

# Converting Colors

Android(4288056872)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288056872) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4288056872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	968E28
RGB	150, 142, 40
RGB Percent	59%, 56%, 16%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4431, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.73, 0.41
HSL	56°, 58%, 37%
HSV	56°, 73%, 59%
XYZ	22.6337, 25.9832, 5.8298
YIQ	132.7640, 37.5100, -30.0260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

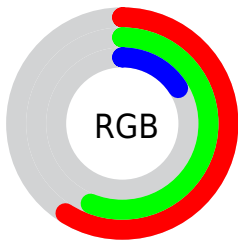
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	49, 150, 40
Decimal	9866792
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.02, -9.14, 52.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 53.035, 99.926
Yxy	25.9832, 0.4157, 0.4772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288056872 (0xFF968E28)
YUV	132.7640, -45.7327, 15.1160
Hunter-Lab	50.9738, -9.9454, 28.9007

# Details

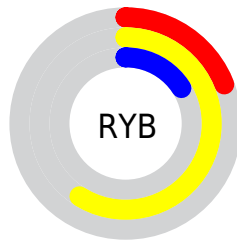
The Android color **4288056872** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4280823958**, and the grayscale version is **4286940549**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291806045**, and **4284505088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288056601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288057143**.

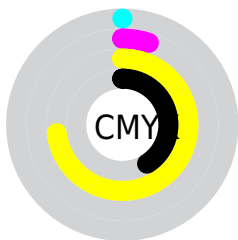
# Distribution



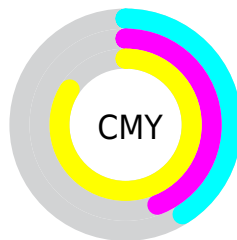
- Red (59%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288056872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288056872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288056872



4288056872

4294967295



4286215431



4291806045



4284505088



4293713783



4282795264



4294966418



4281085696



4294967213



4279441920



4294967241



4278190080



4294967270



4288056872



4288056872



4288056601



4288057143

■ 4288056330

■ 4288057414

■ 4288056064

■ 4288057685

■ 4288057956

■ 4288058227

■ 4288058754

■ 4288059025

■ 4288059296

■ 4288059567

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290674225



4288056872



4284782912

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288056872



4278231238



4291782572

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288056872



4280823958

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288838099



4288056872



4278229474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288056872



4278231706



4283337703



4292895102

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288056872



4281572955



4283337703



4291062971



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288056872



4290953111



4288030769



4284571464



4292927712



4284572001



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288056872



4290950423



4285044264



4283058499



4287266816



4278847744



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280823958



4279706818



4283836566



4282598218



4278192778



4278190346



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288056872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

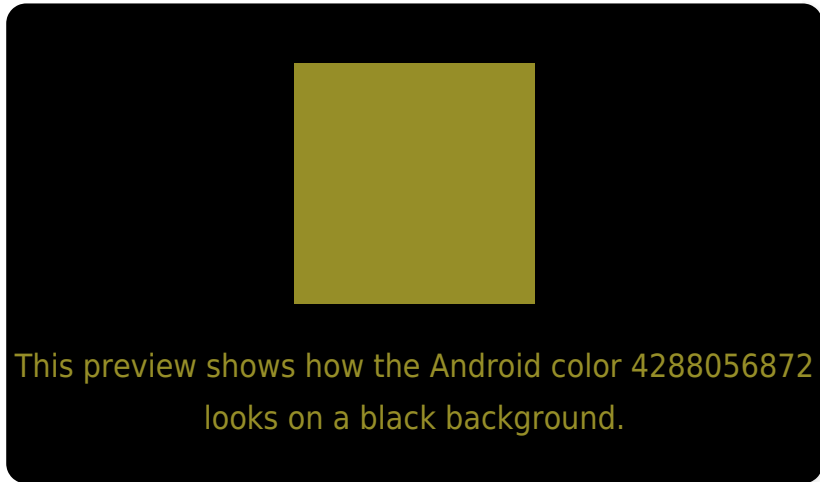
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

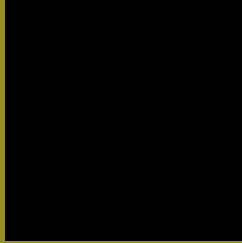
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288056872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288056872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288056872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4288056872

**Protanopia**

4288449575

**Deuteranopia**

4289692716



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288056872

**Protanomaly**  
4288318759

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289103915

**Tritanomaly**  
4288383082

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288056872

**Achromatopsia**  
4286940549

**Achromatomaly**  
4287334499

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288056872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 142, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 142, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 142, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 142, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288056872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 142, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 142, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 142, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 142, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 142, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 142,  
40) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288056872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 142, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
142, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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