

# Converting Colors

Android(4287918925)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287918925) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4287918925)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	94734D
RGB	148, 115, 77
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 30%
CMY	0.4196, 0.5490, 0.6980
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.48, 0.42
HSL	32°, 32%, 44%
HSV	32°, 48%, 58%
XYZ	19.6830, 19.0932, 9.6691
YIQ	120.5350, 31.8660, -4.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

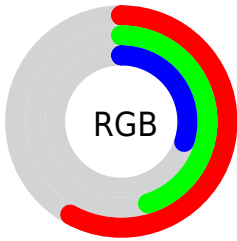
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	139, 148, 77
Decimal	9728845
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.80, 7.90, 25.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 27.114, 73.057
Yxy	19.0932, 0.4063, 0.3941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287918925 (0xFF94734D)
YUV	120.5350, -21.4628, 24.0868
Hunter-Lab	43.6958, 3.9389, 17.4672

# Details

The Android color **4287918925** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **4283264660**, and the grayscale version is **4286151033**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291602303**, and **4284433184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4287917118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4287920732**.

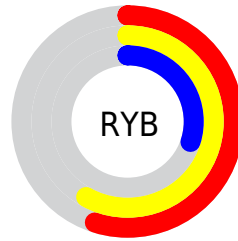
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (45%)

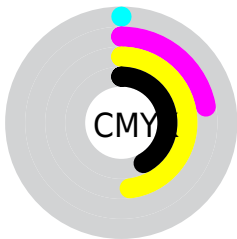
Blue (30%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (30%)

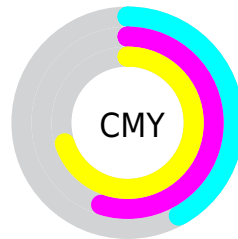


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287918925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287918925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287918925



4287918925

4294967295



4286143030



4291602303



4284433184



4293444249



4282789129



4294958772



4281210880



4294965967



4279566336



4294967276



4278190080



4287918925



4287918925



4287917118



4287920732



4287915311



4287922539

■ 4287913505

■ 4287924345

■ 4287911698

■ 4287926152

■ 4287910147

■ 4287927703

■ 4287909632

■ 4287929510

■ 4287931317

■ 4287933123

■ 4287934930

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288834650



4287918925



4286479179

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287918925



4281173635



4287197083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287918925



4283264660

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285102246



4287918925



4280714392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287918925



4283008363



4282613669



4288571783

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287918925



4285431633



4282613669



4286542496



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287918925



4290753444



4287909230



4284569936



4292927712



4284572001



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287918925



4290743376



4287796301



4283057987



4287252992



4278846720



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283264660



4283466943



4283387284



4282598986



4278206602

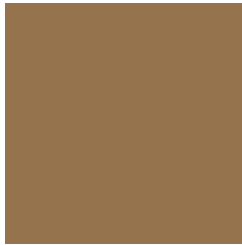


4278191370



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287918925 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

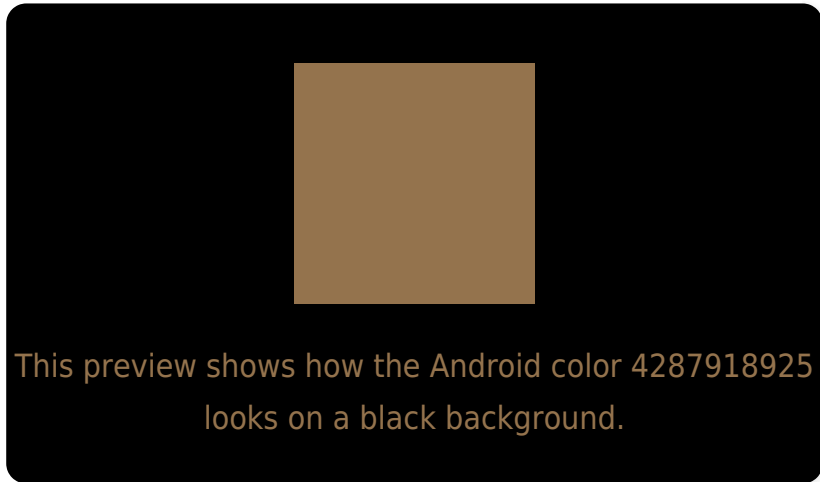
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287918925 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287918925.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287918925.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287918925

**Protanopia**  
4286871887

**Deuteranopia**  
4287788109



**Tritanopia**  
4288179830

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4287918925

**Protanomaly**  
4287264590

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287853645

**Tritanomaly**  
4288114791

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287918925

**Achromatopsia**  
4286151033

**Achromatomaly**  
4286805865

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287918925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 115, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 115, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 115, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 115, 77) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287918925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 115, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 115, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 115, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 115, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 115, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 115,  
77) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287918925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 115, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
115, 77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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