

# Converting Colors

Android(4288496871)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288496871) contains.

<b>Android(4288496871)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4288496871)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D44E7
RGB	157, 68, 231
RGB Percent	62%, 27%, 91%
CMY	0.3843, 0.7333, 0.0941
CMYK	0.32, 0.71, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	273°, 77%, 59%
HSV	273°, 71%, 91%
XYZ	30.3956, 17.0719, 77.2945
YIQ	113.1930, 0.7210, 69.5610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

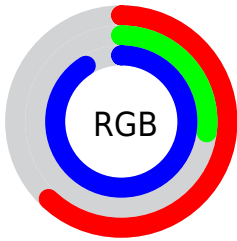
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	157, 68, 231
Decimal	10306791
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.35, 64.55, -67.46
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 93.370, 313.735
Yxy	17.0719, 0.2436, 0.1368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288496871 (0xFF9D44E7)
YUV	113.1930, 58.0789, 38.4187
Hunter-Lab	41.3181, 59.0063, -81.9921

# Details

The Android color `4288496871` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9933CC`. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be `4287555396`, and the grayscale version is `4285624689`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4292377599`, and `4284678318` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4287835623`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289158119`.

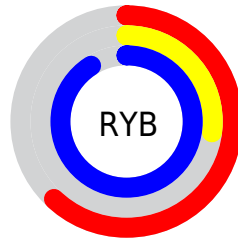
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (27%)

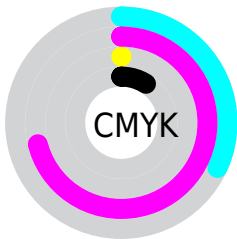
Blue (91%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (91%)

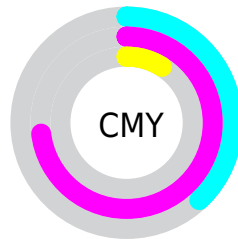


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288496871 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288496871 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4288496871

 4288496871

4294967295

 4286588874

 4292377599

 4284678318

 4294350847

 4282712211

 4294947839

 4280483960

 4294955007

 4278190175

 4294962431

 4278190150

 4278191150

 4278190361

 4278190080

■ 4288496871

■ 4288496871

■ 4287835623

■ 4289158119

■ 4287108839

■ 4289884903

■ 4286447847

■ 4290546151

■ 4291272935

■ 4291934439

■ 4292661223

■ 4293322471

■ 4294049255

■ 4294705127

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278219519



4288496871



4293197985

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288496871



4289683200



4278227607

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288496871



4287555396

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278226755



4288496871



4285233920

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288496871



4292814080



4278225152



4278227424

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288496871



4294246509



4278225152



4278227323



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288496871



4293380607



4282683623



4285620352



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288496871



4288489215



4293346530



4285425523



4284547251



4280025139



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293346446



4294911625



4282705737



4285753196



4289921105

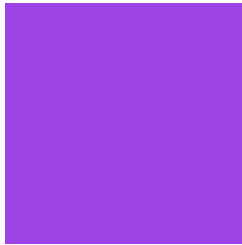


4281532439



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288496871 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

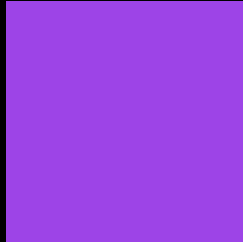
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288496871 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288496871 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288496871.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288496871.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4287130483

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4288496871



**Protanomaly**

4281950185



**Deuteranomaly**

4281951190



**Tritanomaly**

4287651229

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4288496871



**Achromatopsia**

4285624689



**Achromatomaly**

4286669212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288496871 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 68, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 68, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 68, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 68, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288496871 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

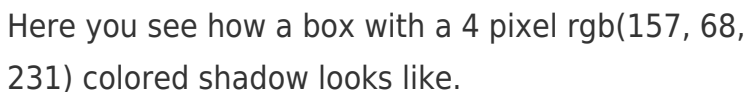
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 68, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 68, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 68, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 68, 231); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 68, 231); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 68, 231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288496871 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 68, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 68,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor