

# Converting Colors

Android(4288507183)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288507183) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4288507183)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9D6D2F
RGB	157, 109, 47
RGB Percent	62%, 43%, 18%
CMY	0.3843, 0.5725, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.70, 0.38
HSL	34°, 54%, 40%
HSV	34°, 70%, 62%
XYZ	19.8864, 18.3106, 5.1755
YIQ	116.2840, 48.5100, -9.1060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

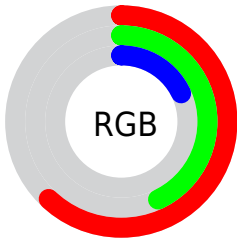
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	132, 157, 47
Decimal	10317103
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.87, 12.91, 41.12
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 43.100, 72.577
Yxy	18.3106, 0.4585, 0.4222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288507183 (0xFF9D6D2F)
YUV	116.2840, -34.1570, 35.7079
Hunter-Lab	42.7909, 8.0708, 22.7826

# Details

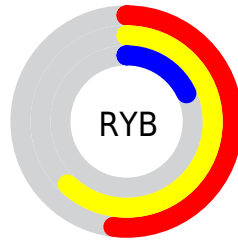
The Android color **4288507183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **4281294749**, and the grayscale version is **4285887861**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292321376**, and **4284890624** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288505375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288508991**.

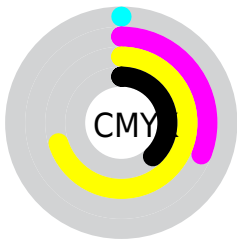
# Distribution



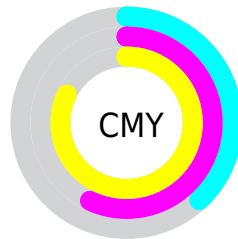
- Red (62%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288507183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288507183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288507183



4288507183

4294967295



4286666007



4292321376



4284890624



4294294394



4283115520



4294956948



4281406208



4294964399



4279828481



4294967243



4278190080



4294967271



4288507183



4288507183



4288505375



4288508991

■ 4288503568

■ 4288510798

■ 4288501760

■ 4288512606

■ 4288514158

■ 4288515966

■ 4288517773

■ 4288519581

■ 4288521389

■ 4288523196

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289945415



4288507183



4286413355

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288507183



4278225285



4287457197

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288507183



4281294749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283594174



4288507183



4278224807

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288507183



4278683487



4278223292



4289682061

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288507183



4284710966



4278223292



4286409909



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288507183



4291606945



4288491360



4284898125



4293322470



4284900966



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288507183



4291592481



4288191791



4283386951



4287582208



4279175424



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281294749



4280380364



4281675677



4282862415



4278206095



4278191887



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288507183 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

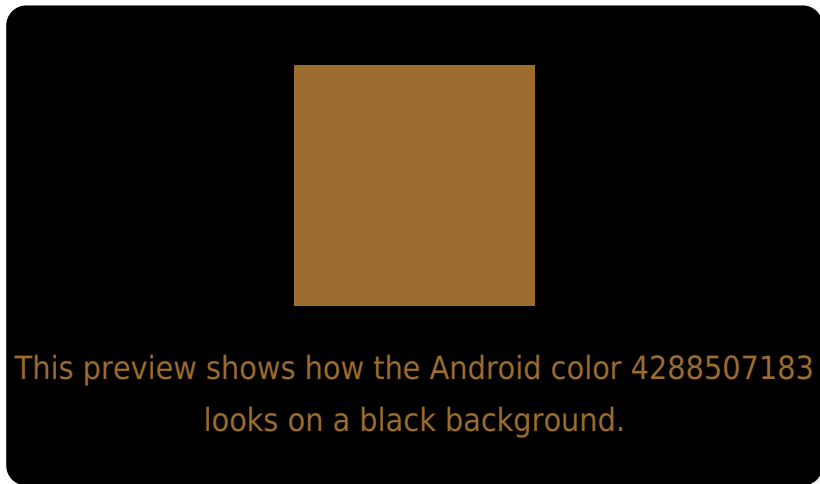
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288507183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288507183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288507183.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288507183

**Protanopia**  
4286871346

**Deuteranopia**  
4287918382



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4288507183

**Protanomaly**

4287460145

**Deuteranomaly**

4288114734

**Tritanomaly**

4288702807

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4288507183

**Achromatopsia**

4285822068

**Achromatomaly**

4286804315

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288507183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 109, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 109, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 109, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 109, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288507183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 109, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 109, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 109, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 109, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 109, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 109,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288507183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 109, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
109, 47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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