

# Converting Colors

Android(4287895880)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287895880) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4287895880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	941948
RGB	148, 25, 72
RGB Percent	58%, 10%, 28%
CMY	0.4196, 0.9020, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.51, 0.42
HSL	337°, 71%, 34%
HSV	337°, 83%, 58%
XYZ	13.7301, 7.4590, 6.8470
YIQ	67.1350, 58.2210, 40.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

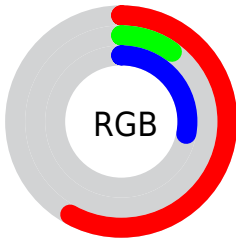
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	148, 25, 72
Decimal	9705800
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.83, 51.88, 4.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 52.085, 5.130
Yxy	7.4590, 0.4897, 0.2661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287895880 (0xFF941948)
YUV	67.1350, 2.3984, 70.9186
Hunter-Lab	27.3112, 41.9419, 4.2538

# Details

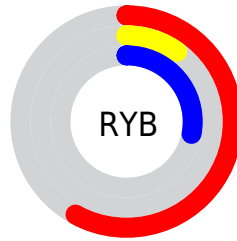
The Android color **4287895880** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **4279866469**, and the grayscale version is **4282598211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291777656**, and **4284153885** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287892031**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287899729**.

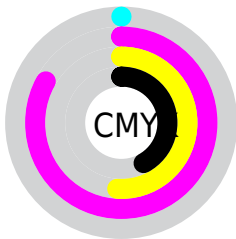
# Distribution



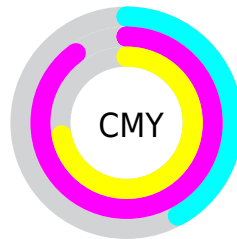
- Red (58%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287895880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287895880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287895880



4287895880

4294967295



4285988914



4291777656



4284153885



4293750674



4282449922



4294937260



4280483841



4294944456



4278190080



4294951652



4294959103



4294966783



4287895880



4287895880

■ 4287892031

■ 4287899729

■ 4287889465

■ 4287903578

■ 4287907171

■ 4287911021

■ 4287914870

■ 4287918719

■ 4287922568

■ 4287926161

■ 4287930010

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286785393



4287895880



4287572000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287895880



4281096192



4278213272

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287895880



4279866469

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278214524



4287895880



4278213928

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287895880



4283977216



4278214483



4278210720

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287895880



4286723843



4278214483



4278213777



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287895880



4290744226



4284815764



4284564559



4292927712



4284572001



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287895880



4290707529



4287899417



4283056965



4287234101



4278845444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287895880



4290707529



4279862932



4283056965



4287234101

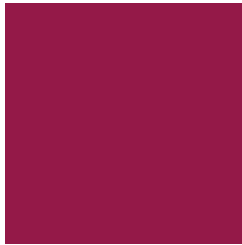


4278845444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287895880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

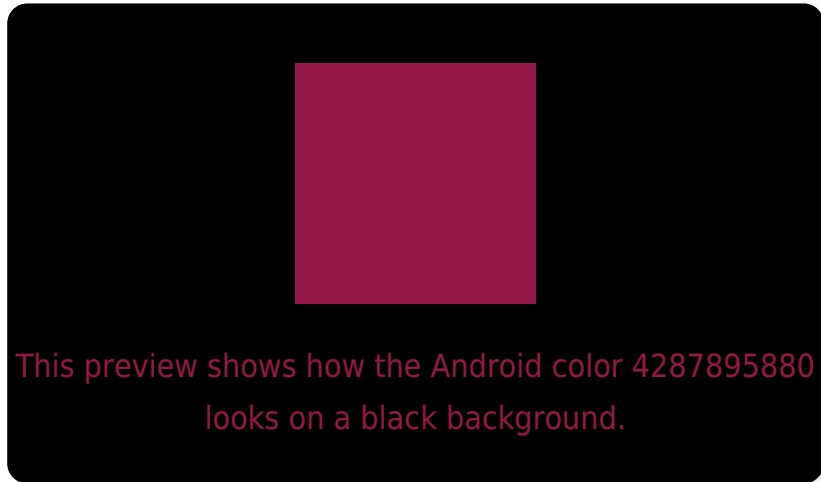
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287895880 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287895880.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287895880.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4287895880

**Protanomaly**

4284758874

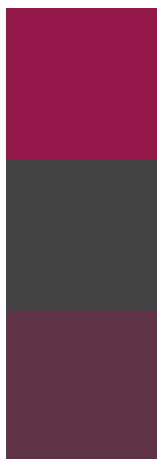
**Deuteranomaly**

4285544772

**Tritanomaly**

4287832114

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4287895880

**Achromatopsia**

4282598211

**Achromatomaly**

4284494917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287895880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 25, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 25, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 25, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 25, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287895880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 25, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 25, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 25, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 25, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 25, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 25,  
72) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287895880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 25, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 25,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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