

# Converting Colors

Android(4288181028)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288181028) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4288181028)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	987324
RGB	152, 115, 36
RGB Percent	60%, 45%, 14%
CMY	0.4039, 0.5490, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.76, 0.40
HSL	41°, 62%, 37%
HSV	41°, 76%, 60%
XYZ	19.3981, 19.0642, 4.3264
YIQ	117.0570, 47.4110, -16.7250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

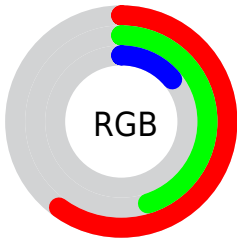
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	90, 152, 36
Decimal	9990948
CIELab	50.76, 6.61, 46.86
CIElCh	51, 47.324, 81.968
Yxy	19.0642, 0.4533, 0.4455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288181028 (0xFF987324)
YUV	117.0570, -39.9611, 30.6450
Hunter-Lab	43.6626, 2.8929, 24.6889

# Details

The Android color **4288181028** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4280568216**, and the grayscale version is **4285887861**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4291995478**, and **4284564224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288179733**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288182323**.

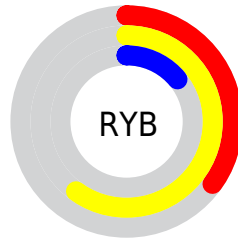
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (45%)

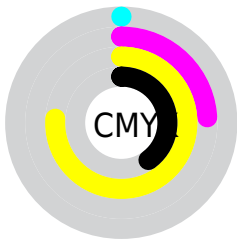
Blue (14%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (14%)

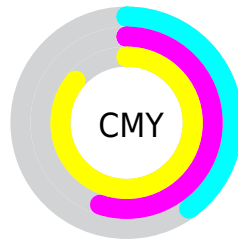


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288181028 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288181028 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288181028



4288181028

4294967295



4286339846



4291995478



4284564224



4293902960



4282789120



4294958730



4281145600



4294965925



4279435264



4294967233



4278190080



4294967261



4294967290



4288181028



4288181028

■ 4288179733

■ 4288182323

■ 4288178438

■ 4288183618

■ 4288178176

■ 4288184914

■ 4288185953

■ 4288187248

■ 4288188543

■ 4288189838

■ 4288191134

■ 4288192429

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290077498



4288181028



4285693992

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288181028



4278226070



4288701099

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288181028



4280568216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284969924



4288181028



4278225336

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288181028



4278226028



4278223305



4290598277

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288181028



4283663930



4278223305



4287653813



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288181028



4291081879



4288160843



4284701512



4293125091



4284703587



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288181028



4291070736



4286945316



4283255365



4287389696



4279044352



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280568216



4279257540



4281803928



4282730317



4278201740

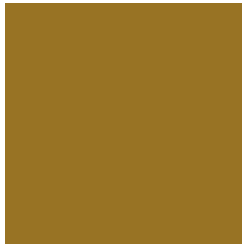


4278191117



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288181028 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

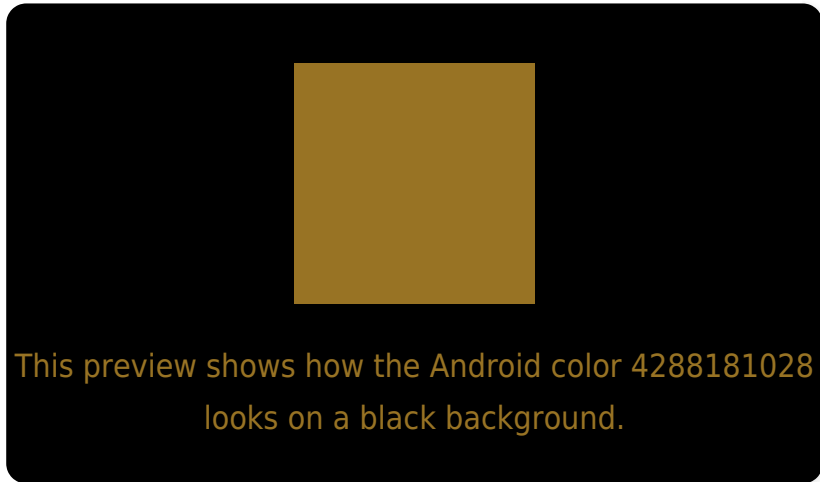
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288181028 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288181028.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288181028.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4288181028

**Protanopia**

4287133990

**Deuteranopia**

4288181028



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288181028

**Protanomaly**  
4287526693

**Deuteranomaly**  
4288181028

**Tritanomaly**  
4288376407

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288181028

**Achromatopsia**  
4285887861

**Achromatomaly**  
4286739544

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288181028 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 115, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 115, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 115, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 115, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288181028 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 115, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 115, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 115, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 115, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 115, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 115,  
36) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288181028 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 115, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
115, 36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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