

# Converting Colors

Android(4288151522)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288151522) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4288151522)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97FFE2
RGB	151, 255, 226
RGB Percent	59%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.4078, 0.0000, 0.1137
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	163°, 100%, 80%
HSV	163°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	62.2500, 83.5903, 84.8051
YIQ	220.5980, -52.6750, -31.0670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

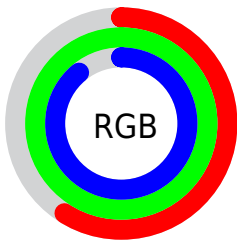
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	151, 211, 255
Decimal	9961442
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	93.27, -36.79, 4.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 37.048, 173.200
Yxy	83.5903, 0.2699, 0.3624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288151522 (0xFF97FFE2)
YUV	220.5980, 2.6632, -61.0374
Hunter-Lab	91.4277, -38.4641, 9.0041

# Details

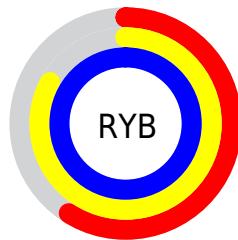
The Android color `4288151522` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99FFCC`. A complement of this color would be `4294940596`, and the grayscale version is `4292730333`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4291952639`, and `4284401323` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286513115`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289855465`.

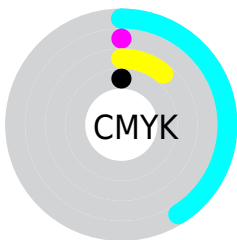
# Distribution



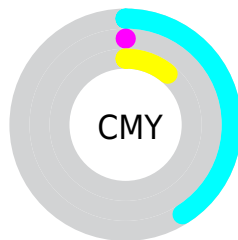
- Red (59%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288151522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288151522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 4288151522

 4288151522

4294967295

 4286243526

 4291952639

 4284401323

 4293918719

 4282428048

 4280061815

 4278220126

 4278213702

 4278207536

 4278201627

 4278195201

 4288151522

 4288151522

 4286513115

 4289855465

 4284809172

 4291493872

 4283170765

 4293197815

 4281466822

 4294836222

 4279828414

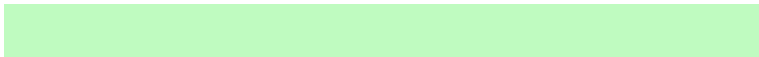
 4294967295

 4278255544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290771904



4288151522



4286382079

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288151522



4293322239



4294958004

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288151522



4294940596

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294955985



4288151522



4294957567

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288151522



4289917695



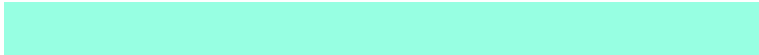
4294955765



4294961061

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288151522



4286512639



4294955765

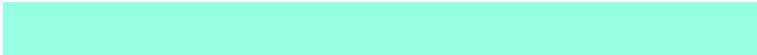


4294956988



# Sweetspot

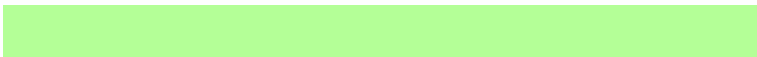
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288151522



4292935670



4290051991



4285431931



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

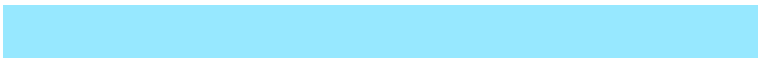
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288151522



4286775260



4288145663



4285759612



4278239114



4278206510



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294940596



4294935205



4294946455



4286608246



4290707509

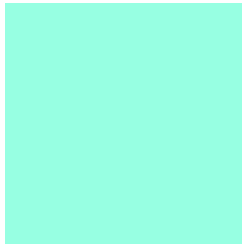


4282384402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288151522 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

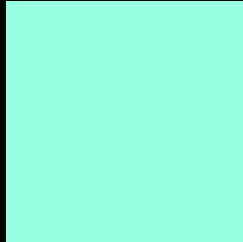
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288151522 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

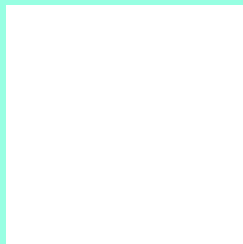
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288151522 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288151522.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288151522.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



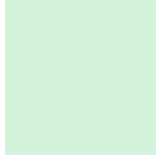


**Tritanopia**  
4291163135

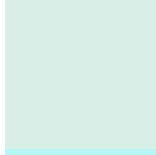
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288151522



**Protanomaly**  
4292014810



**Deuteranomaly**  
4292472550

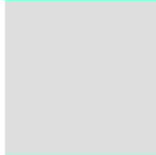


**Tritanomaly**  
4290050036

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288151522



**Achromatopsia**  
4292730333



**Achromatomaly**  
4291095007

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288151522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 255, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 255, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 255, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 255, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288151522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

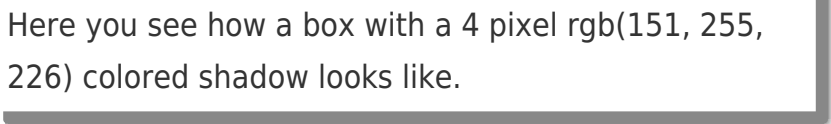
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 255, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 255, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 255, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 255, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 255, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 255, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288151522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 255, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
255, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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