

# Converting Colors

Android(4288519916)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288519916) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4288519916)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D9EEC
RGB	157, 158, 236
RGB Percent	62%, 62%, 93%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3804, 0.0745
CMYK	0.33, 0.33, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	239°, 68%, 77%
HSV	239°, 33%, 93%
XYZ	41.2718, 37.6779, 84.4542
YIQ	166.5930, -25.6340, 24.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

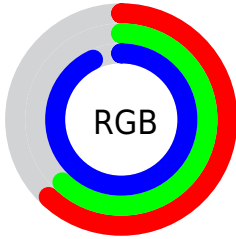
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">157, 158, 236</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10329836</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.78, 17.49, -39.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 43.024, 293.990</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.6779, 0.2526, 0.2306</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288519916 (0xFF9D9EEC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.5930, 34.2177, -8.4131</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.3824, 12.5993, -38.6077</a>

# Details

The Android color `4288519916` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `9999FF`. A complement of this color would be `4293716893`, and the grayscale version is `4289111718`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4292204031`, and `4284967860` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4286941164`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290098668`.

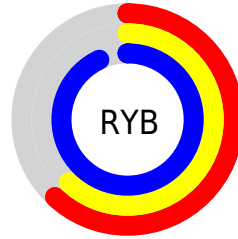
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (62%)

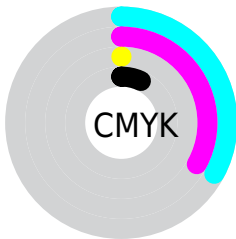
Blue (93%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (93%)

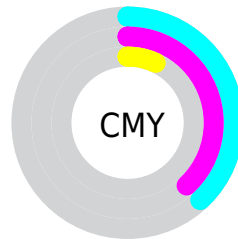


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288519916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288519916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4288519916

 4288519916

4294967295

 4286743760

 4292204031

 4284967860

 4294177279

 4283192217

 4281416830

 4279379557

 4278195021

 4278190133

 4278190623

 4278190082

■ 4288519916

■ 4288519916

■ 4286941164

■ 4290098668

■ 4285427692

■ 4291612140

■ 4283848940

■ 4293190892

■ 4282335724

■ 4294704108

■ 4280756716

■ 4294967276

■ 4279177964

■ 4278191084

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283870194



4288519916



4291727571

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288519916



4292973160



4281383324

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288519916



4293716893

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285576566



4288519916



4291076183

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288519916



4293888136



4288588892



4278237635

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288519916



4293101756



4288588892



4283086990



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288519916



4293322495



4288539883



4285558912



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288519916



4288256767



4291010028



4285164149



4278190773



4278190390



# Inverse Universe

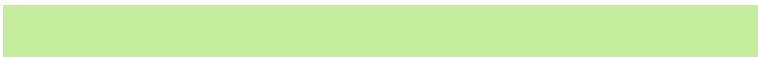
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293696926



4294941082



4291226781



4285885034



4290052098

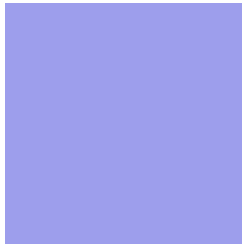


4281729025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288519916 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

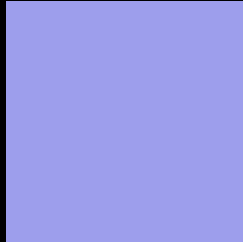
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288519916 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

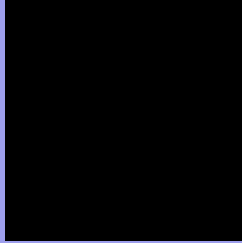
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288519916 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288519916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288519916.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288519916

**Protanomaly**  
4287799791

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287799787

**Tritanomaly**  
4287997386

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288519916

**Achromatopsia**  
4289177511

**Achromatomaly**  
4288914624

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288519916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 158, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 158, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 158, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 158, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288519916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 158, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 158, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 158, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 158, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 158, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 158,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288519916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 158, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
158, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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