

# Converting Colors

Android(4288062828)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288062828) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4288062828)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	96A56C
RGB	150, 165, 108
RGB Percent	59%, 65%, 42%
CMY	0.4118, 0.3529, 0.5765
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.35, 0.35
HSL	76°, 24%, 54%
HSV	76°, 35%, 65%
XYZ	28.7396, 34.4770, 19.3273
YIQ	154.0170, 9.3570, -20.9070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

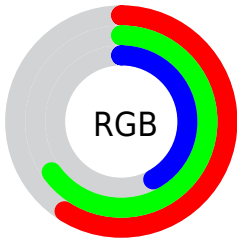
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 165, 123</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9872748</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.34, -15.00, 27.84</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">65, 31.626, 118.323</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.4770, 0.3482, 0.4177</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288062828 (0xFF96A56C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">154.0170, -22.6864, -3.5229</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.7171, -15.3867, 21.5861</a>

# Details

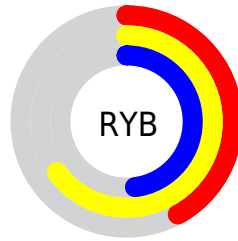
The Android color `4288062828` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999966`. A complement of this color would be `4286278821`, and the grayscale version is `4288322202`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291681440`, and `4284641596` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4287800667`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288324988`.

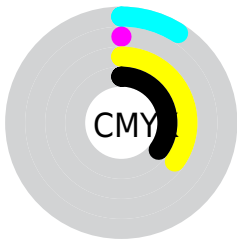
# Distribution



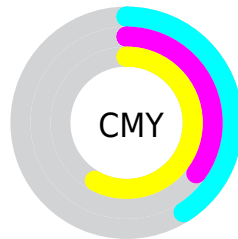
- Red (59%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288062828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288062828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288062828



4288062828

4294967295



4286352211



4291681440



4284641596



4293523899



4283062565



4294967255



4281483534



4294967284



4280101632



4278196224



4278190080



4288062828



4288062828



4287800667



4288324988

■ 4287472971

■ 4288652685

■ 4287210810

■ 4288914845

■ 4286948650

■ 4289177006

■ 4286620953

■ 4289504702

■ 4286358793

■ 4289766863

■ 4286227712

■ 4290029023

■ 4290356720

■ 4290618879

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289961062



4288062828



4285901696

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288062828



4283148750



4292118945

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288062828



4286278821

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290875069



4288062828



4285899479

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288062828



4282166712



4288714960



4292250501

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288062828



4284394898



4288714960



4291791531



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288062828



4291942081



4289034860



4285033310



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288062828



4290762366



4286227820



4283388489



4285239552



4279046656



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286278821



4287987414



4288113829



4283189586



4280680593



4278517778



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288062828 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

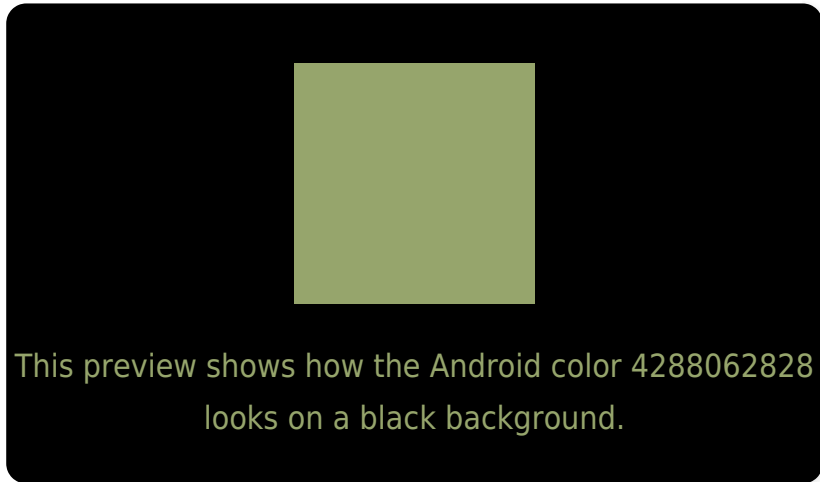
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288062828 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288062828.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288062828.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288062828

**Protanomaly**  
4288979306

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289699182

**Tritanomaly**  
4288389267

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288062828

**Achromatopsia**  
4288322202

**Achromatomaly**  
4288257673

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288062828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 165, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 165, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 165, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 165, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288062828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 165, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 165, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 165, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 165, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 165, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 165,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288062828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 165, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
165, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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