

# Converting Colors

Android(4288096769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288096769) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4288096769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | 972A01                    |
| RGB           | 151, 42, 1                |
| RGB Percent   | 59%, 16%, 0%              |
| CMY           | 0.4078, 0.8353, 0.9961    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.72, 0.99, 0.41    |
| HSL           | 16°, 99%, 30%             |
| HSV           | 16°, 99%, 59%             |
| XYZ           | 13.5959, 8.2374, 0.9021   |
| YIQ           | 69.9170, 78.1250, 10.3570 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

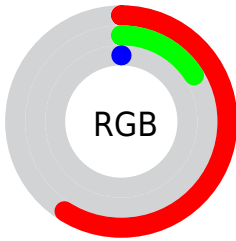
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 151, 57, 1                    |
| Decimal                             | 9906689                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 34.47, 43.94, 46.53           |
| CIE LCh                             | 34, 63.999, 46.642            |
| Yxy                                 | 8.2374, 0.5980,<br>0.3623     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4288096769<br>(0xFF972A01)    |
| YUV                                 | 69.9170, -33.9761,<br>71.1098 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 28.7009, 34.3308,<br>18.2271  |

# Details

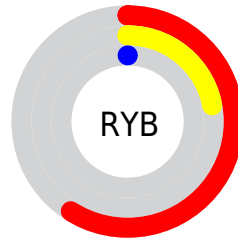
The Android color **4288096769** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **4278283927**, and the grayscale version is **4282795590**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292173619**, and **4284153856** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288096512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288099600**.

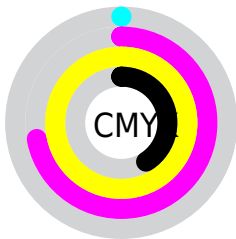
# Distribution



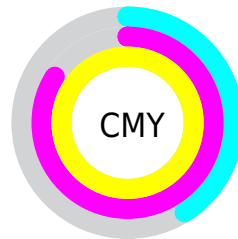
- Red (59%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288096769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288096769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4288096769

 4288096769

 4294967275

 4286122496

 4292173619

 4284153856

 4294211915

 4282318848

 4294939748

 4280418305

 4294946685

 4278190080

 4294953880

 4294961331

 4294967247

 4288096769

 4288096769

■ 4288096512

■ 4288099600

■ 4288102431

■ 4288105262

■ 4288108093

■ 4288110925

■ 4288113756

■ 4288116587

■ 4288119418

■ 4288122249

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289134648



4288096769



4285941248

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288096769



4278215992



4278210228

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288096769



4278283927

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278214326



4288096769



4278216301

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288096769



4278214656



4278216091



4285805208

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288096769



4284109568



4278216091



4278212024



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288096769



4291074697



4288086383



4284696896



4293125091



4284703587



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288096769



4291048960



4288115713



4283254597



4287374848



4279042816



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278283927



4278226884



4278264983



4282731085



4278216332



4278192397



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288096769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

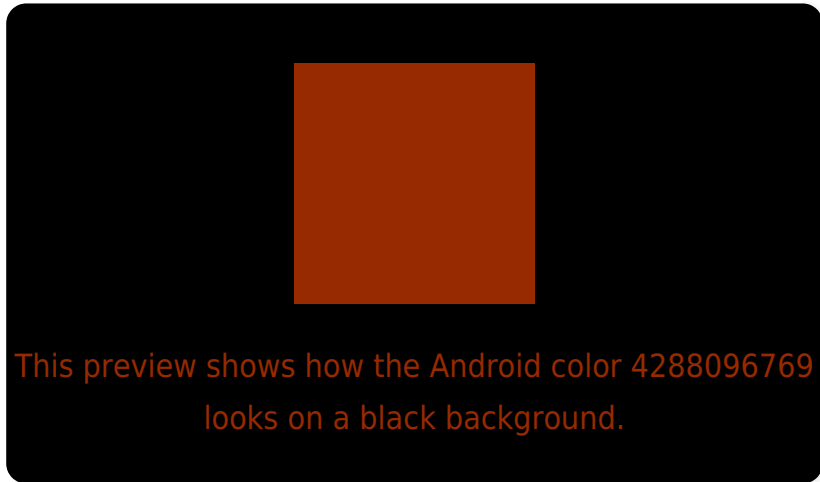
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

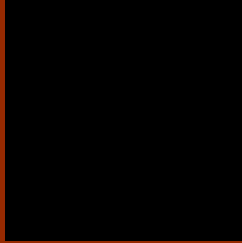
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288096769 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288096769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288096769.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288096769

**Protanopia**  
4284306193

**Deuteranopia**  
4285025792



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4288096769

**Protanomaly**

4285678603

**Deuteranomaly**

4286136576

**Tritanomaly**

4288161818

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4288096769

**Achromatopsia**

4282795590

**Achromatomaly**

4284693549

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288096769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 42, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 42, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 42, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 42, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288096769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 42, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 42, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 42, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 42, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 42, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 42, 1)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288096769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 42, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 42,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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