

# Converting Colors

Android(4287943917)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4287943917) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4287943917)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94D4ED
RGB	148, 212, 237
RGB Percent	58%, 83%, 93%
CMY	0.4196, 0.1686, 0.0706
CMYK	0.38, 0.11, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	197°, 71%, 75%
HSV	197°, 38%, 93%
XYZ	51.0423, 59.4973, 88.9147
YIQ	195.7140, -46.1690, -5.7930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

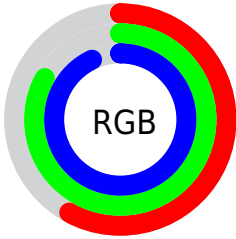
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 185, 237
Decimal	9753837
CIELab	81.56, -14.12, -18.73
CIELCh	82, 23.454, 232.977
Yxy	59.4973, 0.2559, 0.2983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287943917 (0xFF94D4ED)
YUV	195.7140, 20.3540, -41.8452
Hunter-Lab	77.1345, -16.8664, -14.3508

# Details

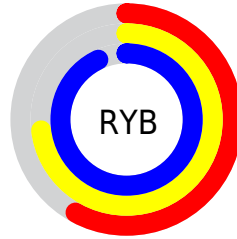
The Android color `4287943917` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4293766548`, and the grayscale version is `4291085508`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291690495`, and `4284325301` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286369261`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289518573`.

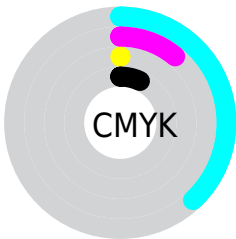
# Distribution



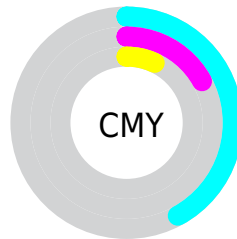
- Red (58%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4287943917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4287943917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4287943917



4287943917

4294967295



4286101713



4291690495



4284325301



4293591039



4282483610



4280511104



4278211175



4278205263



4278199608



4278193443



4278190090

■ 4287943917

■ 4287943917

■ 4286369261

■ 4289518573

■ 4284860397

■ 4291027437

■ 4283285741

■ 4292602093

■ 4281711085

■ 4294176749

■ 4280202221

■ 4294964717

■ 4278627565

■ 4294966509

■ 4278233837

■ 4294967277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287551451



4287943917



4289384182

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4287943917



4294163665



4291415970

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4287943917



4293766548

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292921247



4287943917



4294491323

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4287943917



4293050597



4294033576



4289778864

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4287943917



4290693621



4294033576



4292005024



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4287943917



4293130239



4287950252



4285496192



4278190080



4286611584

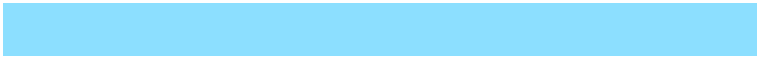


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4287943917



4287422463



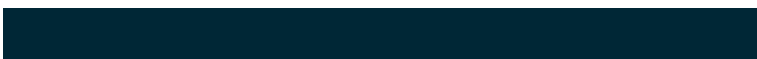
4287932909



4285166197



4278223541



4278200118



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293760212



4294937823



4293777556



4285885042



4290052226

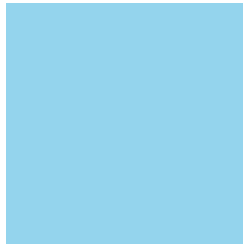


4281729063



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287943917 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

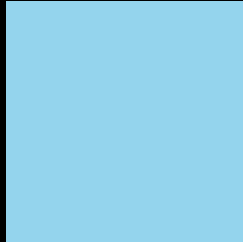
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4287943917 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4287943917 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4287943917.

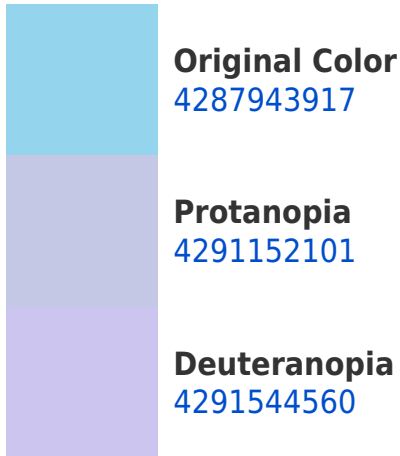


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4287943917.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



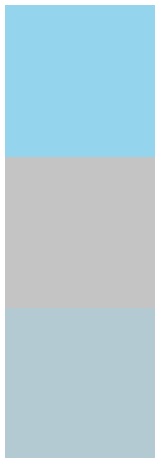
**Original Color**  
4287943917

**Protanomaly**  
4289973480

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290235119

**Tritanomaly**  
4287878633

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4287943917

**Achromatopsia**  
4291085508

**Achromatomaly**  
4289972947

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4287943917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 212, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 212, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 212, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 212, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4287943917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 212, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 212, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 212, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 212, 237); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 212, 237); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 212, 237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4287943917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 212, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
212, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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