

# Converting Colors

Android(4288294775)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288294775) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4288294775)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9A2F77
RGB	154, 47, 119
RGB Percent	60%, 18%, 47%
CMY	0.3961, 0.8157, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.23, 0.40
HSL	320°, 53%, 39%
HSV	320°, 69%, 60%
XYZ	17.6727, 10.2350, 18.4969
YIQ	87.2010, 40.6600, 45.0760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

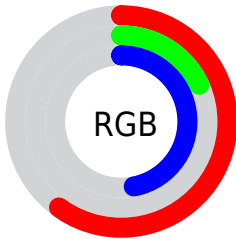
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	154, 47, 119
Decimal	10104695
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.26, 51.50, -17.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 54.299, 341.517
Yxy	10.2350, 0.3808, 0.2206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288294775 (0xFF9A2F77)
YUV	87.2010, 15.6769, 58.5827
Hunter-Lab	31.9921, 42.6186, -11.8851

# Details

The Android color **4288294775** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **4281309778**, and the grayscale version is **4283914071**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292044203**, and **4284678214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288290930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288298620**.

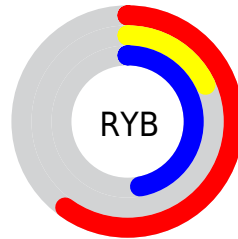
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (18%)

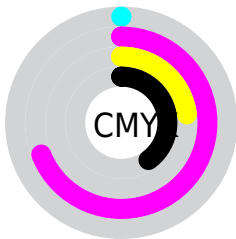
Blue (47%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (47%)

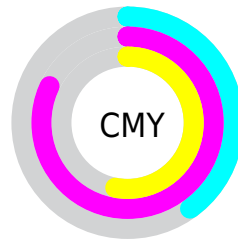


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288294775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288294775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4288294775

4288294775

4294967295

4286451038

4292044203

4284678214

4294017479

4282908720

4294941923

4281401371

4294949119

4278321152

4294956543

4278190080

4294963967

4288294775

4288294775

4288290930

4288298620

■ 4288286829

■ 4288302721

■ 4288282984

■ 4288306566

■ 4288282728

■ 4288310667

■ 4288314512

■ 4288318357

■ 4288322458

■ 4288326303

■ 4288330404

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285548189



4288294775



4289144907

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288294775



4284374272



4278217876

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288294775



4281309778

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278218346



4288294775



4280968972

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288294775



4286795264



4278217788



4278216622

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288294775



4288885295



4278217788



4278218119



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288294775



4291403708



4283510682



4284894558



4293322470



4284900966



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288294775



4291371667



4288294723



4283254090



4287365214



4279042057



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288294775



4291371667



4281309830



4283254090



4287365214



4279042057



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288294775 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

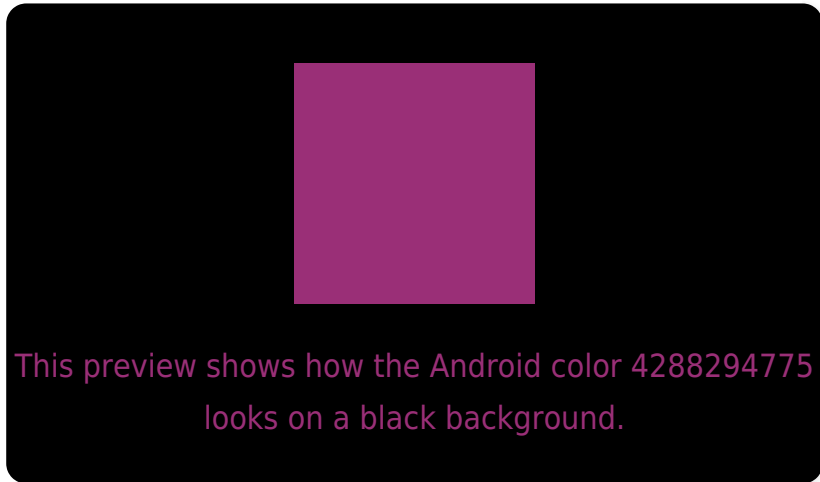
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

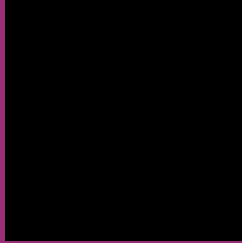
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288294775 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288294775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288294775.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4288294775

**Protanomaly**

4284566156

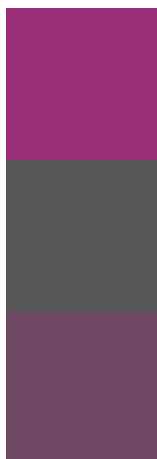
**Deuteranomaly**

4285614707

**Tritanomaly**

4288100693

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4288294775

**Achromatopsia**

4283914071

**Achromatomaly**

4285483107

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288294775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 47, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 47, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 47, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 47, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288294775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 47, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 47, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 47, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 47, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 47, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 47,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288294775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 47, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 47,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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