

4286675535

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287790601 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 126, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 126, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 126, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 126, 9) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287790601 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 126, 9) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 126, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 126, 9)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 126, 9); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 126, 9);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 126,  
9) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287790601 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 126, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
126, 9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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