

# Converting Colors

Android(4287800121)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287800121) contains.

<b>Android(4287800121)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4287800121)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A339
RGB	146, 163, 57
RGB Percent	57%, 64%, 22%
CMY	0.4275, 0.3608, 0.7765
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.65, 0.36
HSL	70°, 48%, 43%
HSV	70°, 65%, 64%
XYZ	25.6898, 32.6008, 8.8095
YIQ	145.8330, 23.8940, -36.5700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

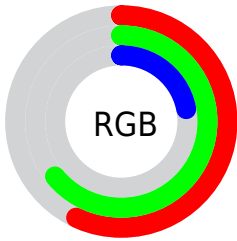
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">57, 163, 74</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9610041</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.84, -20.84, 51.15</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 55.231, 112.172</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.6008, 0.3829, 0.4859</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287800121 (0xFF92A339)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">145.8330, -43.7947, 0.1465</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.0971, -19.6072, 30.8201</a>

# Details

The Android color `4287800121` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999933`. A complement of this color would be `4283054499`, and the grayscale version is `4287795858`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291484269`, and `4284247808` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4287603497`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4287996745`.

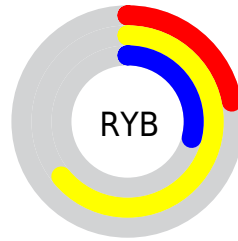
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (64%)

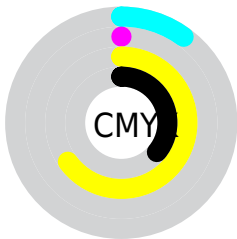
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (29%)

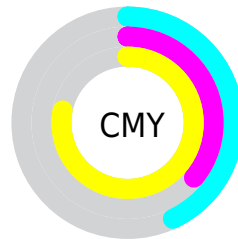


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287800121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287800121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287800121



4287800121

4294967295



4286023965



4291484269



4284247808



4293392008



4282603264



4294967203



4280893440



4294967231



4279183872



4294967260



4278195712



4294967289



4278190080



4287800121



4287800121



4287603497



4287996745

■ 4287472408

■ 4288127834

■ 4287275784

■ 4288324458

■ 4287210240

■ 4288455546

■ 4288652171

■ 4288848795

■ 4288979883

■ 4289176507

■ 4289373132

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290876468



4287800121



4283805019

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287800121



4278234856



4293816490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287800121



4283054499

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291461080



4287800121



4278232316

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287800121



4278236094



4287009782



4294275448

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287800121



4278235515



4287009782



4293227450



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287800121



4291679401



4288891193



4284967761



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287800121



4290368559



4284392249



4283454025



4286222592



4279177728



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283054499



4282986452



4286462371



4283124050



4279697553



4278386706



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287800121 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

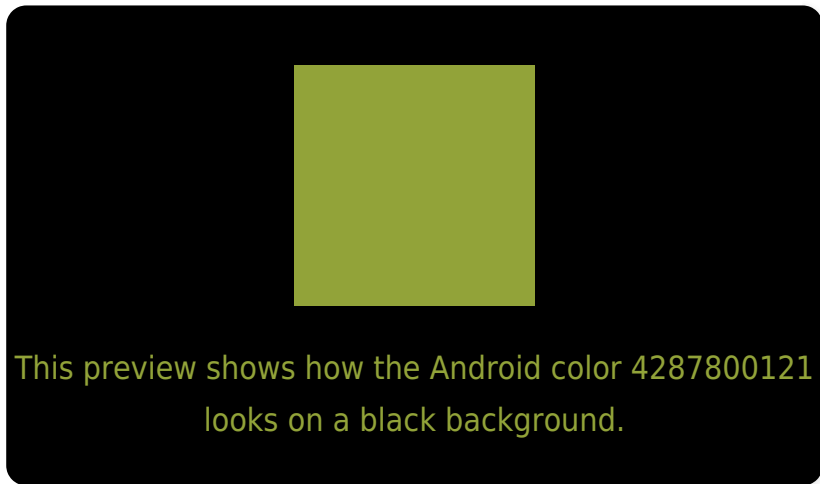
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287800121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287800121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287800121.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287800121

**Protanopia**  
4289567543

**Deuteranopia**  
4290810686



**Tritanopia**  
4288518309

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287800121

**Protanomaly**  
4288912952

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289698108

**Tritanomaly**  
4288257150

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287800121

**Achromatopsia**  
4287795858

**Achromatomaly**  
4287797362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287800121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 163, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 163, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 163, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 163, 57) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287800121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 163, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 163, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 163, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 163, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 163, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 163,  
57) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287800121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 163, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
163, 57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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